TCS NQT Practise Paper

APTITUDE

- 1. Find the greatest number that will divide 148 246 and 623 leaving remainders 4 6 and 11 respectively.
- 1) 20
- 2) 12
- 3) 6
- 4) 48

Solution: Option 2

148-4=144

246-6=240

623-11=612

Now form the options lets check which of the 4 divide 144,240 and 612 leaving 0 as remainder. Hence these 3 are divided by 12 leaving remainder 0 which mean 12 divides 148, 246 and 623 leaving remainder 6 and 11 respectively.

- 2. On a 26-question test, five points were deducted for each wrong answer and eight points were added for each correct answer. If all the questions were answered, how many were correct if the score was zero?
- 1) 10
- 2) 11
- 3) 12
- 4) 13

Solution: Option 1

If x number of questions are wrong and y number of questions are correct then,

-5*x+8*y=0 and x+y=26. By solving these equations, we get $x=16 \ \& \ y=10$

- 3. George can do some work in 8 hours, Paulcan do the same work in 10 hours while Hiari can do the same work in 12 hours. All the three of them start working at 9 a.m while George stops works at 11 a.m and remaining two complete the work. Approximately at what time will the work be finished?
- 1) 11:30 am
- 2) 1 pm
- 3) 12:30 pm
- 4) 12 noon

Solution: Option 2

L.C.M(8,10,12) = 120

so, let the total work = 120 unit

George can do 15 unit work in 1 hr and Paul can do 12 unit and Hillary 10 unit in 1 hr.

so, 2*(15+12+10) + t*(12+10) = 120

On solving, t=3. So the answer will be (11 am+3 hr) = 1 pm

- 4. Apple costs L rupees per kilogram for first 30 kgs and Q rupees per kilogram for each additional kilogram. If the price of 33 kilograms is 1167 and for 36 kgs of Apples is 1248 then the cost of the first 10 kgs of Apples is
- 1) Rs. 350
- 2) Rs. 1053
- 3) Rs. 117
- 4) Rs. 281

Solution: Option 1

Given that

$$30L + 3Q = 1167$$

$$30L + 6Q = 1284$$

Solving we get Q = 39, L = 35

So cost of first 10 kgs of apples = $35 \cdot 10 = 350$

PROGRAMMING:

1. What is a linker program?

- A. Places the program in the memory for the purpose of execution.
- B. Relocates the program to execute from the specific memory area allocated to it.
- C. Links the program with other programs needed for its execution.
- D. Interfaces the program with the entities generating its input data.

The correct answer is A linker program "links the program with other programs needed for its execution."

- 2. Which is NOT a function of a loader?
- A. Allocation
- **B.** Translation
- C. Relocation
- D. Loading

The correct answer is "translation" is not a function of a loader.

3. What happens when you perform a bitwise operation on these numbers?

The result of the expression 4^12 is:

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 8
- D. 12

The result of the expression 4^12 computes to 8. $^{\circ}$ is the XOR operator. The binary form of 4 is 0100 and that of 12 is 1100. Therefore, 0010 $^{\circ}$ 1100 evaluates to 1000, which is equal to 8 in decimal format.

4. How are data/variables stored inside a computer? The AS	CII
notation? Truly an important question!	
Binary Coding for the letter X is	

A. 01011000

- B. 00111000
- C. 10001000
- D. 00010100

The binary coding for the letter X is 01011000. Here, 0101 is the zone whereas 1000 is the digit. The alphabets from P to Z have the zone 0101.

5. The in-order and pre-order traversal of a binary tree is D B E A F C G and A B D E C F G, respectively. The post-order traversal of the binary tree is:

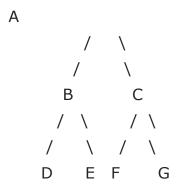
A. DEBFGCA

B. EDBGFCA

C. EDBFGCA

D. DEFGBCA

Below is the given tree.



6. Identify the line number in which the error exists?

```
# include < stdio.h >
# include < conio.h >
void main()
{
    float a = 100.00;
    {
        auto float a = 250.14;
}
```

```
{
       auto float b = 325;
      printf("\n%f %f", a, b);
      b++;
   }
   a++;
   printf("\n%f %f", a, b);
   a++;
 }
printf("\n%f", a);
A. line number 5
```

- B. line number 7

C. line number 9

D. line number 14

The variable 'b' is declared in the inner block and is accessed in the outer block. Declare 'b' globally to remove the error.

English:

Q. 1) A greenhouse is a glass-covered structure (1) (uses,		
using, used) to grow plants. It has transparent glass that allows sunlight to		
pass (2) (out, though, inside), but does not allow the heat inside		
to escape. The same (3) (effect, affect) occurs on the earth.		
The (4) (sun's, suns, sun) radiation (5) (passes,		
passing) through the atmosphere to heat the earth's surface. When heated,		
the earth's surface produces infrared radiation, which has a longer		
wavelength than that of sunlight. This infrared radiation rises into the		
atmosphere where gases, such as carbon dioxide,(6)		
(prevents, prevent, prevented) the infrared radiation from		
escaping into space. The concentrations of these gases,(7)		
(that, those, which) are called greenhouse gases, control how		
much-infrared radiation escapes.		

Q. 2) Chatbots are now part of 1) _	cultural narrative and are 2)
even more sophisticat	ed. It is hard to find 3) who
has not had an interaction with a c	hatbot or virtual assistant. As chatbots
and virtual assistants 4) r	more sophisticated, they 5) to
respond with increasing empathy a	nd personalization, 6) tracking
the customer 7) Whether	er voice or text activated, bots8)
able to help users find 9)	and answers 24 X 7, on any
device or channel faster than ever:	LO) In fact, more and more
people are rating messaging as a t	op choice for customer service.
Q. 3) Technology has 1)c	our lives and influenced nearly 2)
industry, including fitness.	From apps to wearables, technology is
constantly 3) the way 4) _	fitness industry functions. Mobile
technology, fitness wearables and	data, and smart equipment 5)
shaping the way health c	lubs 6) equipment
manufacturers operate today. Enga	aging members via mobile with digital
fitness challenges, reward program	s, push notifications and wearable
integration not only 7)	_fitness operators to 8) existing
relationships with clients 9)	also build 10) them.
Q. 4) Rainforests1)a wide va	ariety of ecosystems services, from
regulating rainfall to purifying grou	ndwater and keeping fertile soil from2)
;deforestation in one area	can seriously damage food production
and 3) to clean water in a	an entire region. The value of global
ecosystem services4)es	timated at 33 trillion USD each year
(almost half of global GDP), 5)	these services have been taken for
granted without a mechanism to m	ake the market reflect their value.
Rainforests are also a home and 6)	of income for a huge number of
people in Africa, AsiaandSouth Ame	erica. 7) this, economic pressures
frequently drive both logical comm	unities 8) national governments
in the developing world to 9)	these forests in ways that are
unsustainable, clear-cutting vast a	reas 10) fuel, timber, mining or
agricultural land.	

Q. 5) In recent years, there have been a lot of talk about cloud computing and cloud storage. Almost everything in the digital worldQ1 connected to the cloud in some way or other-unless it is kept in local storage for security reasons. A tech giants and startupsQ2 new ways to organize, process and present data, cloud computingQ3 become a more and more integral part of our lives. So what is cloud computing? And what is the impact of cloud computing on future business strategies? Cloud computing is theQ4 of using network of remote serversQ5 on the internet to store manage and process data, rather than a local server or personal computer.
Q1
 are is was
Q2.
 founded found find
Q3.
 would will shall
Q4.
 Practices Practicing Practice
Q5.

2. hosted
3. host
Q. 6) The internet Of Things (IOT) isQ6 rapidly evolving technology,
andQ7 any other technology, it canQ8 challenges with
respect toQ9 implementation and management. Given the
Q10 inter connectivity required, and the large volumes of data
generated, setting up an IOT ecosystem can be a complex task.
Q6.
1. the
2. an
3. a
Q7.
1. likeness
2. like
3. likely
Q8.
1
1. pose
2. position
3. post
Q9.
1. Its
2. It is
3. Its
Q10.

1. hosting

1. advancing
2. advanced
3. advance
Q. 7) Human-machine collaborationQ11 the production line has becomeQ12 flexible, versatile and therefore more productive. Todays robots are much more capable ofQ13 tasks that they could not perform well earlier such asQ14 around object placedQ15 and sorting out complex writing issues in industries like aerospace.
Q11.
1. at
2. two
3. on
Q12.
1. more
2. most
3. much
Q13
 learned learn
3. learning
Q14
1. move
2. moving
3. to move
Q15.
1. Chaotically

- 2. Chaos
- 3. Chaotic