

Create a Repository

From scratch -- Create a new local repository

```
$ git init [project name]
```

Download from an existing repository

```
$ git clone my_url
```

Observe a Repository

List new or modified files not yet committed

```
$ git status
```

Show the changes to files not yet staged

```
$ git diff
```

Show the changes to staged files

```
$ git diff --cached
```

Show all staged and unstaged file changes

```
$ git diff HEAD
```

Show the changes between two commit ids

```
$ git diff commit1 commit2
```

List the change dates and authors for a file

```
$ git blame [file]
```

Show the file changes for a commit id and/or file

```
$ git show [commit]:[file]
```

Show full change history

```
$ git log
```

Show change history for file/directory including diffs

```
$ git log -p [file/directory]
```

Working With Branches

List all local branches

```
$ git branch
```

List all branches, local and remote

```
$ git branch -av
```

Switch to a branch, my_branch, and update working directory

```
$ git checkout my_branch
```

Create a new branch called new_branch

```
$ git branch new_branch
```

Delete the branch called my_branch

```
$ git branch -d my_branch
```

Merge branch_a into branch_b

```
$ git checkout branch_b
```

```
$ git merge branch_a
```

Tag the current commit

```
$ git tag my_tag
```

Make a Change

Stages the file, ready for commit

```
$ git add [file]
```

Stage all changed files, ready for commit

```
$ git add .
```

Commit all staged files to versioned history

```
$ git commit -m "commit message"
```

Commit all your tracked files to versioned history

```
$ git commit -am "commit message"
```

Unstages file, keeping the file changes

```
$ git reset [file]
```

Revert everything to the last commit

```
$ git reset --hard
```

Synchronize

Get the latest changes from origin (no merge)

```
$ git fetch
```

Fetch the latest changes from origin and merge

```
$ git pull
```

Fetch the latest changes from origin and rebase

```
$ git pull --rebase
```

Push local changes to the origin

```
$ git push
```

Finally!

When in doubt, use git help

```
$ git [command] -help
```

Or visit training.github.com for official GitHub training.

