



**05** Hr **37** Min **32** Sec

#### Guidelines

**Coding Area** 

Editor | Compile & Run History

**Submissions** 

Feedback Form

**Graphs** 

Coding Area

B

A

C

D

Ε

F

ONLINE EDITOR (C)

Prime Face

+ Problem Description

Accept a number N up to 5 digits long in the positional numeral system formed by symbols 0, 1, ... 9, A, ..., Z. Also, accept another symbol S other than zero. Separate N and S with a space. Considering N to be represented in the least base possible between 2 and 36, identify the smallest prime number greater than or equal to N that contains at least one occurrence of S in it in base S + 1. (Refer example section for a better understanding). Prime number should be identified with respect to Base 10 i.e. a regular prime number.

- + Constraints
  - 1. Length of N <= 5
  - 2. Max Base = 36
  - 3. Face values for symbols:

Symbol => Value in base 10

- 0 => 0
- 1 => 1
- 2 => 2

....

- 9 => 9
- A => 10
- B => 11

Z => 35

+ Input Format

One line containing two integers, N and S separated with space.

+ Output

Print the smallest prime number greater than or equal to N that contains at least one occurrence of S in it, in base S + 1.

+ Test Case

## + Explanation

Example 1

Input

10 B

Output

В

#### Explanation

The least possible base for N is 2 and its value in that base is 2. We want the smallest prime number in base 12 (1 more than the face value of B, 11) that contains symbol B and is greater than or equal to 2. The first few numbers in ascending order in base 12 containing face value B are B (value 11), 1B (value 1\*12+11=23), 2B (value 2\*12+11=35): of these the smallest number that is prime is 11, which is greater than N. Hence, the output is B.

Example 2

Input

ZZ Z

Output

11Z

### Explanation

The least possible base for N is 36 and its value in that base is 35 \* 36 \* 1 + 35 = 1295. The first few numbers in ascending order in base 36 (1 more than the face value of Z, 35) containing face value Z and greater than N are 10Z (1 \* 36\*2 + 0\*36\*1 + 35 = 1331, non-prime), 11Z (1 \* 36\*2 + 1 \* 36\*1 + 35 = 1367, a prime). Hence, the output is 11Z.

# Upload Solution [ Question : C ]

- I, **suresh** confirm that the answer submitted is my own.
- Took help from online sources (attributions)

File ...

**Privacy Policy** 

Careers











© 2019 Tata Consultancy Services Limited. All Rights Reserved.