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IT-22056

① Classes And Object

```

class Bike {
    String brand;
    int speed;
}

void ride() {
    System.out.println("Bike is riding.. ");
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String [] args) {
        Bike mybike = new Bike();
        myBike.brand = "Yamaha";
        myBike.speed = 80;
        myBike.ride();
    }
}

```

; create a class called bike
 ; string variable called brand which store the brand name (Yamaha....)
 Create a object for bike class
 Set the brand name Yamaha in the bike object

2. Access Modifiers

```
class student {  
    private int rollNumber;  
    public void setRollNumber(int newRoll) {  
        rollNumber = newRoll;  
    }  
    public int getRollNumber() {  
        return rollNumber;  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        student s = new student();  
        s.setRollNumber(101);  
        System.out.println(s.getRollNumber());  
    }  
}
```

create student class
private int means it can
only accessed inside the
class

setRollNumber can be
set from outside
because it's public

(inside b/w
public & private)

Q. Why is this a bug?
A. It's a bug.
Q. Why?

3. Inheritance

Attribut access A

class Vehicle {

} fröhlich 220b

protected String brand = "Vehicle";
void start() {

} (Horizon frei) System.out.println("Vehicle is starting");

class Bike extends Vehicle {

void ride() {

System.out.println("Brand + " is being ridden");

} (Leider Ergebnis) nom bior oblate

public class main {

} (1.01.) System.out.println();

public static void main(String[] args) {

Bike myBike = new Bike();

myBike.start();

myBike.ride();

}

{

{

4. Encapsulation

class wallet

class wallet {

private double money;

public void addMoney(double amount) {

if (amount > 0) {

money += amount;

public double checkBalance() {

return money;

public class main {

public static void main(String[] args) {

wallet mywallet = new wallet();

mywallet.addMoney(300);

System.out.println("Current Balance: " + mywallet.

checkBalance());

}

5. Abstract Class:-

```
abstract class Animal {  
    abstract void makeSound();  
    void sleep() {  
        System.out.println("Sleeping...");  
    }  
}  
  
class Dog extends Animal {  
    void makeSound() {  
        System.out.println("Bark Bark");  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Dog d = new Dog();  
        d.makeSound();  
        d.sleep();  
    }  
}
```

6. Interface

interface Animal {

 void sound();

class Dog implements Animal {

 public void sound() {

 System.out.println("woof");

public class Main {

 public static void main(String[] args) {

 Dog d = new Dog();

 d.sound();

7. multiple inheritance using interface

interface Flyable {

 this create an interface named Flyable

 void fly();

 "fly" is "flying"

interface Swimable

void swim();

- Another interface Swimable is defined
- Any class implementing it must provide a swim() method.

class Seagull implements Flyable, Swimable

→ A class seagull is created

→ Seagull implements inherit from both Flyable
and Swimable.

```
public void fly() {
```

```
System.out.println("Seagull is flying over ..");
```

```
}
```

→ Hence we implement fly() method

→ when fly() is called, it prints

"Seagull is flying over"

public class Seagull { } *from zoids*
System.out.println("Seagull is swimming");
}

- ↳ Hypothesis when = Hypothesis
→ Hence we implement swim() method
- When swim() method is called it prints ...

class Penguin implements Swimable {
 ; () Hypothesis when = missing snippet
 ; () alt. Hypothesis

- A new class Penguin is created
- Penguin only implements Swimable because it can't fly
- So, it needs to implement Only swim() method.

public void swim() { } *in zoids alt. Hypothesis*
System.out.println("Penguin is only swimming
in cold water"); *in zoids base*

}

```
public class main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Seagull seagull = new Seagull();
```

→ Create a new object of type Seagull

```
Penguin penguin = new Penguin();
```

```
        seagull.fly();
```

→ call the fly() method on the seagull object

→ It prints "Seagull is flying over".

```
seagull.swim();
```

→ call the swim method on a seagull object.

```
penguin.swim();
```

```
penguin.swim();
```