

## 附录 A 关于本论文模板的相关说明

此论文仅作模板示例用，有关内容的正确与否不做研究，参考文献引用部分也仅做演示用，请勿引用或直接抄录模板里的示例内容！否则后果自负。

本科毕业论文规范见厦门大学教务处文件：

<https://jwc.xmu.edu.cn/2016/0506/c2160a173611/page.htm>。

本论文模板编写参考书籍：《LaTeX 入门》（刘海洋著）。

## 附录 B 附录代码示例

注意！代码中最好不要出现中文（包括注释），如果确实需要的，请自行搜索如何兼容中文。示例：

模型训练的代码如下：

```

1  """
2  File: train.py
3  Author: San Zhang
4  Date: 2022-04-12
5  Description: Use the MindSpore framework to train a ResNet50-based cat and
6  dog classification neural network model.
7  """
8
9  import os
10 import stat
11 import numpy as np
12 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
13 import mindspore.nn as nn
14 import mindspore.dataset as ds
15 import mindspore.dataset.vision.c_transforms as CV
16 import mindspore.dataset.transforms.c_transforms as C
17 from mindspore import dtype as mstype
18 from mindspore.train.callback import TimeMonitor, Callback
19 from mindspore import Model, Tensor, context, save_checkpoint, \
20     load_checkpoint, load_param_into_net
21 from resnet import resnet50
22
23 # Set use CPU/GPU/Ascend
24 context.set_context(mode=context.GRAPH_MODE, device_target="CPU")
25
26 # Set data path
27 train_data_path = 'dataset/train'
28 val_data_path = 'dataset/val'
29
30
31 def create_dataset(data_path, batch_size=100, repeat_num=1):
32     data_set = ds.ImageFolderDataset(data_path, num_parallel_workers=2,
33                                     shuffle=True)
34
35     image_size = [224, 224]
36     mean = [0.485 * 255, 0.456 * 255, 0.406 * 255]
37     std = [0.229 * 255, 0.224 * 255, 0.225 * 255]
38     trans = [
39         CV.Decode(),
40         CV.Resize(image_size),
41         CV.Normalize(mean=mean, std=std),
42         CV.HWC2CHW()
43     ]

```

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44
45     type_cast_op = C.TypeCast(mstype.int32)
46     data_set = data_set.map(operations=trans, input_columns="image",
47                             num_parallel_workers=2)
48     data_set = data_set.map(operations=type_cast_op, input_columns="label",
49                             num_parallel_workers=2)
50     data_set = data_set.batch(batch_size, drop_remainder=True)
51     data_set = data_set.repeat(repeat_num)
52
53     return data_set
54
55
56 train_ds = create_dataset(train_data_path)
57
58
59 def apply_eval(eval_param):
60     eval_model = eval_param['model']
61     eval_ds = eval_param['dataset']
62     metrics_name = eval_param['metrics_name']
63     res = eval_model.eval(eval_ds)
64     return res[metrics_name]
65
66
67 class EvalCallBack(Callback):
68
69     def __init__(self, eval_function, eval_param_dict, interval=1,
70                 eval_start_epoch=1, save_best_ckpt=True,
71                 ckpt_directory=".", besk_ckpt_name="best.ckpt",
72                 metrics_name="acc"):
73         super(EvalCallBack, self).__init__()
74         self.eval_param_dict = eval_param_dict
75         self.eval_function = eval_function
76         self.eval_start_epoch = eval_start_epoch
77         if interval < 1:
78             raise ValueError("interval should >= 1.")
79         self.interval = interval
80         self.save_best_ckpt = save_best_ckpt
81         self.best_res = 0
82         self.best_epoch = 0
83         if not os.path.isdir(ckpt_directory):
84             os.makedirs(ckpt_directory)
85         self.best_ckpt_path = os.path.join(ckpt_directory,
86                                             besk_ckpt_name)
87         self.metrics_name = metrics_name
88
89     def remove_checkpoint_file(self, file_name):
90         os.chmod(file_name, stat.S_IWRITE)
91         os.remove(file_name)
92

```

```

93     def epoch_end(self, run_context):
94         cb_params = run_context.original_args()
95         cur_epoch = cb_params.cur_epoch_num
96         loss_epoch = cb_params.net_outputs
97         if cur_epoch >= self.eval_start_epoch and \
98             (cur_epoch - self.eval_start_epoch) % self.interval == 0:
99             res = self.eval_function(self.eval_param_dict)
100             print('Epoch {}/{ {}'.format(cur_epoch, num_epochs))
101             print('-' * 10)
102             print('train Loss: {}'.format(loss_epoch))
103             print('val Acc: {}'.format(res))
104             if res >= self.best_res:
105                 self.best_res = res
106                 self.best_epoch = cur_epoch
107                 if self.save_best_ckpt:
108                     if os.path.exists(self.best_ckpt_path):
109                         self.remove_checkpoint_file(self.best_ckpt_path)
110                         save_checkpoint(cb_params.train_network,
111                                       self.best_ckpt_path)
112
113     def end(self, run_context):
114         print("End training, the best {0} is: {1}, "
115               "the best {0} epoch is {2}".format(self.metrics_name,
116                                                 self.best_res,
117                                                 self.best_epoch),
118               flush=True)
119
120
121     def visualize_model(best_ckpt_path, val_ds):
122         net = resnet50(2)
123         param_dict = load_checkpoint(best_ckpt_path)
124         load_param_into_net(net, param_dict)
125         loss = nn.SoftmaxCrossEntropyWithLogits(sparse=True, reduction='mean')
126         model = Model(net, loss, metrics={"Accuracy": nn.Accuracy()})
127         data = next(val_ds.create_dict_iterator())
128         images = data["image"].asnumpy()
129         labels = data["label"].asnumpy()
130         class_name = {0: "cat", 1: "dog"}
131         output = model.predict(Tensor(data['image']))
132         pred = np.argmax(output.asnumpy(), axis=1)
133
134         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
135         for i in range(24):
136             plt.subplot(3, 8, i+1)
137             color = 'blue' if pred[i] == labels[i] else 'red'
138             plt.title('pre:{}'.format(class_name[pred[i]]), color=color)
139             picture_show = np.transpose(images[i], (1, 2, 0))
140             picture_show = picture_show/np.amax(picture_show)
141             picture_show = np.clip(picture_show, 0, 1)

```

```
142         plt.imshow(picture_show)
143         plt.axis('off')
144     plt.show()
145
146
147     def filter_checkpoint_parameter_by_list(origin_dict, param_filter):
148         for key in list(origin_dict.keys()):
149             for name in param_filter:
150                 if name in key:
151                     print("Delete parameter from checkpoint: ", key)
152                     del origin_dict[key]
153                     break
154
155
156     # Define Network
157     net = resnet50(2)
158     num_epochs=5
159
160     # Define optimizer and loss function
161     opt = nn.Momentum(params=net.trainable_params(),
162                        learning_rate=0.1, momentum=0.9)
163     loss = nn.SoftmaxCrossEntropyWithLogits(sparse=True, reduction='mean')
164
165     # Instantiate model
166     model = Model(net, loss, opt, metrics={"Accuracy": nn.Accuracy()})
167
168     # Load traing dataset and evaluation dataset
169     train_ds = create_dataset(train_data_path)
170     val_ds = create_dataset(val_data_path)
171
172     # Instantiate the callback class
173     eval_param_dict = {"model": model, "dataset": val_ds,
174                       "metrics_name": "Accuracy"}
175     eval_cb = EvalCallBack(apply_eval, eval_param_dict,)
176
177     # Training model
178     model.train(num_epochs, train_ds,
179                callbacks=[eval_cb, TimeMonitor()], dataset_sink_mode=False)
180
181     visualize_model('best.ckpt', val_ds)
```