

Estudo e Análise: Kyber

Gabriel Costa Kinder - 234720

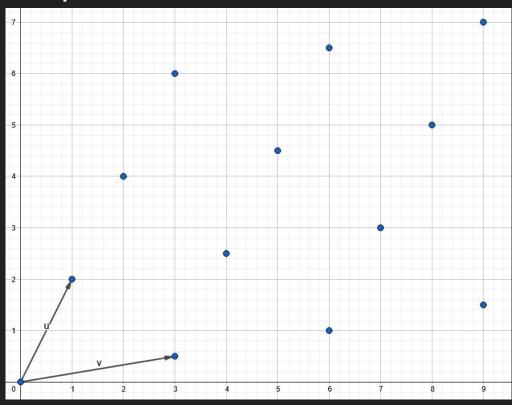
Algoritmo de Criptografia pública pós-quântico

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- Padronizado (05/07/2022)

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- Baseado em problemas de Reticulados

O que é um reticulado?

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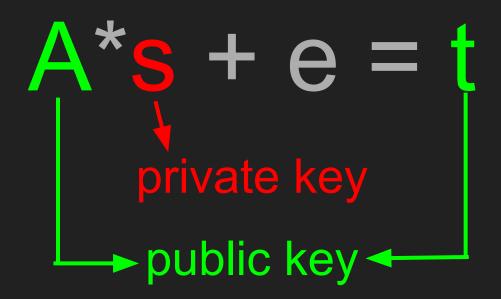


O algoritmo simplificado: Geração de Chaves

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$$A*s + e = t$$

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 C

C

01000011

C

01000011

 $x^6 + x + 1$

C

01000011

 $x^6 + x + 1$

$$m = 1665x^6 + 1665x + 1665$$

$$u = A * r + e_1$$

$$u = A * r + e_1$$

 $v = t * r + e_2 + m$

$$u = A * r + e_1$$

 $v = t * r + e_2 + m$

$$c = (u, v)$$

$$d = v - s * u$$

$$d = v - s * u = t * r + e_2 + m - s(A * r + e_1)$$

$$d = v - s * u = t * r + e_2 + m - s(A * r + e_1)$$

 $d = r(t - A * s) + e_2 + m - s * e_1$

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 $d = r(t - A * s) + e_2 + m - s * e_1$
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$$d = v - s * u = t * r + e_2 + m - s(A * r + e_1)$$

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$$d = r * e + e_2 + m - s * e_1$$

$$d = 35x^7 + 1458x^6 + 87x^5 + 24x^4 + 46x^3 + 110x^2 + 1892x + 1555$$

$$d = v - s * u = t * r + e_2 + m - s(A * r + e_1)$$

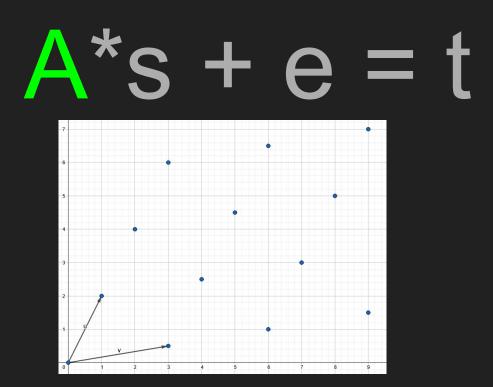
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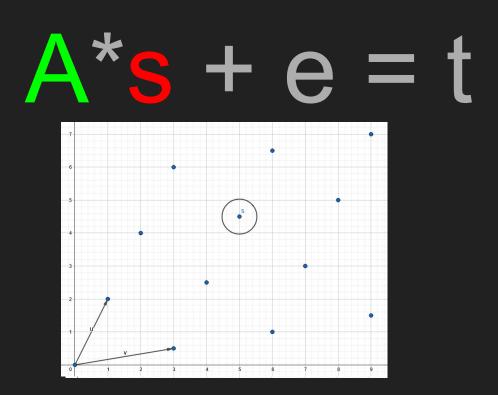
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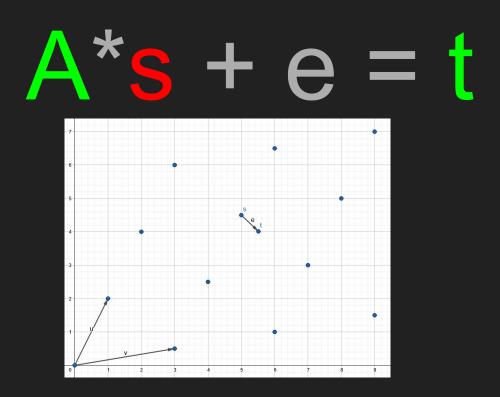
$$d = 35x^7 + 1458x^6 + 87x^5 + 24x^4 + 46x^3 + 110x^2 + 1892x + 1555$$

$$d = 1665x^6 + 1665x + 1665 = m$$

$$A*s + e = t$$







	n	k	q	η_1	η_2	d _u	d _v	δ
Kyber512	256	2	3329	3	2	10	4	2 ⁻¹³⁹
Kyber768	256	3	3329	2	2	10	4	2 ⁻¹⁶⁴
Kyber1024	256	4	3329	2	2	11	5	2 ⁻¹⁷⁴

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Kyber768	256	3	3329	2	2	10	4	2 ⁻¹⁶⁴
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Transformada Teórica Numérica

Converte polinômio de grau 255 para 128 polinômios de grau 1

- Converte polinômio de grau 255 para 128 polinômios de grau 1
- Auxilia nas multiplicações em Z_q [X]/(Xⁿ +1)

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- Auxilia nas multiplicações em Z_α [X]/(Xⁿ +1)
 - Condição: q 1 = c * n
 - o n = 256 -> q = {257, 769, 3329, ...}

<u>Pa</u>râmetros

	n	k	q	η_1	η2	d _u	d _v	δ
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- Gera: s, e, r, e₁, e₂

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```
Input: Byte array B=(b_0,b_1,\ldots,b_{64\eta-1})\in\mathcal{B}^{64\eta}
Output: Polynomial f\in R_q
(\beta_0,\ldots,\beta_{512\eta-1})\coloneqq \mathsf{BytesToBits}(B)
for i from 0 to 255 do
a\coloneqq \sum_{j=0}^{\eta-1}\beta_{2i\eta+j}
b\coloneqq \sum_{j=0}^{\eta-1}\beta_{2i\eta+j+j}
f_i\coloneqq a-b
end for
\mathsf{return}\ f_0+f_1X+f_2X^2+\cdots+f_{255}X^{255}
```

Parâmetros

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Compressão e Descompressão

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- $\mathsf{Compress}_q(x,d) = \lceil (2^d/q) \cdot x \rfloor \bmod^+ 2^d \,,$ $\mathsf{Decompress}_q(x,d) = \lceil (q/2^d) \cdot x \rfloor \,.$

Parâmetros

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- Transformada Fujisaki-Okamoto
- Chance de falha de decriptação

Parâmetros

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• Distribuição Uniforme

- Distribuição Uniforme
- Direto no domínio NTT

- Distribuição Uniforme
- Direto no domínio NTT

```
Input: Byte stream B = b_0, b_1, b_2 \cdots \in \mathcal{B}^*
Output: NTT-representation \hat{a} \in R_q of a \in R_q
  i := 0
  i := 0
   while j < n do
       d_1 := b_i + 256 \cdot (b_{i+1} \bmod^+ 16)
       d_2 := \lfloor b_{i+1}/16 \rfloor + 16 \cdot b_{i+2}
       if d_1 < q then
            \hat{a}_i \coloneqq d_1
            j \coloneqq j + 1
       end if
       if d_2 < q and j < n then
           \hat{a}_i \coloneqq d_2
            j := j+1
       end if
       i := i + 3
   end while
   return \hat{a}_0 + \hat{a}_1 X + \cdots + \hat{a}_{n-1} X^{n-1}
```

Kyber Kyber 90s

Kyber

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• XOF: SHAKE-128

• XOF: AES-256, CTR mode

Kyber

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• XOF: SHAKE-128

• H: SHA3-256

• XOF: AES-256, CTR mode

• H: SHA2-256

Kyber

• XOF: SHAKE-128

• H: SHA3-256

• G: SHA3-512

Kyber 90s

• XOF: AES-256, CTR mode

H: SHA2-256

• G: SHA2-512

Kyber

• XOF: SHAKE-128

• H: SHA3-256

• G: SHA3-512

• PRF: SHAKE-256

Kyber 90s

• XOF: AES-256, CTR mode

• H: SHA2-256

• G: SHA2-512

• PRF: AES-256, CTR mode

Kyber

XOF: SHAKE-128

• H: SHA3-256

• G: SHA3-512

• PRF: SHAKE-256

• KDF: SHAKE-256

Kyber 90s

XOF: AES-256, CTR mode

• H: SHA2-256

• G: SHA2-512

• PRF: AES-256, CTR mode

KDF: SHAKE-256

Geração de Chaves

```
Output: Secret key sk \in \mathcal{B}^{12 \cdot k \cdot n/8}
Output: Public key pk \in \mathcal{B}^{12 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 32}
 1: d \leftarrow \mathcal{B}^{32}
  2: (\rho, \sigma) := G(d)
 3: N := 0
                                                                                                            \triangleright Generate matrix \hat{\mathbf{A}} \in R_a^{k \times k} in NTT domain
 4: for i from 0 to k-1 do
            for j from 0 to k-1 do
                  \hat{\mathbf{A}}[i][j] \coloneqq \mathsf{Parse}(\mathsf{XOF}(\rho, j, i))
            end for
  8: end for
  9: for i from 0 to k-1 do
                                                                                                                                              \triangleright Sample \mathbf{s} \in R_a^k from B_{\eta_1}
            \mathbf{s}[i] := \mathsf{CBD}_{\eta_1}(\mathsf{PRF}(\sigma, N))
           N := N + 1
12: end for
13: for i from 0 to k-1 do
                                                                                                                                              \triangleright Sample \mathbf{e} \in R_a^k from B_{n_1}
           e[i] := CBD_m(PRF(\sigma, N))
           N := N + 1
16: end for
17: \hat{\mathbf{s}} := \mathsf{NTT}(\mathbf{s})
18: \hat{\mathbf{e}} := \mathsf{NTT}(\mathbf{e})
19: \hat{\mathbf{t}} := \hat{\mathbf{A}} \circ \hat{\mathbf{s}} + \hat{\mathbf{e}}
20: pk := (\mathsf{Encode}_{12}(\hat{\mathbf{t}} \bmod^+ q) || \rho)
                                                                                                                                                                  \triangleright pk := \mathbf{As} + \mathbf{e}
21: sk := \mathsf{Encode}_{12}(\hat{\mathbf{s}} \bmod^+ q)
                                                                                                                                                                             \triangleright sk := s
22: return (pk, sk)
```

Encriptação

```
Input: Public key pk \in \mathcal{B}^{12 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 32}
Input: Message m \in \mathcal{B}^{32}
Input: Random coins r \in \mathcal{B}^{32}
Output: Ciphertext c \in \mathcal{B}^{d_u \cdot k \cdot n/8 + d_v \cdot n/8}
 1: N := 0
 2: \hat{\mathbf{t}} := \mathsf{Decode}_{12}(pk)
 3: \rho := pk + 12 \cdot k \cdot n/8
                                                                                                              \triangleright Generate matrix \hat{\mathbf{A}} \in R_a^{k \times k} in NTT domain
 4: for i from 0 to k-1 do
            for j from 0 to k-1 do
                  \hat{\mathbf{A}}^T[i][j] \coloneqq \mathsf{Parse}(\mathsf{XOF}(\rho, i, j))
            end for
 8: end for
                                                                                                                                                \triangleright Sample \mathbf{r} \in R_a^k from B_m
 9: for i from 0 to k-1 do
            \mathbf{r}[i] := \mathsf{CBD}_m(\mathsf{PRF}(r, N))
            N := N + 1
12: end for
                                                                                                                                               \triangleright Sample \mathbf{e}_1 \in R_a^k from B_{n_2}
13: for i from 0 to k-1 do
            \mathbf{e}_1[i] \coloneqq \mathsf{CBD}_{n_2}(\mathsf{PRF}(r,N))
            N := N + 1
16: end for
17: e_2 := \mathsf{CBD}_{\eta_2}(\mathsf{PRF}(r, N))
                                                                                                                                               \triangleright Sample e_2 \in R_a from B_{n_2}
18: \hat{\mathbf{r}} := \mathsf{NTT}(\mathbf{r})
19: \mathbf{u} := \mathsf{NTT}^{-1}(\hat{\mathbf{A}}^T \circ \hat{\mathbf{r}}) + \mathbf{e}_1
                                                                                                                                                                  \triangleright \mathbf{u} := \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{r} + \mathbf{e}_1
20: v := \mathsf{NTT}^{-1}(\hat{\mathbf{t}}^T \circ \hat{\mathbf{r}}) + e_2 + \mathsf{Decompress}_q(\mathsf{Decode}_1(m), 1)
                                                                                                                               \triangleright v := \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{r} + e_2 + \mathsf{Decompress}_a(m, 1)
21: c_1 := \mathsf{Encode}_{d_u}(\mathsf{Compress}_q(\mathbf{u}, d_u))
22: c_2 := \mathsf{Encode}_{d_v}(\mathsf{Compress}_q(v, d_v))
23: return c = (c_1 || c_2)
                                                                                                                    \triangleright c := (\mathsf{Compress}_a(\mathbf{u}, d_u), \mathsf{Compress}_a(v, d_v))
```

Decriptação

```
Input: Secret key sk \in \mathcal{B}^{12 \cdot k \cdot n/8}
Input: Ciphertext c \in \mathcal{B}^{d_u \cdot k \cdot n/8 + d_v \cdot n/8}
Output: Message m \in \mathcal{B}^{32}

1: \mathbf{u} \coloneqq \mathsf{Decompress}_q(\mathsf{Decode}_{d_u}(c), d_u)
2: v \coloneqq \mathsf{Decompress}_q(\mathsf{Decode}_{d_v}(c + d_u \cdot k \cdot n/8), d_v)
3: \hat{\mathbf{s}} \coloneqq \mathsf{Decode}_{12}(sk)
4: m \coloneqq \mathsf{Encode}_1(\mathsf{Compress}_q(v - \mathsf{NTT}^{-1}(\hat{\mathbf{s}}^T \circ \mathsf{NTT}(\mathbf{u})), 1))
5: \mathbf{return} \ m
```

Geração de Chave

```
Output: Public key pk \in \mathcal{B}^{12 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 32}
Output: Secret key sk \in \mathcal{B}^{24 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 96}
 1: z \leftarrow \mathcal{B}^{32}
 2: (pk, sk') := \text{KYBER.CPAPKE.KeyGen}()
 3: sk := (sk'||pk||H(pk)||z)
 4: return (pk, sk)
```

Encriptação

```
Input: Public key pk \in \mathcal{B}^{12 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 32}
Output: Ciphertext c \in \mathcal{B}^{d_u \cdot k \cdot n/8 + d_v \cdot n/8}
Output: Shared key K \in \mathcal{B}^*
 1: m ← B<sup>32</sup>
 2: m \leftarrow H(m)
 3: (\bar{K},r) := G(m||H(pk))
 4: c := \text{KYBER.CPAPKE.Enc}(pk, m, r)
 5: K := \mathsf{KDF}(\bar{K} || \mathsf{H}(c))
 6: return (c, K)
```

Decriptação

```
Input: Ciphertext c \in \mathcal{B}^{d_u \cdot k \cdot n/8 + d_v \cdot n/8}
Input: Secret key sk \in \mathcal{B}^{24 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 96}
Output: Shared key K \in \mathcal{B}^*
 1: pk := sk + 12 \cdot k \cdot n/8
 2: h := sk + 24 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 32 \in \mathcal{B}^{32}
 3: z := sk + 24 \cdot k \cdot n/8 + 64
 4: m' := \text{KYBER.CPAPKE.Dec}(\mathbf{s}, (\mathbf{u}, v))
 5: (\bar{K}', r') := G(m'||h|)
 6: c' := KYBER.CPAPKE.Enc(pk, m', r')
 7: if c = c' then
          return K := \mathsf{KDF}(\bar{K}' || \mathsf{H}(c))
 9: else
          return K := \mathsf{KDF}(z || \mathsf{H}(c))
11: end if
12: return K
```

Performance

Performance - Espaço (bytes)

	Kyber512	Kyber512 90s	Kyber768	Kyber768 90s	Kyber1024	Kyber1024 90s
sk	1632	1632	2400	2400	3168	3168
pk	800	800	1184	1184	1568	1568
ct	768	768	1088	1088	1568	1568

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pk	800	800	1184	1184	1568	1568
ct	768	768	1088	1088	1568	1568

Segurança semelhante	RSA (pk)	ECC (pk)
Kyber512	384	32
Kyber768	960	48
Kyber1024	1920	64

Performance - Ciclos, referência

Intel Core-i7 4770K (Haswell)

	Kyber512	Kyber512 90s	Kyber768	Kyber768 90s	Kyber1024	Kyber1024 90s
gen	122684	213156	199408	389760	307148	636380
enc	154524	213156	235260	432764	346648	672644
dec	187960	277612	274900	473984	396584	724144

Performance - Ciclos, avx2

Intel Core-i7 4770K (Haswell)

	Kyber512	Kyber512 90s	Kyber768	Kyber768 90s	Kyber1024	Kyber1024 90s
gen	33856	21880	52732	30460	73544	43212
enc	45200	28592	67624	40140	97324	56556
dec	34572	20980	53156	30108	79128	44328

Referências

Official Kyber Website: https://pq-crystals.org/kyber/index.shtml

Kyber Specification Documentation: https://pq-crystals.org/kyber/data/kyber-specification-round3.pdf

rC3 Conference Talk About Kyber: https://media.ccc.de/v/rc3-2021-cwtv-230-kyber-and-post-quantum