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## 1 作业内容概述

无

## 2 配置对应的docker 环境

### 1. docker run hello-world

管理员: 命令提示符

```
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.22000.1574]
(c) Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Windows\system32>docker run hello-world

Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:
1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub.
   (amd64)
3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the
   executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it
   to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with:
$ docker run -it ubuntu bash

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID:
https://hub.docker.com/

For more examples and ideas, visit:
https://docs.docker.com/get-started/

C:\Windows\system32>
```

### 2. docker images

```
C:\Windows\system32>docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
scucpphw_test_img	latest	b841d4e5506c	29 hours ago	1.3GB
hello-world	latest	feb5d9fea6a5	17 months ago	13.3kB

### 3. docker ps

```
C:\Windows\system32>docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
e199b59b582e	scucpphw_test_img:latest	"/bin/bash"	29 hours ago	Up 36 minutes	22/tcp	vigilant_villani

### 4. 使用docker exec -it /bin/bash 进入docker 后cd /ws/code/的截图

```
C:\Windows\system32>docker exec -it e199b59b582e /bin/bash
root@e199b59b582e:/# cd /ws/code
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code#
```

### 3 利用g++ 编译单文件

- 单步

1. 单步生成a.out可执行文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ test.cpp
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ls
a.out inefficiency.cpp other_test test.cpp
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3#
```

2. 执行a.out文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ./a.out
vector v after call to generate_n() with lambda: 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
x: 1 y: 1
vector v after 1st call to fillVector(): 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
vector v after 2nd call to fillVector(): 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
```

- 多步

1. 预处理Pre-processing, 生成.i 文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ -E test.cpp -o test.i
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ls
a.out inefficiency.cpp other_test test.cpp test.i
```

2. 编译-Compiling, 生成.s 文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ -S test.i -o test.s
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ls
a.out inefficiency.cpp other_test test.cpp test.i test.s
```

3. 汇编-Assembling, 生成.o 文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ -c test.s -o test.o
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ls
a.out inefficiency.cpp other_test test.cpp test.i test.o test.s
```

4. 链接-Linking, 生成bin 二进制文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ test.o -o test
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ls
a.out inefficiency.cpp other_test test test.cpp test.i test.o test.s
```

5. 运行最后的test可执行文件

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# ./test
vector v after call to generate_n() with lambda: 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
x: 1 y: 1
vector v after 1st call to fillVector(): 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
vector v after 2nd call to fillVector(): 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
```

- 利用time 命令打印inefficiency.cpp 优化编译与非优化编译的执行信息

### 1. 未优化编译

```

root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ inefficiency.cpp -o without_o.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# sudo time ./without_o.out
sudo: time: command not found
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# chmod +x without_o.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# time ./without_o.out
result = 100904034

real    0m2.266s
user    0m2.253s
sys     0m0.010s

```

### 2. 优化编译

```

root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# g++ inefficiency.cpp -O2 -o with_o.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# chmod +x with_o.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3# time ./with_o.out
result = 100904034

real    0m0.006s
user    0m0.004s
sys     0m0.000s

```

- 选择3 到4 个其他的test 文件，尝试利用不同的g++ 参数进行编译，给出对应生成文件与最终的执行截图

### 1. 使用c++17 标准编译test\_class.cpp

```

root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# ls
test_class.cpp test_class_size.cpp test_default_parameter.cpp test_move.cpp test_noexcept.cpp test_ptr.cpp test_raii.cpp
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# g++ -std=c++17 test_class.cpp -o test_class.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# ls
test_class.cpp test_class.out test_class_size.cpp test_default_parameter.cpp test_move.cpp test_noexcept.cpp test_ptr.cpp test_raii.cpp
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# ./test_class.out
1      #21325302 is created
1      #58320212 is created
5      #21325302      5000      5000
25     #58320212      10000     10000
45     #21325302      5500      10500
60     #58320212      -4000     6000
90     #21325302      27.64     10527.6
90     #58320212      21.78     6021.78
#21325302      Balance: 10527.6
#58320212      Balance: 6021.78

```

### 2. 打印出g++ 提供的警告信息

```

root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# g++ -Wall test_class_size.cpp -o test_class_size.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# chmod +x test_class_size.out
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# ./test_class_size.out
Size of Student: 8
Number: 12345678
Level: sophomore
Grade: B

```

因为没错所以并没有打印警告信息

### 3. 产生带调试信息的可执行文件test\_default\_parameter

```

root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# g++ -g test_default_parameter.cpp -o test_default_parameter
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# ls
test_class.cpp test_class_size.cpp test_default_parameter test_move.cpp test_ptr.cpp
test_class.out test_class_size.out test_default_parameter.cpp test_noexcept.cpp test_raii.cpp
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# ./test_default_parameter
Some box data is 10 12 15 1800
Some box data is 10 12 3 360
Some box data is 10 2 3 60

```

```

● root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question3/other_test# readelf -S test_default_parameter | grep -i debug
[26] .debug_aranges      PROGBITS          0000000000000000 00003082
[27] .debug_info          PROGBITS          0000000000000000 000030c2
[28] .debug_abbrev         PROGBITS          0000000000000000 000057f0
[29] .debug_line           PROGBITS          0000000000000000 00005de9
[30] .debug_str            PROGBITS          0000000000000000 00005faf
[31] .debug_rnglists       PROGBITS          0000000000000000 000072bb
[32] .debug_line_str       PROGBITS          0000000000000000 000072dd

```

## 4 利用GDB 调试文件

1. 对于代码片段一，分别追踪前后两次调用函数sumOfSquare() 时函数调用的栈帧与层级关系，并给出过程的相关截图

```

● root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4# gdb test_function_overload
GNU gdb (Debian 10.1-1.7) 10.1.90.20210103-git
Copyright (C) 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<https://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

```

```

--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from test_function_overload...
(gdb) b 16
Breakpoint 1 at 0x401241: file test_function_overload.cpp, line 16.
(gdb) b 21
Breakpoint 2 at 0x4012ab: file test_function_overload.cpp, line 21.
(gdb) r
Starting program: /ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4/test_function_overload
warning: Error disabling address space randomization: Operation not permitted
warning: File "/usr/local/lib64/libstdc++.so.6.0.29-gdb.py" auto-loading has been declined by your `auto-load safe-path' set to "$debugdir:$datadir/auto-load".

```

```

To enable execution of this file add
    add-auto-load-safe-path /usr/local/lib64/libstdc++.so.6.0.29-gdb.py
line to your configuration file "/root/.gdbinit".
To completely disable this security protection add
    set auto-load safe-path /
line to your configuration file "/root/.gdbinit".
For more information about this security protection see the
"Auto-loading safe path" section in the GDB manual.  E.g., run from the shell:
    info "(gdb)Auto-loading safe path"
Enter two integer: 3 4

```

```

Breakpoint 1, main () at test_function_overload.cpp:16
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--

```

```

16          cout << "Their sum of square: " << sumOfSquare(m, n) << endl;
(gdb) s
sumOfSquare (a=3, b=4) at test_function_overload.cpp:5
5          return a * a + b * b;
(gdb) bt
#0  sumOfSquare (a=3, b=4) at test_function_overload.cpp:5
#1  0x0000000000401262 in main () at test_function_overload.cpp:16
(gdb) c
Continuing.
Their sum of square: 25
Enter two real number: 11.4 51.4

Breakpoint 2, main () at test_function_overload.cpp:21

```

```
21         cout << "Their sum of square: " << sumOfSquare(x, y) << endl;
(gdb) s
sumOfSquare (a=11.4, b=51.399999999999999) at test_function_overload.cpp:9
9         return a * a + b * b;
(gdb) bt
#0  sumOfSquare (a=11.4, b=51.399999999999999) at test_function_overload.cpp:9
#1  0x00000000004012d4 in main () at test_function_overload.cpp:21
(gdb) c
Continuing.
Their sum of square: 2771.92
[Inferior 1 (process 8588) exited normally]
(gdb) n
The program is not being run.
```

The program is not being run.

(gdb) q

root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment\_1\_test/question4#

2. 对于代码片段二，我们希望您能够追踪每次循环的变量y 的具体变量值，并思考最后打印的j 数值的意义

```

● root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4# gdb test_range_based
GNU gdb (Debian 10.1-1.7) 10.1.90.20210103-git
Copyright (C) 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<https://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
  <http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from test_range_based...
(gdb) b 15
Breakpoint 1 at 0x4012e1: file test_range_based.cpp, line 15.
(gdb) b 20
Breakpoint 2 at 0x40134b: file test_range_based.cpp, line 20.
(gdb) b 25
Breakpoint 3 at 0x4013b7: file test_range_based.cpp, line 25.
(gdb) b 30
Breakpoint 4 at 0x401423: file test_range_based.cpp, line 30.
(gdb) r
Starting program: /ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4/test_range_based
warning: Error disabling address space randomization: Operation not permitted
warning: File "/usr/local/lib64/libstdc++.so.6.0.29-gdb.py" auto-loading has been
To enable execution of this file add
    add-auto-load-safe-path /usr/local/lib64/libstdc++.so.6.0.29-gdb.py
line to your configuration file "/root/.gdbinit".
To completely disable this security protection add
    set auto-load safe-path /
line to your configuration file "/root/.gdbinit".
For more information about this security protection see the
"Auto-loading safe path" section in the GDB manual.  E.g., run from the shell:
    info "(gdb)Auto-loading safe path"

Breakpoint 1, main () at test_range_based.cpp:15
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
15      cout << endl;
(gdb) c
Continuing.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
end of integer array test

0.14159 1.14159 2.14159 3.14159 4.14159 5.14159 6.14159 7.14159 8.14159 9.14159
end of vector test
[Inferior 1 (process 22321) exited normally]
(gdb) q
● root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4#

```

本可以用打点和

```
$(gdb) display y
```



追踪y的值，但是本身是打印语句，只要每次遍历打印完设置断点即可。

j的意义是对于不定长数组v的每一个元素的常引用的遍历。

且

$$j = \pi - 3 + i, i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 9$$

- 对于代码片段三，我们希望您能根据调试与代码中的提示修改代码让其正常运行，并告诉我们const,enum, define三者中哪一个有地址，并将其地址打印出来。

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4# g++ -g test_const.cpp -o test_const
test_const.cpp: In function 'int main()':
test_const.cpp:30:17: error: lvalue required as unary '&' operand
   30 |         cout << &C::NUM1 << endl;
      |                 ~~~~~^~~~~
```

修改后执行

```
root@e199b59b582e:/ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4# ./test_const
hello
0x402004
3
7
10
6
```

加上gdb的调试

```
(gdb) r
The program being debugged has been started already.
Start it from the beginning? (y or n) y
Starting program: /ws/code/Assignment_1_test/question4/test_const
warning: Error disabling address space randomization: Operation not permitted
warning: File "/usr/local/lib64/libstdc++.so.6.0.29-gdb.py" auto-loading has been declined by your `auto-load safe-path' set to "$debugdir:$datadir/auto-load".

Breakpoint 1, main () at test_const.cpp:24
24      cout << p << endl;
(gdb) p &p
No symbol "p" in current context.
(gdb) c
Continuing.
hello

Breakpoint 2, main () at test_const.cpp:27
27      cout << &c.NUM << endl;
(gdb) p &c.NUM
Attempt to take address of value not located in memory.
(gdb) c
Continuing.
0x402004

Breakpoint 3, main () at test_const.cpp:29
29      cout << C::NUM1 << endl;
(gdb) p &C::NUM1
Can't take address of "C::NUM1" which isn't an lvalue.
(gdb)
```

发现都不能用命令 (gdb) p 打印出来，原因如图。

发现const的是有地址的，对于#define的p，在打印p的语句下面加一句打印&p发现可行，但是#define应该还是没有地址的，能打印出的那个仅仅是字符串"hello"的首地址。enum类型没有地址。