Package 'BinaryDosage'

September 17, 2019

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Title Creates, Merges, and Reads Binary Dosage Files	
Version 0.0.0.9000	
Description Tools to create binary dosage from either vcf or gen files, merge binary dosage files, and read binary dosage files.	
License GPL-3	
Encoding UTF-8	
LazyData true	
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 2.1.0)	
VignetteBuilder knitr	
RoxygenNote 6.1.1	
LinkingTo Rcpp	
Imports Rcpp, digest, prodlim	
R topics documented:	
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bdapply

Apply a function to each SNP in a binary dosage file

Description

A routine that reads in the SNP data serially from a binary dosage file and applies a user specified function to the data.

Usage

```
bdapply(bdinfo, func, ...)
```

Arguments

bdinfo List with information about the binary dosage file returned from getbdinfo

A user supplied function to apply to the data for each snp. The function must be provide with the following paramters, dosage, p0, p1, and p2, where dosage is the dosage values for each subject and p0, p1, and p2 are the probabilities that a

subject has zero, one, and two copies of the alternate allele, respectively.

... Additional parameters needed by the user supplied function

Value

A list with length equal to the number of SNPs in the binary dosage file. Each element of the list is the value returned by the user supplied function

Examples

bdmerge

Merge binary dosage files together

Description

Routine to merge binary dosage files together. The files don't have to be in the same format. They will be merged into a file with the format specified. Information about the SNPs, aaf, maf, avgCall, rsq, can be maintaned for each file, or recalculated for the merged set.

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Usage

```
bdmerge(mergefiles, format = 4, subformat = 0L, bdfiles,
  famfiles = character(), mapfiles = character(), onegroup = TRUE,
  bdoptions = character(), snpjoin = "inner")
```

Arguments

mergefiles Vector of file names for the merged binary files. The first is the binary dosage

data containing the dosages and genetic probabilities. The second file name is the family information file. The thrid file name is the SNP information file. The family and SNP information files are not used if the binary dosage file is in format 4. For this format the family and SNP information are in the file with the

dosages and genetic probabilites.

format The format of the output binary dosage file. Allowed values are 1, 2, 3, and 4.

The default value is 4. Using the default value is recommended.

subformat of the format of the output binary dosage file. A value of 1 or

3 indicates that only the dosage value is saved. A value of 2 or 4 indicates the dosage and genetic probabilities will be output. Values of 3 or 4 are only allowed with formats 3 and 4. If a value of zero if provided, and genetic probabilities are in the vcf file, subformat 2 will be used for formats 1 and 2, and subformat 4 will be used for formats 3 and 4. If the vcf file does not contain genetic probabilities, subformat 1 will be used for formats 1 and 2, and subformat 3 will be used for

formats 3 and 4. The default value is 0.

bdfiles Vector of binary dosage file names to be merged.

famfiles Vector of family file names that correspond to the names in bdfiles. If the binary

dosage files are all in format 4, this may be an empty character array. Default

value is character().

mapfiles Vector of map file names that correspond to the names in bdfiles. If the binary

dosage files are all in format 4, this may be an empty character array. Default

value is character().

onegroup Indicator to combine all the samples in one group. If this is FALSE, the groups

in each binary dosage file are maintained and any binary dosage file with one

group is made into its own group. Default value is TRUE.

bdoptions Options indicating what information to calculate and store for each SNP. These

can be aaf, maf, and rsq. This option is only available if format is equal to 4 and

onegroup is TRUE. Default value is character().

snpjoin Character value that can be either "inner" or "outer". This indicates whether to

do an inner or outer join of the SNPs in each binary dosage file. Default value is

"inner".

BinaryDosage:::bdmerge(mergefiles = mergefiles,

Value

None

```
bdvcf1afile <- system.file("extdata", "vcf1a.bdose", package = "BinaryDosage")
bdvcf1bfile <- system.file("extdata", "vcf1b.bdose", package = "BinaryDosage")
mergefiles <- tempfile()</pre>
```

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genapply

Apply a function to each SNP in a gen, impute2, file

Description

A routine that reads in the SNP data serially from a gen file and applies a user specified function to the data.

Usage

```
genapply(geninfo, func, ...)
```

Arguments

geninfo List with information about the gen, impute2, file returned from getgeninfo

func A user supplied function to apply to the data for each snp. The function must be

provide with the following paramters, dosage, p0, p1, and p2, where dosage is the dosage values for each subject and p0, p1, and p2 are the probabilities that a

subject has zero, one, and two copies of the alternate allele, respectively.

. . . Additional parameters needed by the user supplied function

Value

A list with length equal to the number of SNPs in the vcf file. Each element of the list is the value returned by the user supplied function

gentobd 5

gentobd Convert a gen file to a binary dosage file
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Description

Routine to read information from a gen file and create a binary dosage file. Note: This routine can take a long time to run if the gen file is large.

Usage

```
gentobd(genfiles, snpcolumns = 1L:5L, startcolumn = 6L,
  impformat = 3L, chromosome = character(), header = FALSE,
  gz = FALSE, sep = "\t", bdfiles, format = 4L, subformat = 0L,
  snpidformat = 0L, bdoptions = character(0))
```

Arguments

genfiles A vector of file names. The first is the name of the gen file. The second is name

of the sample file that contains the subject information.

snpcolumns Column numbers containing chromosome, snpid, location, reference allele, al-

ternate allele, respectively. This must be an integer vector. All values must be positive except for the chromosome. The value for the chromosome may be -1 or -0. -1 indicates that the chromosome value is passed to the routine using the chromosome parameter. 0 indicates that the chromosome value is in the snpid and that the snpid has the format <chromosome>:<other data>. Default value is

c(1L, 2L, 3L, 4L, 5L).

startcolumn Column number of first column with genetic probabilities or dosages. Must be

an integer value. Default value is 6L.

impformat Number of genetic data values per subject. 1 indicates dosage only, 2 indicates

P(g=0) and P(g=1) only, 3 indicates P(g=0), P(g=1), and P(g=2). Default value

is 3L.

chromosome Chromosome value to use if the first value of the snpcolumns is equal to 0.

Default value is character().

header Indicator if the gen file has a header containing column names and family and

subject IDs. Default value is FALSE.

gz Indicator if file is compressed using gzip. Default value is FALSE.

sep Seperator used in the gen file. Default value is "\t"

bdfiles Vector of names of the output files. The binary dosage file name is first. The

family and map files follow. For format 4, no family and map file names are

needed.

format The format of the output binary dosage file. Allowed values are 1, 2, 3, and 4.

The default value is 4. Using the default value is recommended.

subformat of the format of the output binary dosage file. A value of 1 or

3 indicates that only the dosage value is saved. A value of 2 or 4 indicates the dosage and genetic probabilities will be output. Values of 3 or 4 are only allowed with formats 3 and 4. If a value of zero if provided, and genetic probabilities are in the vcf file, subformat 2 will be used for formats 1 and 2, and subformat 4 will be used for formats 3 and 4. If the vcf file does not contain genetic probabilities,

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subformat 1 will be used for formats 1 and 2, and subformat 3 will be used for

formats 3 and 4. The default value is 0.

snpidformat The format that the SNP ID will be saved as. 0 - same as in the VCF file 1 -

<chromosome>:<location> 2 - <chromosome>:<location>:<reference allele>:<alternate</pre>

allele> If snpidformat is 1 and the VCF file uses format 2, an error is generated.

Default value is 0.

bdoptions Character array containg any of the following value, "aaf", "maf", "rsq". The

presence of any of these values indicates that the specified values should be calculates and stored in the bdosage file. These values only apply to format 4.

Value

None

Examples

getbdinfo

Get information about a binary dosage file

Description

Routine to return information about a binary dosage file. This information is used by other routines to allow for quicker extraction of values from the file.

Usage

```
getbdinfo(bdfiles)
```

Arguments

bdfiles

Vector of file names. The first is the binary dosage data containing the dosages and genetic probabilites. The second file name is the family information file. The thrid file name is the SNP information file. The family and SNP information files are not used if the binary dosage file is in format 4. For this format the family and SNP information are in the file with the dosages and genetic probabilites.

Value

List with information about the binary dosage file. This includes family and subject IDs along with a list of the SNPs in the file. Other information needed to read the file is also included.

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Examples

```
vcf1abdfile <- system.file("extdata", "vcf1a.bdose", package = "BinaryDosage")
bdinfo <- getbdinfo(bdfiles = vcf1abdfile)</pre>
```

getgeninfo

Get information about a gen, impute2, file

Description

Routine to return information about a gen file. This information is used by other routines to allow for quicker extraction of values from the file.

Usage

```
getgeninfo(genfiles, snpcolumns = 1L:5L, startcolumn = 6L,
  impformat = 3L, chromosome = character(), header = FALSE,
  gz = FALSE, index = TRUE, snpidformat = 0L, sep = "\t")
```

Arguments

genfiles	A vector of file names.	The first is the name of	of the gen file.	The second is name
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of the sample file that contains the subject information.

snpcolumns Column numbers containing chromosome, snpid, location, reference allele, al-

ternate allele, respectively. This must be an integer vector. All values must be positive except for the chromosome. The value for the chromosome may be -1 or -0. -1 indicates that the chromosome value is passed to the routine using the chromosome parameter. 0 indicates that the chromosome value is in the snpid and that the snpid has the format <chromosome>:<other data>. Default value is

c(1L, 2L, 3L, 4L, 5L).

startcolumn Column number of first column with genetic probabilities or dosages. Must be

an integer value. Default value is 6L.

impformat Number of genetic data values per subject. 1 indicates dosage only, 2 indicates

P(g=0) and P(g=1) only, 3 indicates P(g=0), P(g=1), and P(g=2). Default value

is 3L.

chromosome Chromosome value to use if the first value of the snpcolumns is equal to 0.

Default value is character().

header Indicator if the gen file has a header containing column names and family and

subject IDs. Default value is FALSE.

gz Indicator if file is compressed using gzip. Default value is FALSE.

index Indicator if file should be indexed. This allows for faster reading of the file.

Indexing a gzipped file is not supported. Default value is TRUE.

snpidformat Format to change the snpid to. 0 indicates to use the snpid format in the file. 1

indicates to change the snpid into CHR:LOC, 2 indicates to change the snpid into CHR:LOC:REF:ALT, 3 indicates to change the snpid into CHR:LOC_REF_ALT, where CHR is the chromosome number, LOC is the location in bp, REF is the

reference allele, and ALT is the alternate allele. Default value is 0.

sep Seperator used in the gen file. Default value is "\t"

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Value

List with information about the gen file. This includes family and subject IDs along with a list of the SNPs in the file. Other information needed to read the file is also included.

Examples

getsnp

Read SNP data from a binary dosage file

Description

Routine to read the dosage and genetic probabilites about a SNP from a binary dosage file

Usage

```
getsnp(bdinfo, snp, dosageonly = TRUE)
```

Arguments

bdinfo	Information about a binary dosage file return from getbdinfo
snp	The SNP to read the information about. This may be the SNP ID or the index of the SNP in the snps dataset in the bdinfo list
dosageonly	Indicator to return the dosages only or the dosages allowing with the genetic probabilities. Default value is TRUE

Value

A list with either the dosages or the dosages and the genetic probabilites.

```
# Get the information about the file
vcf1abdfile <- system.file("extdata", "vcf1a.bdose", package = "BinaryDosage")
bdinfo <- getbdinfo(bdfiles = vcf1abdfile)

# Read the first SNP
getsnp(bdinfo, 1, FALSE)</pre>
```

getvcfinfo 9

Description

Routine to return information about a vcf file. This information is used by other routines to allow for quicker extraction of values from the file.

Usage

```
getvcfinfo(vcffiles, gz = FALSE, index = TRUE, snpidformat = 0L)
```

Arguments

vcffiles A vector of file names. The first is the name of the vcf file. The second is name

of the file that contains information about the imputation of the SNPs. This file

is produced by minimac 3 and 4.

gz Indicator if VCF file is compressed using gzip. Default value is FALSE.

index Indicator if file should be indexed. This allows for faster reading of the file.

Indexing a gzipped file is not supported. Default value is TRUE.

snpidformat The format that the SNP ID will be saved as. 0 - same as in the VCF file 1 -

<chromosome>:<location> 2 - <chromosome>:<location>:<reference allele>:<alternate</pre>

allele> If snpidformat is 1 and the VCF file uses format 2, an error is generated.

Default value is 0.

Value

List containing information about the VCF file to include file name, subject IDs, and information about the SNPs. Indices for faster reading will be included if index is set to TRUE

Examples

```
# Get file names of th vcf and infromation file
vcf1afile <- system.file("extdata", "set1a.vcf", package = "BinaryDosage")
vcf1ainfo <- system.file("extdata", "set1a.info", package = "BinaryDosage")
# Get the information about the vcf file
vcf1ainfo <- getvcfinfo(vcffiles = c(vcf1afile, vcf1ainfo))</pre>
```

vcfapply

Apply a function to each SNP in a vcf file

Description

A routine that reads in the SNP data serially from a vcf file and applies a user specified function to the data.

Usage

```
vcfapply(vcfinfo, func, ...)
```

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Arguments

vcfinfo List with information about the vcf file returned from getvcfinfo

func A user supplied function to apply to the data for each snp. The function must be

provide with the following paramters, dosage, p0, p1, and p2, where dosage is the dosage values for each subject and p0, p1, and p2 are the probabilities that a subject has zero, one, and two copies of the alternate allele, respectively.

subject has zero, one, and two copies of the afternate affect, response

... Additional parameters needed by the user supplied function

Value

A list with length equal to the number of SNPs in the vcf file. Each element of the list is the value returned by the user supplied function

Examples

vcftobd

Convert a VCF file to a binary dosage file

Description

Routine to read information from a VCF file and create a binary dosage file. The function is designed to use files return from the Michigan Imputation Server but will run on other VCF files if they contain dosage and genetic probabilities. Note: This routine can take a long time to run if the VCF file is large.

Usage

```
vcftobd(vcffiles, gz = FALSE, bdfiles, format = 4L, subformat = 0L,
    snpidformat = 0, bdoptions = character(0))
```

Arguments

vcffiles	A vector of file names	The first is the name of the v	of file. The second is name
VCIIIICO	A vector of file flames.	The first is the manie of the v	ci ilic. The second is manie

of the file that contains information about the imputation of the SNPs. This file

is produced by minimac 3 and 4.

gz Indicator if VCF file is compressed using gzip. Default value is FALSE.

bdfiles Vector of names of the output files. The binary dosage file name is first. The

family and map files follow. For format 4, no family and map file names are

needed.

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format The format of the output binary dosage file. Allowed values are 1, 2, 3, and 4.

The default value is 4. Using the default value is recommended.

subformat The subsubformat of the format of the output binary dosage file. A value of 1 or

3 indicates that only the dosage value is saved. A value of 2 or 4 indicates the dosage and genetic probabilities will be output. Values of 3 or 4 are only allowed with formats 3 and 4. If a value of zero if provided, and genetic probabilities are in the vcf file, subformat 2 will be used for formats 1 and 2, and subformat 4 will be used for formats 3 and 4. If the vcf file does not contain genetic probabilities, subformat 1 will be used for formats 1 and 2, and subformat 3 will be used for

formats 3 and 4. The default value is 0.

snpidformat The format that the SNP ID will be saved as. 0 - same as in the VCF file 1 -

<chromosome>:<location> 2 - <chromosome>:<location>:<reference allele>:<alternate</pre>

allele> If snpidformat is 1 and the VCF file uses format 2, an error is generated.

Default value is 0.

bdoptions Character array containg any of the following value, "aaf", "maf", "rsq". The

presence of any of these values indicates that the specified values should be calculates and stored in the bdosage file. These values only apply to format 4.

Value

None

```
# Find the vcf file names
vcf1afile <- system.file("extdata", "set1a.vcf", package = "BinaryDosage")
vcf1ainfo <- system.file("extdata", "set1a.info", package = "BinaryDosage")
bdfiles <- tempfile()
# Convert the file
vcftobd(vcffiles = c(vcf1afile, vcf1ainfo), bdfiles = bdfiles)
# Verify the file was written correctly
bdinfo <- getbdinfo(bdfiles)</pre>
```

Index

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