

1. What is the time complexity of following code:

```
int a = 0;
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) { // O(N) * O(N) ⇒ O(N*N)
    for (j = N; j > i; j--) { // O(N)
        a = a + i + j;
    }
}
```

Options:

1.  $O(N)$
2.  $O(N \cdot \log(N))$
3.  $O(N \cdot \text{Sqrt}(N))$
4.  **$O(N \cdot N)$**

2. What is the time complexity of following code:

```
int i, j, k = 0;
for (i = n / 2; i <= n; i++) { // O(N) * O(LogN) ⇒ O(NLogN)
    for (j = 2; j <= n; j = j * 2) { // O(NLogN)
        k = k + n / 2;
    }
}
```

Options:

1.  $O(n)$
2.  **$O(n \log n)$**
3.  $O(n^2)$
4.  $O(n^2 \log n)$

3. What does it mean when we say that an algorithm X is asymptotically more efficient than Y?

Options:

1. X will always be a better choice for small inputs
2. **X will always be a better choice for large inputs**
3. Y will always be a better choice for small inputs
4. X will always be a better choice for all inputs

4. What is the time complexity of following code:

```
int a = 0, i = N;
while (i > 0) {
    a += i;
```

```
    i /= 2; // O(LogN)  
}
```

Options:

1.  $O(N)$
2.  $O(\text{Sqrt}(N))$
3.  $O(N / 2)$
4.  $O(\log N)$

5.