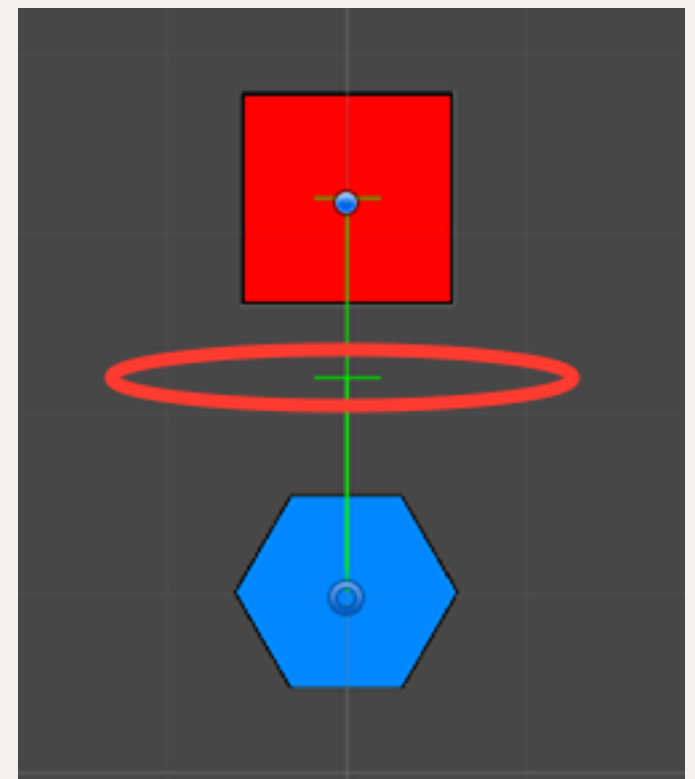


# PHYSICAL COMPUTING

## **WEEK 05: Events, Delegates and Messages**

# Distance Joint

The Connected Anchor parameter specifies the anchor point of the other end of the joint.



# Hinge Joint

You can use this joint to make two points overlap and act like a hinge

Those two points can be:

- \* Two Rigidbody2D components
- \* Rigidbody2D component and a fixed position in the world.

Use the Hinge Joint2D component to make this happen

The Connected Anchor parameter specifies the anchor point of the other end of the joint.

# Spring Joint

The Spring Joint 2D works in a similar way to distance joints.

Acts like a spring - many of the same features

<http://www.raywenderlich.com/87370/physics-joints-in-unity-2d>

# Delegates

Where as variables hold data, delegates hold functions.

You can add as many functions as you want to a delegate

In this way you can call one delegate and it can in turn call several functions

<https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/modules/intermediate/scripting/delegates>

# Events

Where as variables hold data, delegates hold functions.

You can add as many functions as you want to a delegate

In this way you can call one delegate and it can in turn call several functions

More powerful than delegates

<https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/modules/intermediate/scripting/events>

# Static

A variable that is a member of the class not the instance of the class

[https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/modules/intermediate/scripting/  
statics?playlist=17117](https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/modules/intermediate/scripting/statics?playlist=17117)

# Send Message

Let's you call a function in a script on an object

<http://docs.unity3d.com/ScriptReference/Component.SendMessage.html>