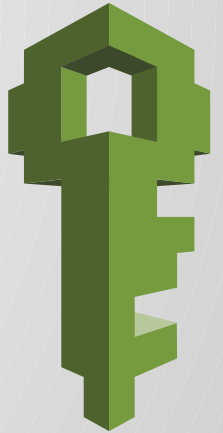


REA AWS Training

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

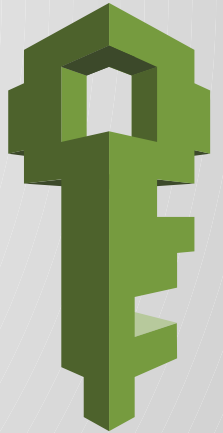
Basic IAM

- Identity and Access Management
- “It gives people or things access to other things”
- Global service
- Concepts
 - Users (Long live credentials)
 - Roles (Short live credentials)
 - Policies
 - Resource-Based (SQS, S3, SNS, Lambda)
 - User-Based (IAM Role, User, Group)



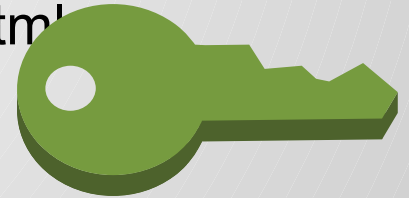
What does this have to do with me?

- Root user has access to **everything**
- We could create IAM Users with the right scope
- But long lived and shared credentials are a bad idea
- So we use IDP and temporarily assume IAM Roles
 - Like the IAM Role “REA-Training-User”
- IAM Roles are defined by their IAM Policies...



IAM policies

- Access controls to users, groups, roles
- Default DENY
- Apply controls based on principal, API call, resource plus conditions
- Managed policies
- Policy generator
 - <https://awspolicygen.s3.amazonaws.com/policygen.html>



Example IAM policy

Statement:

- Sid: PermitStartAndStop

Action:

- ec2:StartInstances

- ec2:StopInstances

Effect: Allow

Resource: "*"

Condition:

IpAddress:

aws:SourceIp: 203.17.253.249/32

IAM and EC2 Instances

- EC2 Instances invoking services
- Instance has an Instance Profile
- The Instance Profile assumes an IAM Role
- IAM Role has associated IAM Policies
- IAM Policies give access to other services

IAM: Hands on

[./iam-user/hands-on.md](#)

- Create an IAM user
- Test access
- Attach and detach policies
- Delete user

