

Q1) Three coins are tossed, the probability that two heads and one tail are obtained.

Ans) Three Coins - HHH
HHT → (2 Heads one Tail)
HTH
THH
TTT
TTH
THT
HTT

Total 8 possibilities.

so, $\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)$ // Ans.

Q2) Two Dice are rolled, find the prob. that sum is →

(i) Equal to 1

(ii) less than or equal to 4

(iii) sum is divisible by 2 and 3

(i) Equal to One \rightarrow There is 0 prob.

Because $\rightarrow \frac{0}{36} = 0 //$

(ii) Less than or equal to 4 \rightarrow

$(1,3), (3,1), (2,2), \text{~~2,2~~, } (1,2), (2,1),$

$(1,1), (1,1) \rightarrow \text{~~36~~ } \left(\frac{7}{36} \right) //$

(iii) Sum is divisible by 2 and 3 \rightarrow

$$[(1,5), (5,1), (6,6), \text{~~(2,2)~~, (4,2), (2,4), (3,3)] \rightarrow \frac{6}{36} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \text{ "Ans"}$$

Q3. A bag contains 2 red, 3 green and 2 blue balls. Two balls are drawn at random. What is the prob. that none is blue.

Ans) Total Balls $\rightarrow 7$ balls. $\rightarrow \cancel{7C_2} + \frac{1 \times 6^3}{1 \times 2} = \cancel{21}$

$$\cancel{7C_2} + \cancel{7C_1} + \cancel{7C_0} \Rightarrow$$

$$\times 7C_2 = 21 \text{ [Total Outcomes]}$$

$$\text{Prob. None is Blue} \rightarrow 5C_2 \rightarrow \frac{5 \times 4^2}{1 \times 2} = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{10}{21}\right) \text{ "Ans"}$$

Q5) Calc. the expected number of candies for a randomly selected child \rightarrow

Ans) Expected no. of candies for a random child

$$\rightarrow 1 * 0.015 + 4 * 0.20 + 3 * 0.65 \\ + 0.005 * 5 + 6 * 0.01 + 2 * 0.12$$

$$\Rightarrow 3.090$$

$$\Rightarrow [3.09] \text{, Ans,}$$

Q6) Calculate Expected value \rightarrow

$$\text{Ans) Mean} = \frac{108 + 110 + 123 + 134 + 135 + 145 + 167 + 187 + 199}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow [145.3] \text{, Ans,}$$

Q.8) AT&T,
One in 200 long distance telephone is
misdirected.

Ans) one in 200 long distance is misdirected,
→ P of call misdirecting → $\left(\frac{1}{200}\right)$

Prob. of call not misdirecting → $\left(\frac{199}{200}\right)$

No. of calls = 5

$$P(X) = {}^nC_x p^x q^{n-x}$$

$$P(0) = 1 - P(0)$$

$$= 1 - {}^5C_0 \left(\frac{1}{200}\right)^0 \left(\frac{199}{200}\right)^{5-0}$$

$$= 1 - \left(\frac{199}{200}\right)^5$$

$$= [0.02475], \text{ Ans}$$

Q9.)

X	$P(X)$
-2000	0.1
-1000	0.1
0	0.2
1000	0.2
2000	0.3
3000	0.1

Returns on business venture
to the nearest 1000\$;

Ans) (i) What is the most likely monetary outcome of the business venture \rightarrow

$\rightarrow (2000\$)$

(ii) Is the venture to be successful $\rightarrow 0.6 \rightarrow (60\%)$
chances.

(iii) What is long-term avg. earning of business ventures of this kind,

$$\rightarrow \sum E(X) P(X) = 800\$ \text{ // Ans //}$$

(iv) Venture is likely to be more successful on
Expected value is +ve $\rightarrow 800\$ \text{ // Ans //}$