FYDP Project Specification

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Group #: 038

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Background

Many applications require a low-speed data link in rural areas for telemetry, data acquisition, or communications and control. The distances spanned may range anywhere from less than a kilometre up to 20 kilometres or more. In regions where no data infrastructure exists, it may be impractical or too costly to install landlines for these applications. Furthermore, many existing wireless data solutions would be unacceptable either due to insufficient range (802.11) or high cost (microwave, satellite, or specialized data links).

Relatively powerful VHF and UHF FM radios exist that can transmit voice-band audio signals in the range of 300 Hz – 3000 Hz over these distances [1]. Transmitter power typically varies anywhere between 1 W to 30 W and above.

By developing a low-cost data modem that can interface these radios to computers or other digital equipment, an economical wireless data link can be established for these applications. Using off-the-shelf radios provides additional flexibility, allowing the modem to be interfaced to different radios depending upon the particular application. Providing a standard asynchronous serial data interface on the modem allows for connection with embedded computers, PCs, smart sensors, or other equipment. Figure 1 illustrates a typical application of such a modem.

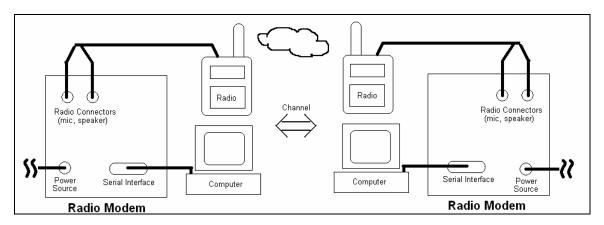


Figure 1 – System diagram of wireless data modem interfaced with radios and computers

Uses and Applications

User/Application	Background	Needs		
Scientific researchers	Has experiments located in remote areas	Remote data must be collected; control information must be sent		
Small weather stations	Unmanned data-logging weather stations	Weather data and measurements need to be recorded from stations		
Industrial control/monitoring	Remote field processes/automation	Monitoring and control data must be exchanged with process at distance		

Functional Requirements

Priority	Name	Measure	Description	
			Must work with audio	
MUST	Radio Interface	By design	interface of voice-band	
			radios	
			Modem output signals must	
MUST	Signal bandwidth	300 Hz - 3000 Hz	fit within audio bandwidth	
_			of radios	
			Must interface with other	
MUST	Serial interface	By design	equipment over a standard	
			RS-232 serial interface	
			Must provide transparent	
			operation through RS-232	
MUST	Transparent operation	By design	and behave similarly to	
			landline modems or null-	
			modem connections	
CHOIND		D 1 '	Should implement forward	
SHOULD Forward error correct		By design	error correction to reduce	
			error rate of received data	
	TT 10 1 1		Modem should be able to	
SHOULD	Half-duplex communication	By design	operate in a half-duplex	
			mode for two-way operation	
			over a single radio channel	
SHOTH D	Audio input lovala	-20 dBV – 0 dBV	Should tolerate reasonable	
SHOULD	Audio input levels	-20 aB v - 0 aB v	range of nominal input	
			signal amplitudes Should be capable of	
SHOULD	Audio output lovals	-20 dBV - 0 dBV	Should be capable of producing reasonable range	
SHOULD	Audio output levels	into 600Ω	of output signal amplitudes	
			of output signal amplitudes	

Non-functional Requirements

Priority	Factor	Requirement
MUST	Size	PCB must be less than 25 cm in either
MUST	Size	direction
MUST	Weight	Less than 3.0 kg in weight
SHOULD	Power	Should not require over 6 VDC @ 800 mA
SHOULD	Doutobility	Should be small and light enough to be
SHOULD	Portability	portable

Performance Metrics

The data transfer rate and bit error rate are two metrics by which the final design will be evaluated. Below are the suggested *minimum* acceptable scores for this modem. These are significantly lower than the theoretical achievable limits for the given bandwidth (300 Hz – 3000 Hz) and signal-to-noise ratio [2]. Since many factors affect the final performance (modulation scheme, radio performance, etc.), these minimums are intended only as a reference at this stage. Significantly more accurate targets supported by measurements and additional research will be presented in the Block Verification deliverable.

Metric	Target Minimum	Description
Net data transfer rate	100 bits/second	Must transfer data at minimum rate over reasonable channels (15 dB SNR per bit)
Bit error rate	10-3	Must not exceed 1 bit error per 1000 bits over reasonable channel conditions (15 dB SNR per bit)

Unit Cost

Prototype (1-10)	Mass Production (100-1000)	
< \$300 CDN each	< \$150 CDN each	

Block Diagram

Figure 2 illustrates a simplified block diagram of the modem hardware, to be realized on a PCB. A highly integrated embedded DSP (Digital Signal Processor) will be used to execute the modem software. The DSP will be connected to an RS-232 interface for data transfer and to an audio CODEC interface for voice-band audio input and output. Figure 3 illustrates an initial architecture of the software modem blocks that will be executed on the DSP.

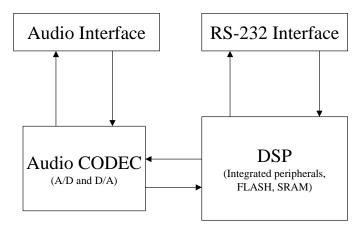


Figure 2 - Simplified hardware block diagram of modem

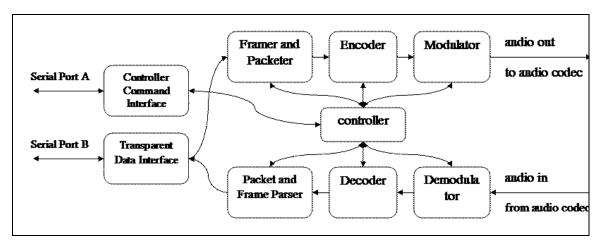


Figure 3 – Block diagram of modem software architecture

Risks

Level	Description	Response	
High	Hardware implementation	Demonstrate modem in	
Tilgii	non-functional	software simulation	
High	Interfacing to voice radios	Test interfaces early and	
Tiigii	problematic	choose appropriate radios	
	Modem has insufficient	Consult with advisor and	
Medium	performance for required	perform sufficient up-front	
	goals	research	
	Insufficient memory and	Choose embedded	
Medium	processing resources to	processor with plenty of	
Medium	implement required features	processing power and	
		memory to spare	
	Hardware prototypes cannot	Begin work on hardware	
Low	be produced in time for	prototypes immediately	
	demonstration		

Plan

The milestones below represent the different phases of the project. Associated with each milestone is a well defined deliverable that should be produced by the target completion date. Each milestone is broken down into different tasks that will be partitioned among the group members (as will be detailed in the logs). Time estimates are given for each task. While each milestone has a single target completion date, work for several milestones can proceed in parallel since there is a very clean division between the hardware, firmware, and software modem aspects of the design.

Significant work will have been completed on both hardware development and firmware development by the end of the 3B academic term (as per risk analysis) in order to ensure that the first two milestones can be met successfully.

Milestone	Deliverables	Target Completion Date	Estimated Man Hours
Hardware development	Functional hardware	9-May-05	
Schematic design			50
PCB layout			50
PCB assembly and testing			50
Firmware development	Functional firmware drivers	16-May-06	
Develop hardware interface drivers			50

Milestone	Deliverables	Target Completion Date	Estimated Man Hours	
Develop debug layer			20	
Test drivers and debug layer			10	
Research and Simulation	Block Verification	13-May-05		
Test and characterize radios			15	
Research modem architecture			20	
Simulate modem algorithms			50	
Software modem design	Detailed Design	3-Jun-05		
Compare alternatives and choose algorithms			10	
Design modem architecture (blocks)			25	
Partition block implementation			5	
Software modem implementation	Functional Software Modem	18-Jul-05		
Block development			100	
Block-level testing (in simulation)			25	
System-level testing (in simulation)			50	
Hardware-implementation testing (in hardware)			25	
Prototype testing checklist	Same	11-Jul-05	5	
Prototype demonstration	Same	25-Jul-05	5	
Experience report	Same	29-Jul-05	10	
Total project man hours			575	

Budget

NEED				TEAM FUND		
CATEGORY	ITEM	PRICE EA	QTY	UNIT	TOTAL	TOTAL
Prototype Material					\$973	\$973
	PCB	N/A	5	EA	\$300	\$300
	DSP	\$36	8	EA	\$292	\$292
	Parts for prototype boards (excluding DSPs)	\$160	4	sets	\$640	\$640
	1/8" 8"x8" aluminums grounding back plane	\$7	4	EA	\$28	\$28
	Power adapters	\$5	3	EA	\$14	\$14
	Portable radios	\$70	1	pair	\$70	\$70
Education Material					\$316	\$316
	"Wireless Digital Communications" text	\$64	4	EA	\$256	\$256
	Practice soldering kit	\$30	2	EA	\$60	\$60
Services					\$200	\$200
	Poster	\$200	1	EA	\$200	\$200
GRAND TOTAL					\$1,489	\$1,489

References

- [1] An example of one such radio is the Summation Research Inc. STR-1700. It provides an analogue audio interface to a UHF/VHF FM radio with power output as high as 35 W.
 - http://www.summationresearch.com/pages/products/pdf/STR-1700.pdf
- [2] McDermott, Tom, Wireless Digital Communications: Design and Theory, Tucson Amateur Packet Radio Corporation, 1998