



DrupalCon
PORTLAND 2022
25-28 APRIL

Building a GraphQL API - Beyond the basics

Alexander Varwijk

Lead Front-End Engineer @ Open Social



Alexander Varwijk

Lead Front-End Engineer @ Open Social



10 years on Drupal.org (Kingdutch) 🎉

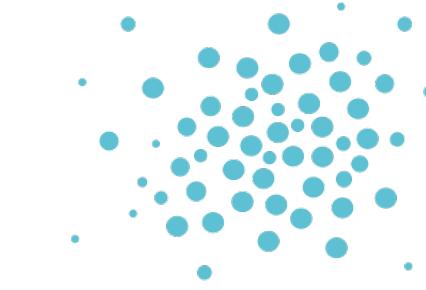
Contributed to (a.o.)

- webonyx/graphql
- drupal/graphql

Twitter: [@Kingdutch](https://twitter.com/@Kingdutch)

Slides available on my website:

<https://www.alexandervarwijk.com/talks>



open social®

Community Engagement Platform as a Service

Helping organizations across the globe create
communities that drive real-world change



Always looking for Drupal developers

<https://careers.getopensocial.com>





What is(n't) in this talk?

GraphQL has too many interesting things to cover

In this talk

- Setting up a modular schema
- GraphQL module deep-dive

Not in this talk

- Schema Design Course
- Automated Testing



Disclaimer

Please learn, don't copy without understanding

I make mistakes, the information provided is based on my learning from the past years. There may be better way to do the things I'm showing you.

If you see something in this presentation that's wrong, please teach me after the presentation! Find me here at DrupalCon or on Twitter (@Kingdutch).

Building a Real-Time Chat



Schema Design

Defining the goal of what we're building

As a chat participant I want to be able to send chat messages to and receive chat messages from other participant(s) without refreshing my page so that I can easily communicate with others

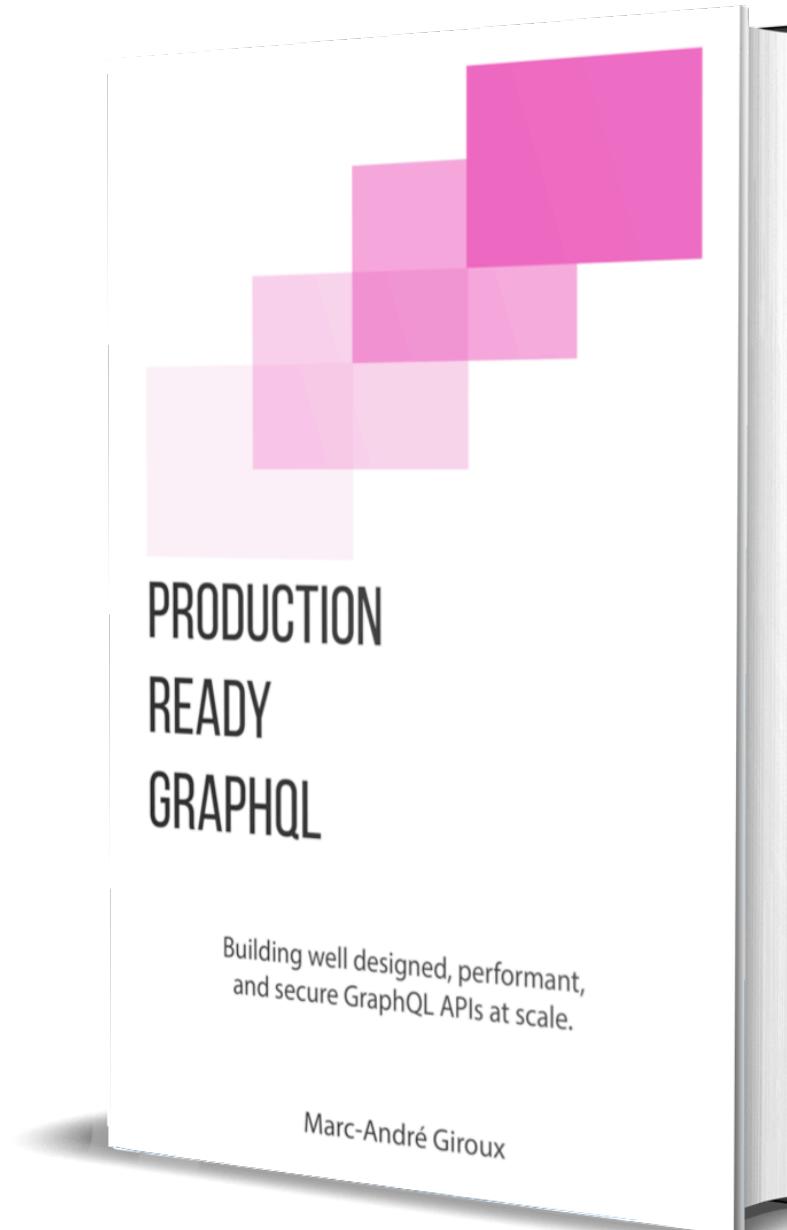


The image displays two identical screenshots of an open social posting interface side-by-side. Both screenshots show a dark header bar with the "open social" logo and "Menu" text, along with three icons: a plus sign, a speech bubble, and a user profile. Below the header is a large white input field containing the placeholder text "Say something to the Community". Underneath this field is a button labeled "+ Add images". At the bottom left is a "Community" dropdown menu, and at the bottom right is a prominent blue "Post" button. The background of the interface is white, and there is a solid blue horizontal bar at the very bottom.



Production Ready GraphQL

Building well designed, performant, and secure GraphQL APIs at scale.



Every developer at Open Social has
access to this book

<https://book.productionreadygraphql.com/>

Written by Marc-André Giroux

The GraphQL Module



The GraphQL Module

Because there's always a module for that ;-)

GraphQL

[View](#) [Version control](#) [View history](#) [Automated testing](#)

Created by [fubhy](#) on 20 March 2015, updated 12 November 2020

This module lets you craft and expose a GraphQL schema for Drupal 8 and 9.

It is built around [webonyx/graphql-php](#). As such, it supports the full official [GraphQL](#) specification with all its features.

You can use this module as a foundation for building your own schema with lots of data producer plugins available and through custom code.

For ease of development, it includes the [GraphiQL](#) interface at </graphql/explorer>.

Example implementation

Example modules: <https://github.com/drupal-graphql/graphql/tree/8.x-4.x/examples>

Resources

Documentation: <https://drupal-graphql.gitbook.io/graphql/>

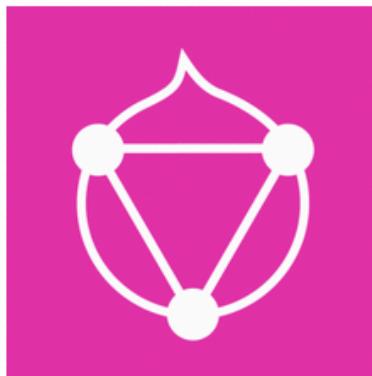
Project homepage: <https://www.drupal.org/project/graphql>

Contributing: <https://github.com/drupal-graphql/graphql>

Old 3.x version

The 3.x version of this module is now in maintenance mode and is looking for new maintainers!

Differences to the 4.x version: the 3.x version automatically generates a GraphQL schema from Drupal entities and data structures. It exposes Drupal details over the GraphQL API. The 4.x version leaves the GraphQL schema design to the developer, which makes it easier to hide Drupal internal details. The 4.x version requires the developer to setup and map the GraphQL API schema.



★ Star 154 [Followed](#)

Maintainers

fubhy hideaway joaogarin
klaus pmelab

Documentation

GraphQL 3.0+ [External documentation](#)

Resources

[Home page](#) [Read license](#) [View project translations](#) [Projects that extend this](#)

Development

- Uses the [webonyx/graphql-php](#) library under the hood
- Contributions and issue tracking happens on [GitHub](#)
- 3.x and 4.x are actively used by the community

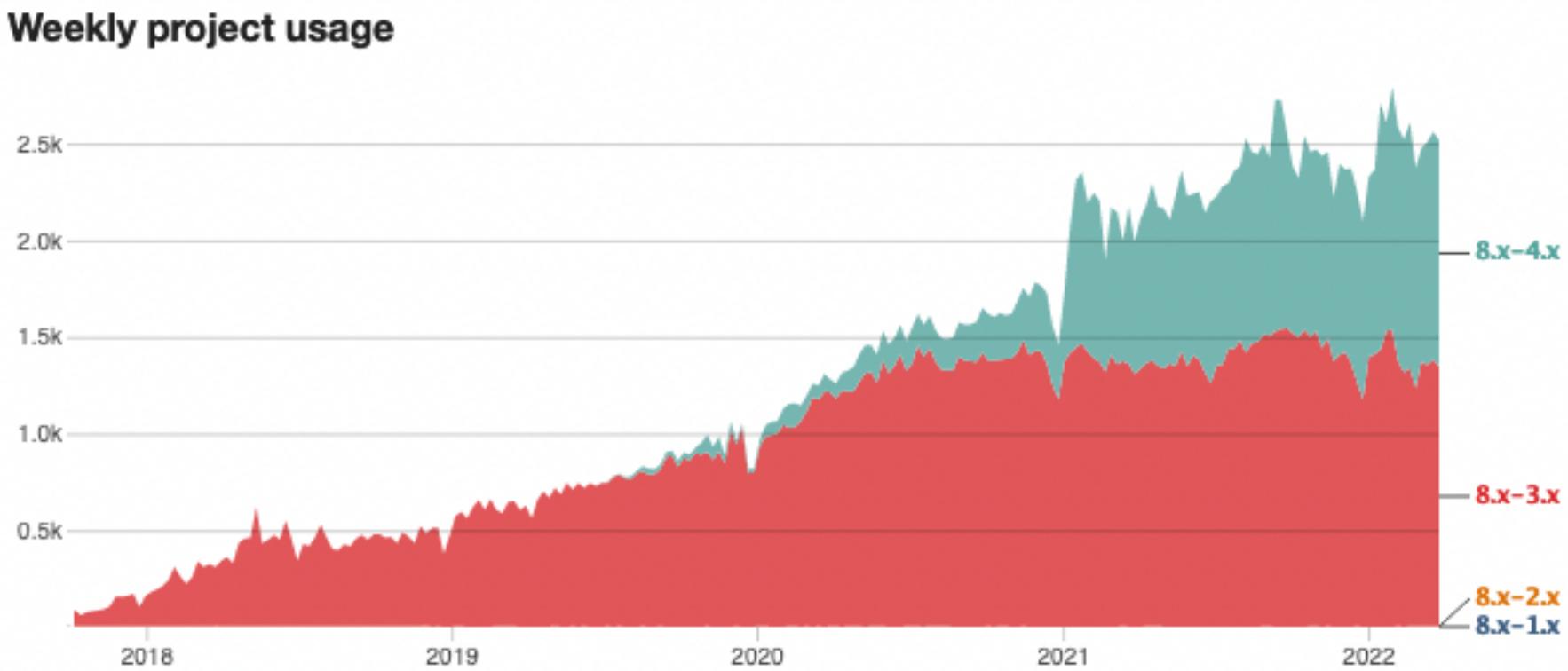


drupal/graphql

Two major versions

Version 3 features automatic schema generation. This leaks Drupal implementation details.

Version 4 requires writing your own schema. This can result in a cleaner schema but takes more effort.





v3 in v4

Bringing automatic schema generation to the latest version

jmolivas 5:07 PM
Yay! first functional PoC for the GraphQL v4 module module providing support for
autom...
-Wri...
jmolivas 7:44 AM
It took me a couple of extra beers/hours than expected and had to write a new
...
tomagically from Drupal
jmolivas 5:02 PM
New Drupal GraphQL v4 schema generation updates.
Support for *Paragraph* schema generation providing similar capabilities as the
Node schema generator.
Field prefix added to root ~~tunes (Node, Paragraph)~~ to avoid type collisions
2 files ▾
jmolivas 6:48 PM
Initial support for Date (formatters are still missing) and Link fields added to the
schema.
jmolivas 7:27 PM
Initial support for *Unions* was done.
Thanks @kingdutch for the tip on using `addTypeResolver` and the `dataProducer`
At this very moment the naming was done using
`ContentTypeName+EntityReferenceFieldName` to avoid collisions, but a generic
naming could be done without much rework.
I was thinking something like *MediaUnion* which can contain all of the *Media*
bundles. (edited)
2 files ▾
The goa...
focus or...
Will be a...
and we...
6
Node
node
id
The unique ID for the Article.
author:Actor
The author of the Article.
title:string
The display title of the Article.
image:NodeArticleImageUnion
The image associated with the Article.

jmolivas has been hard at work rebuilding
automatic schema generation on the new
drupal/graphql v4 architecture

Updates in #graphql on the Drupal Slack
[graphql_compose](#) project on Drupal.org

Implementing our API



Defining a base schema

Utilising inheritance and Drupal's modularity

```
/**  
 * @Schema(  
 *   id = "drupalcon",  
 *   name = "A DrupalCon base GraphQL Schema"  
 * )  
 */  
 *  
 */
```

Our base schema helps us with some common types

Schema extensions can re-use those types without
having to define them



1. Our schema must be in the `Plugin\GraphQL\Schema` namespace to be discovered

Defining a base schema

`modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php`

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema;  
  
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema\SdlSchemaPluginBase;  
  
class DrupalConBaseSchema extends SdlSchemaPluginBase {  
  
}
```



1. Our schema must by in the
Plugin\GraphQL\Schema namespace

to be discovered

2. We use the schema annotation to
define our base schema

Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema;

use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema\SdlSchemaPluginBase;

/**
 * @Schema(
 *   id = "drupalcon",
 *   name = "A DrupalCon base GraphQL Schema"
 * )
 */
class DrupalConBaseSchema extends SdlSchemaPluginBase {

}
```



Defining a base schema

1. Our schema must be in the
Plugin\GraphQL\Schema namespace
to be discovered

2. We use the schema annotation to
define our base schema

3. Our only required function is
getResolverRegistry

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema;

use Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverRegistry;
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema\SdlSchemaPluginBase;

/**
 * @Schema(
 *   id = "drupalcon",
 *   name = "A DrupalCon base GraphQL Schema"
 * )
 */
class DrupalConBaseSchema extends SdlSchemaPluginBase {

  /**
   * {@inheritDoc}
   */
  public function getResolverRegistry() {
    return new ResolverRegistry();
  }

}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/graphql/drupalcon.graphqls

```
schema {
  query: Query
  mutation: Mutation
  subscription: Subscription
}

type Query
type Mutation
type Subscription

type DateTime {
  timestamp: Timestamp!
}

interface Node { id: ID! }

scalar Cursor

interface Connection {
  edges: [Edge!]!
  nodes: [Node!]!
  pageInfo: PageInfo!
}

interface Edge {
  cursor: Cursor!
  node: Node!
}

type PageInfo {
  hasNextPage: Boolean!
  hasPreviousPage: Boolean!
  startCursor: Cursor
  endCursor: Cursor
}
```

Only types which can be shared by all the other parts of our schema

Ideally in your version you include comments ;-)



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema;

use Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverRegistry;
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\Schema\SdlSchemaPluginBase;

/**
 * @Schema(
 *   id = "drupalcon",
 *   name = "A DrupalCon base GraphQL Schema"
 * )
 */
class DrupalConBaseSchema extends SdlSchemaPluginBase {

  /**
   * {@inheritDoc}
   */
  public function getResolverRegistry() {
    return new ResolverRegistry();
  }

}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
public function getResolverRegistry() {
    $registry = new ResolverRegistry();

    return $registry;
}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
/**
 * Contains all the mappings how to resolve a GraphQL request.
 */
class ResolverRegistry implements ResolverRegistryInterface {

    /**
     * Add a field resolver for a certain type.
     *
     * @param string $type
     * @param string $field
     * @param \Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\Resolver\ResolverInterface $resolver
     *
     * @return $this
     */
    public function addFieldResolver($type, $field, ResolverInterface $resolver) {
        $this->fieldResolvers[$type][$field] = $resolver;
        return $this;
    }

}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
public function getResolverRegistry() {
    $registry = new ResolverRegistry();
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $registry->addFieldResolver('DateTime', 'timestamp', $builder->fromParent());

    return $registry;
}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
public function getResolverRegistry() {
    $registry = new ResolverRegistry();
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $registry->addFieldResolver('DateTime', 'timestamp', $builder->fromParent());

    $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'edges',
        $builder->produce('connection_edges')->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
    );

    return $registry;
}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/DataProducer/Connection/ConnectionEdges.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon\Plugin\GraphQL\DataProducer\Connection;

use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\DataProducerPluginCachingInterface;
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\DataProducer\DataProducerPluginBase;
use Drupal\drupalcon\GraphQL\ConnectionInterface;

/**
 * Produces the edges from a connection object.
 *
 * @DataProducer(
 *   id = "connection_edges",
 *   name = @Translation("Connection edges"),
 *   description = @Translation("Returns the edges of a connection."),
 *   produces = @ContextDefinition("any",
 *     label = @Translation("Edges")
 *   ),
 *   consumes = {
 *     "connection" = @ContextDefinition("any",
 *       label = @Translation("QueryConnection")
 *     )
 *   }
 */
class ConnectionEdges extends DataProducerPluginBase
  implements DataProducerPluginCachingInterface {}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/DataProducer/Connection/ConnectionEdges.php

```
class ConnectionEdges extends DataProducerPluginBase
  implements DataProducerPluginCachingInterface {

  /**
   * Resolves the request.
   *
   * @param \Drupal\social_graphql\GraphQL\ConnectionInterface $connection
   *   The connection to return the edges from.
   *
   * @return mixed
   *   The edges for the connection.
   */
  public function resolve(ConnectionInterface $connection) {
    return $connection->edges();
  }

}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
public function getResolverRegistry() {
  $registry = new ResolverRegistry();
  $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

  $registry->addFieldResolver('DateTime', 'timestamp', $builder->fromParent());

  $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'edges',
    $builder->produce('connection_edges')->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
  );
  $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'nodes',
    $builder->produce('connection_nodes')->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
  );
  $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'pageInfo',
    $builder->produce('connection_page_info')
      ->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
  );

  return $registry;
}
```



Defining a base schema

modules/drupalcon/src/Plugin/GraphQL/Schema/DrupalConBaseSchema.php

```
public function getResolverRegistry() {
  $registry = new ResolverRegistry();
  $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

  $registry->addFieldResolver('DateTime', 'timestamp', $builder->fromParent());

  $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'edges',
    $builder->produce('connection_edges')->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
  );
  $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'nodes',
    $builder->produce('connection_nodes')->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
  );
  $registry->addFieldResolver('Connection', 'pageInfo',
    $builder->produce('connection_page_info')
      ->map('connection', $builder->fromParent())
  );

  $registry->addFieldResolver('Edge', 'cursor',
    $builder->produce('edge_cursor')->map('edge', $builder->fromParent())
  );
  $registry->addFieldResolver('Edge', 'node',
    $builder->produce('edge_node')->map('edge', $builder->fromParent())
  );

  return $registry;
}
```



Defining our schema extension

Utilising inheritance and Drupal's modularity

```
/**  
 * @SchemaExtension(  
 *   id = "drupalcon_chat_schema_extension",  
 *   name = "DrupalCon - Chat Schema Extension",  
 *   description = "Extend GraphQL schema with chat functionality.",  
 *   schema = "drupalcon"  
 * )  
 */  
  
*\n*)
```

Our schema extension implements a specialised feature in our API



Defining our schema extension

1. Our schema must by in the `Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension` namespace to be discovered

`modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php`

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon_chat\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension;  
  
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension\SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase;  
  
class ChatSchemaExtension extends SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase {  
  
}
```



Defining our schema extension

1. Our schema must by in the
Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension
namespace to be discovered

2. We use the SchemaExtension
annotation to define our schema
extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon_chat\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension;

use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension\SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase;

/**
 * @SchemaExtension(
 *   id = "drupalcon_chat",
 *   name = "DrupalCon - Chat",
 *   description = "Extend GraphQL schema with chat functionality.",
 *   schema = "drupalcon"
 * )
 */
class ChatSchemaExtension extends SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase {

}
```



Defining our schema extension

1. Our schema must by in the
Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension
namespace to be discovered

2. We use the SchemaExtension
annotation to define our schema
extension

3. Our only required function is
registerResolvers

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon_chat\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension;

use Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverBuilder;
use Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverRegistryInterface;
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension\SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase;

/**
 * @SchemaExtension(
 *   id = "drupalcon_chat",
 *   name = "DrupalCon - Chat",
 *   description = "Extend GraphQL schema with chat functionality.",
 *   schema = "drupalcon"
 * )
 */
class ChatSchemaExtension extends SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase {

  /**
   * {@inheritDoc}
   */
  public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    /* Chat Resolvers */
  }

}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/graphql/drupalcon_chat.base.graphqls

```
type ChatMessage implements Node {
  id: ID!
  sent: DateTime!
  sender: Actor
  content: ChatMessageContent!
}

union ChatMessageContent =
  | MediaChatMessageContent
  | UserEventChatMessageContent
  | DeletedChatMessageContent

type MediaChatMessageContent {
  text: String
}

type UserEventChatMessageContent {
  eventType: ChatUserEventType!
  subject: User!
}

enum ChatUserEventType {
  CONVERSATION_CREATED
  JOIN
  PART
}

type DeletedChatMessageContent {
  _: Boolean
}

type ChatMessageConnection implements Connection {
  pageInfo: PageInfo!
  edges: [ChatMessageEdge!]!
  nodes: [ChatMessage!]!
}

type ChatMessageEdge implements Edge {
  cursor: Cursor!
  node: ChatMessage!
}

input ViewerSendUserChatMessageInput {
  conversation: ID!
  contents: MediaChatMessageContentInput!
}

input MediaChatMessageContentInput {
  text: String!
}

type ViewerSendUserChatMessagePayload {
  errors: [Violation!]
  message: ChatMessage
}
```

Defines new types for the chat functionality

Ideally in your version you include comments as shown during the design phase



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/graphql/drupalcon_chat.extension.graphqls

```
extend type Query {
  chatMessages(
    first: Int, after: Cursor,
    last: Int, before: Cursor,
    reverse: Boolean = false
  ) : ChatMessageConnection!
  chatMessage(id: ID!) : ChatMessage
}

extend type Mutation {
  viewerSendUserChatMessage(
    input: ViewerSendUserChatMessageInput!
  ) : ViewerSendUserChatMessagePayload
}

extend type Subscription {
  chatMessageReceived : ChatMessage!
}
```

Defines type extensions for the chat functionality

Ideally in your version you include comments :)



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon_chat\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension;

use Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverBuilder;
use Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverRegistryInterface;
use Drupal\graphql\Plugin\GraphQL\SchemaExtension\SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase;

/**
 * @SchemaExtension(
 *   id = "drupalcon_chat",
 *   name = "DrupalCon - Chat",
 *   description = "Extend GraphQL schema with chat functionality.",
 *   schema = "drupalcon"
 * )
 */
class ChatSchemaExtension extends SdlSchemaExtensionPluginBase {

  /**
   * {@inheritDoc}
   */
  public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    /* Chat Resolvers */
  }

}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {  
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();
```

```
}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $registry->addFieldResolver('Query', 'chatMessage',
        $builder->produce('entity_load_by_uuid')
            ->map('type', $builder->fromValue('chat_message'))
            ->map('uuid', $builder->fromArgument('id'))
    );
}

}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $registry->addFieldResolver('Query', 'chatMessages',
        $builder->produce('messages')
            ->map('after', $builder->fromArgument('after'))
            ->map('before', $builder->fromArgument('before'))
            ->map('first', $builder->fromArgument('first'))
            ->map('last', $builder->fromArgument('last'))
            ->map('reverse', $builder->fromArgument('reverse'))
    );
}

}
```



The Messages DataProducer

Implementation on https://github.com/goalgorilla/open_social/ in the `Drupal\\social_graphql\\GraphQL` namespace

DataProducer's with pagination return a `EntityConnection` instance.

`EntityConnection` contains the pagination logic and takes a `ConnectionQueryHelperInterface` as only argument.

The implementation of the `ConnectionQueryHelperInterface` contains:

- The creation of an `EntityQuery`
- Cursor to object hydration
- Id field configuration
- Sort field configuration
- Creation of the loader promise and object to cursor transformation

See for example `Drupal\\social_topic\\Plugin\\GraphQL\\QueryHelper\\TopicQueryHelper`



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $registry->addFieldResolver('DeletedChatMessageContent', '_',
        $builder->fromValue(NULL)
    );
}

}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $registry->addTypeResolver(
        'ChatMessageContent',
        [ChatTypeResolver::class, 'resolveMessageType']
    );
}

}
```



Defining our schema extension

```
namespace Drupal\drupalcon_chat;

/**
 * Type resolver functions for GraphQL types in social_chat.
 */
class ChatTypeResolver {
    /**
     * Find the concrete type for a MessageContent interface implementation.
     *
     * @param \Drupal\drupalcon_chat\ChatMessageContentInterface $message_content
     *   The message content that should be mapped to a concrete type.
     *
     * @return string
     *   The concrete GraphQL type name.
     */
    public static function resolveMessageType(ChatMessageContentInterface $message_content) : string {
        switch ($message_content->getType()) {
            case 'deleted':
                return 'DeletedChatMessageContent';
            case 'media':
                return 'MediaChatMessageContent';
            case 'user_event':
                return 'UserEventChatMessageContent';
            default:
                throw new \RuntimeException("Can not map type '{$message_content->getType()}' to GraphQL Schema");
        }
    }
}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $this->registerMutationResolver($registry, $builder, 'viewerSendUserChatMessage');

}
```



Defining our schema extension

modules/drupalcon_chat/src/Plugin/GraphQL/SchemaExtension/ChatSchemaExtension.php

```
public function registerResolvers(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) : void {
    $builder = new ResolverBuilder();

    $this->registerMutationResolver($registry, $builder, 'viewerSendUserChatMessage');

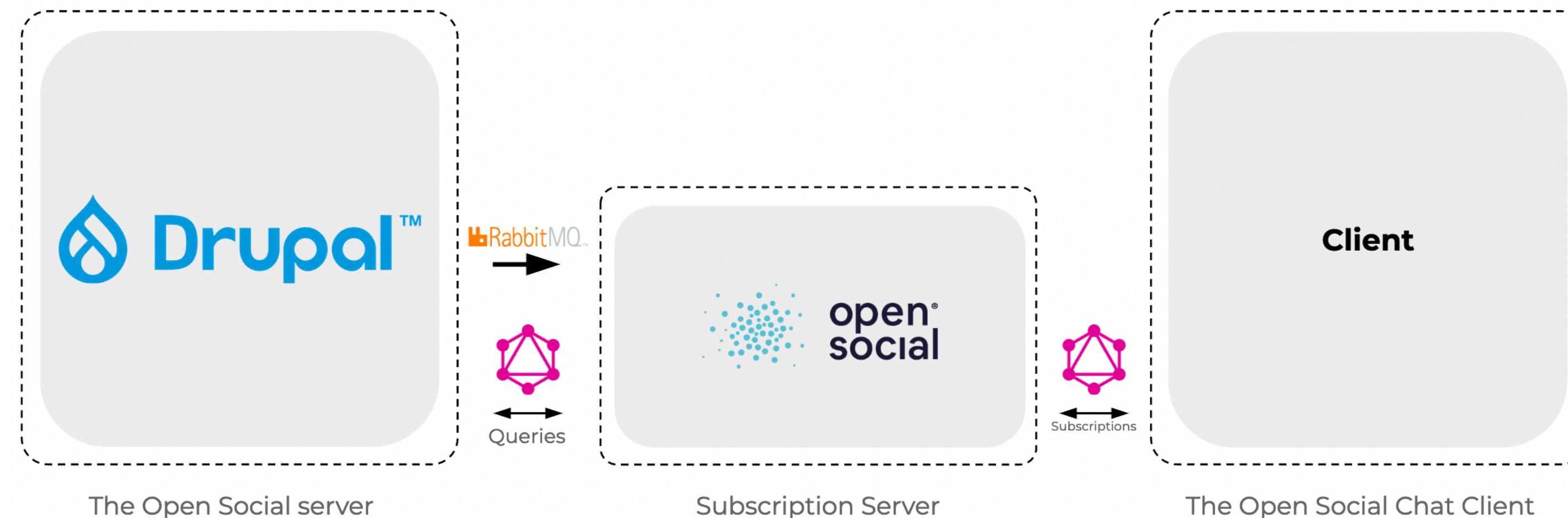
    // Equivalent to the following under the hood.
    $fieldName = camelCaseToSnake_case($fieldName);
    $registry->addFieldResolver('Mutation', $fieldName,
        $builder->compose(
            $builder->produce($fieldName . '_input')
                ->map('input', $builder->fromArgument('input')),
            $builder->produce($fieldName)
                ->map('input', $builder->fromParent())
        )
    );
}
```

Adding a Subscription Server



Subscription Handling

Real-Time Drupal!



<https://www.alexandervarwijk.com/talks/2021-12-10-serving-graphql-subscriptions-using-php-and-drupal>



Subscription Handling

```
type Query {
  chatMessage(id: ID!) : ChatMessage
}

type Subscription {
  chatMessageReceived : ChatMessage!
}
```



Subscription Handling

```
$reference_query = Parser::parse(<<<GRAPHQL
  query ChatMessage(\$id: ID!) {
    chatMessage(id: \$id) { id }
  }
GRAPHQL);

$query = Printer::doPrint(
  $this->transformSubscriptionForConcreteType(
    $subscription->document(),
    $reference_query,
    $subscription->operationName()
  )
);

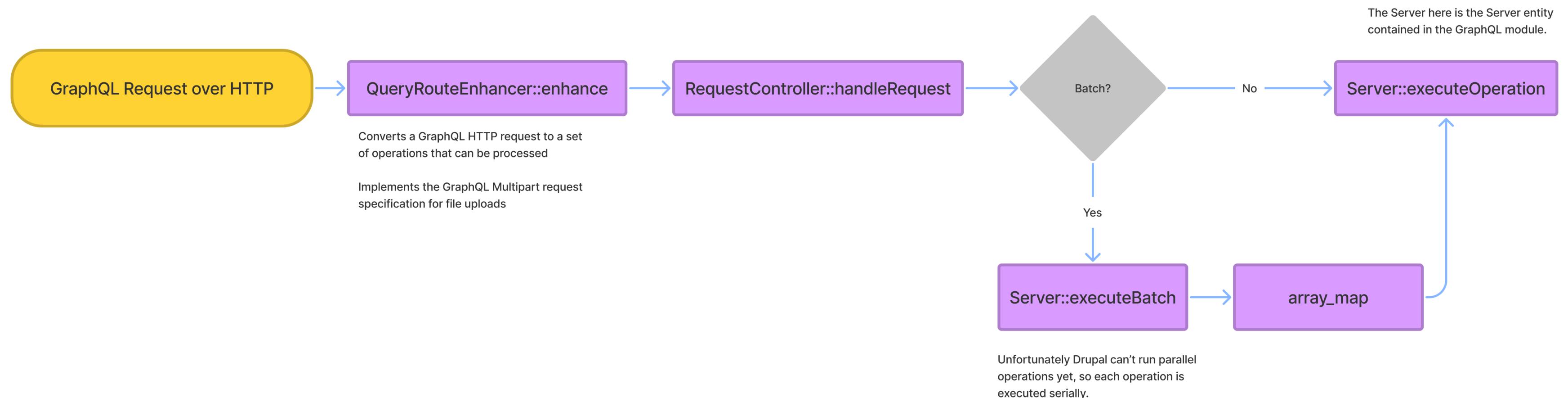
// Use the GraphQL client created for the subscription to ask Open
// Social for the fields needed.
/** @var \OpenSocial\RealTime\GraphQL\GraphQLClient $graphql */
$graphql = $subscription->client()->GraphQL;

/** @var \React\Promise\ExtendedPromiseInterface $promise */
$promise = $graphql->execute($query, $subscription->operationName(), ['id' => $data['message']]);
// Pass the returned data on to the subscription.
$promise->done(
  fn (ExecutionResult $result) => $subscription->client()->send(
    json_encode((new NextMessage($subscription_id, $result))->jsonSerialize())
  )
);
```

Inside the GraphQL Module



The journey of a GraphQL Request





The journey of a GraphQL Request

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {
```

```
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

1. Store previous executor

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {  
    $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();  
  
    }  
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

1. Store previous executor
2. Use our own executor
(that's what interfaces with Drupal)

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {  
 1 $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();  
  Executor::setImplementationFactory([  
 2   \Drupal::service('graphql.executor'),  
   'create',  
 ]);  
  
}  
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

1. Store previous executor
2. Use our own executor
(that's what interfaces with
Drupal)
3. Get GraphQL
configuration

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {  
1 $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();  
Executor::setImplementationFactory([  
2 \Drupal::service('graphql.executor'),  
'create',  
]);  
  
try {  
3 $config = $this->configuration();  
  
}  
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

1. Store previous executor
2. Use our own executor
(that's what interfaces with Drupal)
3. Get GraphQL configuration
4. Use GraphQL Library Helper to execute operation

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {  
 1 $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();  
  Executor::setImplementationFactory([  
 2   \Drupal::service('graphql.executor'),  
   'create',  
 ]);  
  
  try {  
 3    $config = $this->configuration();  
 4    $result = (new Helper())->executeOperation($config, $operation);  
  
    return $result;  
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

1. Store previous executor
2. Use our own executor
(that's what interfaces with Drupal)
3. Get GraphQL configuration
4. Use GraphQL Library Helper to execute operation
5. Ensure Drupal always has cache information for the result

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {  
 1 $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();  
  Executor::setImplementationFactory([  
 2   \Drupal::service('graphql.executor'),  
   'create',  
 ]);  
  
  try {  
 3   $config = $this->configuration();  
 4   $result = (new Helper())->executeOperation($config, $operation);  
  
    // In case execution fails before the execution stage, we have to wrap the  
    // result object here.  
    if (!$result instanceof CacheableExecutionResult) {  
      5     $result = new CacheableExecutionResult($result->data, $result->errors, $result->extensions);  
     $result->mergeCacheMaxAge(0);  
    }  
  }  
  
  return $result;  
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

1. Store previous executor
2. Use our own executor
(that's what interfaces with Drupal)
3. Get GraphQL configuration
4. Use GraphQL Library Helper to execute operation
5. Ensure Drupal always has cache information for the result
6. Restore previous executor

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {  
 1 $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();  
  Executor::setImplementationFactory([  
 2   \Drupal::service('graphql.executor'),  
   'create',  
 ]);  
  
  try {  
 3    $config = $this->configuration();  
 4    $result = (new Helper())->executeOperation($config, $operation);  
  
    // In case execution fails before the execution stage, we have to wrap the  
    // result object here.  
    if (!$result instanceof CacheableExecutionResult) {  
      5      $result = new CacheableExecutionResult($result->data, $result->errors, $result->extensions);  
      $result->mergeCacheMaxAge(0);  
    }  
  }  
  finally {  
 6    Executor::setImplementationFactory($previous);  
  }  
  
  return $result;  
}
```



Configuring the GraphQL PHP Library

```
public function configuration() {
```

```
}
```



Configuring the GraphQL PHP Library

```
public function configuration() {
  $params = \Drupal::getContainer()->getParameter('graphql.config');
  /** @var \Drupal\graphql\Plugin\SchemaPluginManager $manager */
  $manager = \Drupal::service('plugin.manager.graphql.schema');
  $schema = $this->get('schema');

  /** @var \Drupal\graphql\Plugin\SchemaPluginInterface $plugin */
  $plugin = $manager->createInstance($schema);
  if ($plugin instanceof ConfigurableInterface && $config = $this->get('schema_configuration')) {
    $plugin->setConfiguration($config[$schema] ?? []);
  }
}
```



Configuring the GraphQL PHP Library

```
public function configuration() {
  $params = \Drupal::getContainer()->getParameter('graphql.config');
  /** @var \Drupal\graphql\Plugin\SchemaPluginManager $manager */
  $manager = \Drupal::service('plugin.manager.graphql.schema');
  $schema = $this->get('schema');

  /** @var \Drupal\graphql\Plugin\SchemaPluginInterface $plugin */
  $plugin = $manager->createInstance($schema);
  if ($plugin instanceof ConfigurableInterface && $config = $this->get('schema_configuration')) {
    $plugin->setConfiguration($config[$schema] ?? []);
  }

  // Create the server config.
  $registry = $plugin->getResolverRegistry();
  $server = ServerConfig::create();
  $server->setDebugFlag($this->get('debug_flag'));
  $server->setQueryBatching(!$this->get('batching'));
  $server->setValidationRules($this->getValidationRules());
  $server->setPersistentQueryLoader($this->getPersistedQueryLoader());
  $server->setSchema($plugin->getSchema($registry));
  $server->setPromiseAdapter(new SyncPromiseAdapter());
  $server->setContext($this->getContext($plugin, $params));
  $server->setFieldResolver($this->getFieldResolver($registry));

  return $server;
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

```
public function executeOperation(OperationParams $operation) {
    $previous = Executor::getImplementationFactory();
    Executor::setImplementationFactory([
        \Drupal::service('graphql.executor'),
        'create',
    ]);

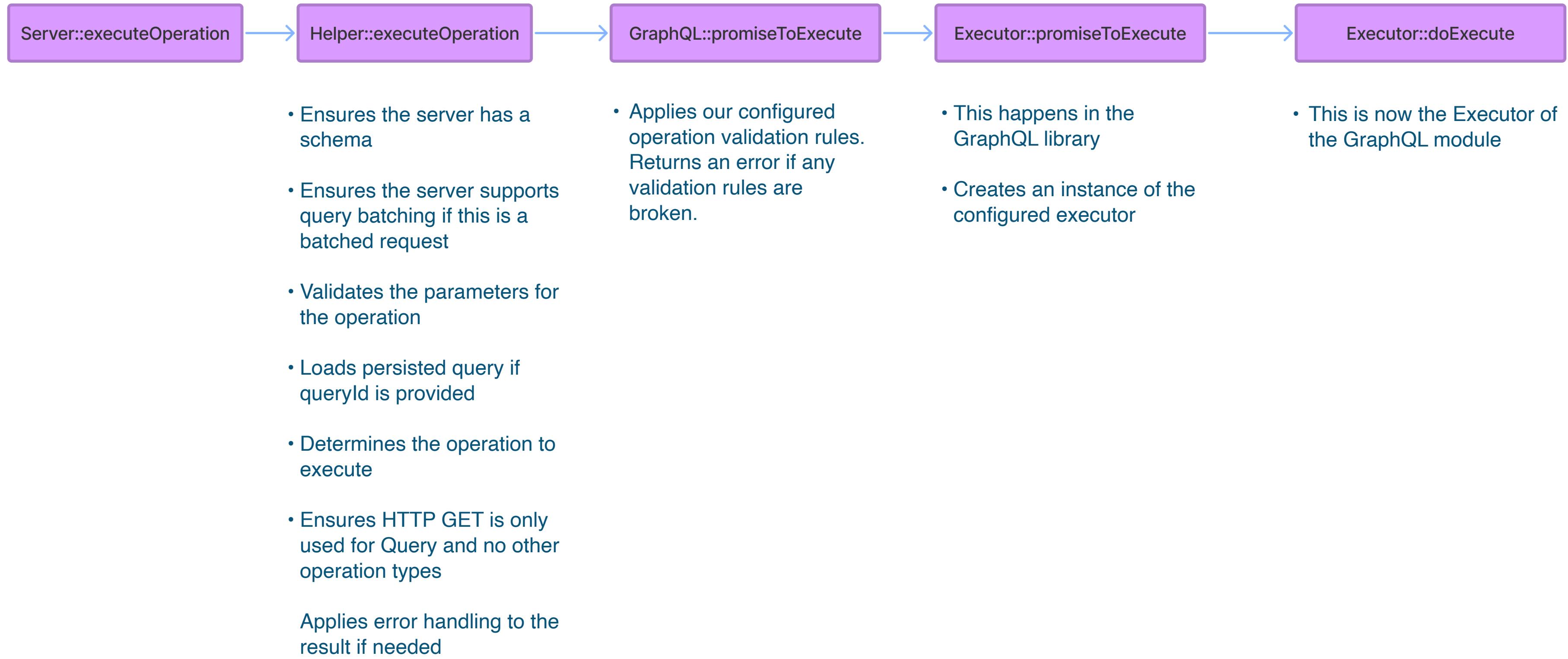
    try {
        $config = $this->configuration();
        $result = (new Helper())->executeOperation($config, $operation);

        // In case execution fails before the execution stage, we have to wrap the
        // result object here.
        if (!$result instanceof CacheableExecutionResult) {
            $result = new CacheableExecutionResult($result->data, $result->errors, $result->extensions);
            $result->mergeCacheMaxAge(0);
        }
    }
    finally {
        Executor::setImplementationFactory($previous);
    }

    return $result;
}
```

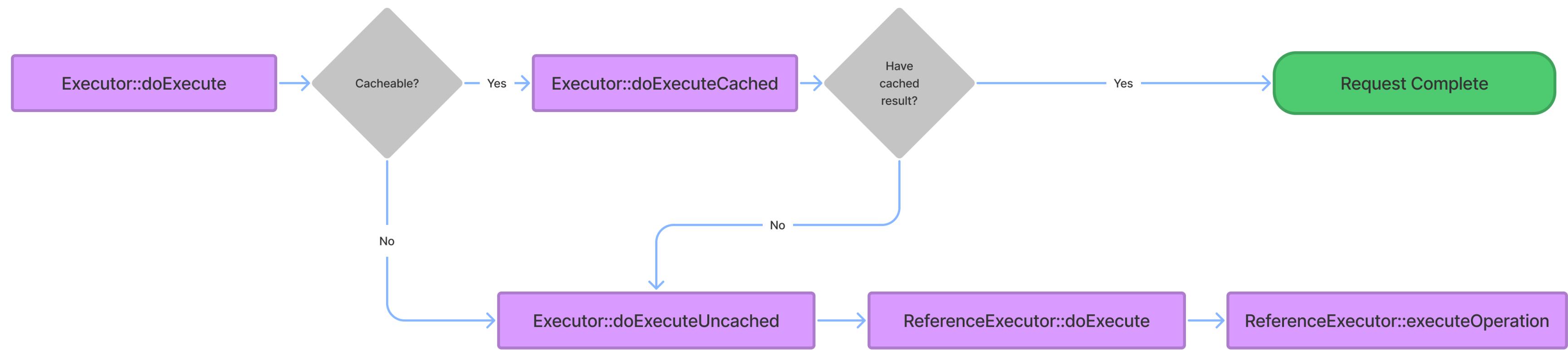


The journey of a GraphQL Request



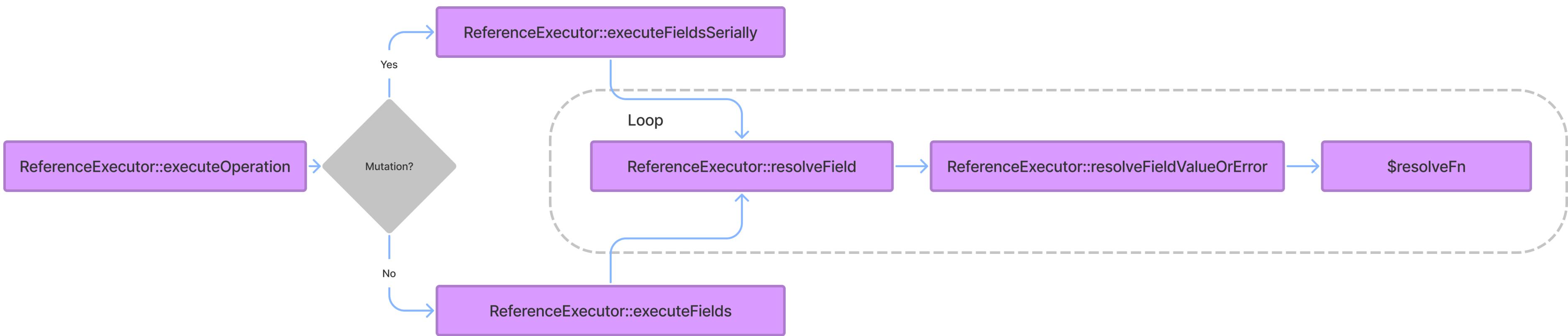


The journey of a GraphQL Request





The journey of a GraphQL Request





The journey of a GraphQL Request

```
/**
 * Returns the default field resolver.
 *
 * @todo Handle this through configuration on the server.
 *
 * Fields that don't explicitly declare a field resolver will use this one
 * as a fallback.
 *
 * @param \Drupal\graphql\GraphQL\ResolverRegistryInterface $registry
 *   The resolver registry.
 *
 * @return null/callable
 *   The default field resolver.
 */
protected function getFieldResolver(ResolverRegistryInterface $registry) {
    return function ($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info) use ($registry) {
        $field = new FieldContext($context, $info);
        $result = $registry->resolveField($value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
        return DeferredUtility::applyFinally($result, function ($result) use ($field, $context) {
            if ($result instanceof CacheableDependencyInterface) {
                $field->addCacheableDependency($result);
            }

            $context->addCacheableDependency($field);
        });
    };
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

```
    function ($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info) use ($registry) {
        $field = new FieldContext($context, $info);
        $result = $registry->resolveField($value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
        return DeferredUtility::applyFinally($result, function ($result) use ($field, $context) {
            if ($result instanceof CacheableDependencyInterface) {
                $field->addCacheableDependency($result);
            }

            $context->addCacheableDependency($field);
        });
    }
}
```



The journey of a GraphQL Request

- \$value** The value of the parent type for the field we're resolving. For root fields this is `rootValue` from our `ServerConfig`
- \$args** The arguments provided to the field in the query
- \$context** The context we set in our `ServerConfig`. A callable that returns a new `ResolveConfig` instance to keep track of cache metadata
- \$info** Information that may be useful to the field resolver: the field definition, the field name, the expected return type, the nodes in the query referencing the field, the parent type, the path to this field from the root value, the schema used for execution, all fragments in the query, the root value for query execution, the AST of the operation, and variables passed to the query execution

```
    function ($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info) use ($registry) {
        $field = new FieldContext($context, $info);
        $result = $registry->resolveField($value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
        return DeferredUtility::applyFinally($result, function ($result) use ($field, $context) {
            if ($result instanceof CacheableDependencyInterface) {
                $field->addCacheableDependency($result);
            }

            $context->addCacheableDependency($field);
        });
    }
}
```



Resolving a field with our ResolverRegistry

```
public function resolveField($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info, FieldContext $field) {
    // First, check if there is a resolver registered for this field.
    if ($resolver = $this->getRuntimeFieldResolver($value, $args, $context, $info)) {
        if (!$resolver instanceof ResolverInterface) {
            throw new \LogicException(sprintf('Field resolver for field %s on type %s is not callable.', $info-
>fieldName, $info->parentType->name));
        }

        return $resolver->resolve($value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
    }

    return call_user_func($this->defaultFieldResolver, $value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
}

protected function getRuntimeFieldResolver($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info) {
    return $this->getFieldResolverWithInheritance($info->parentType, $info->fieldName);
}
```



Resolving a field with our ResolverRegistry

```
public function getFieldResolverWithInheritance(Type $type, string $fieldName) : ?ResolverInterface {
    if ($resolver = $this->getFieldResolver($type->name, $fieldName)) {
        return $resolver;
    }

    if (!$type instanceof ImplementingType) {
        return NULL;
    }

    // Go through the interfaces implemented for the type on which this field is
    // resolved and check if they lead to a field resolution.
    foreach ($type->getInterfaces() as $interface) {
        if ($resolver = $this->getFieldResolverWithInheritance($interface, $fieldName)) {
            return $resolver;
        }
    }

    return NULL;
}

public function getFieldResolver($type, $field) {
    return $this->fieldResolvers[$type][$field] ?? NULL;
}
```



Resolving a field with our ResolverRegistry

```
public function resolveField($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info, FieldContext $field) {
    // First, check if there is a resolver registered for this field.
    if ($resolver = $this->getRuntimeFieldResolver($value, $args, $context, $info)) {
        if (!$resolver instanceof ResolverInterface) {
            throw new \LogicException(sprintf('Field resolver for field %s on type %s is not callable.', $info-
>fieldName, $info->parentType->name));
        }

        return $resolver->resolve($value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
    }

    return call_user_func($this->defaultFieldResolver, $value, $args, $context, $info, $field);
}

protected function getRuntimeFieldResolver($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info) {
    return $this->getFieldResolverWithInheritance($info->parentType, $info->fieldName);
}
```



Resolving a field with our ResolverRegistry

```
/**
 * Resolves by an argument name lookup.
 */
class Argument implements ResolverInterface {

    protected string $name;

    /**
     * @param string $name
     *   Name of the argument.
     */
    public function __construct($name) {
        $this->name = $name;
    }

    /**
     * {@inheritDoc}
     */
    public function resolve($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info, FieldContext $field) {
        return $args[$this->name] ?? NULL;
    }
}
```



Resolving a field with our ResolverRegistry

```
public function resolve($value, $args, ResolveContext $context, ResolveInfo $info, FieldContext $field) {
  $plugin = $this->prepare($value, $args, $context, $info, $field);

  return DeferredUtility::returnFinally($plugin, function (DataProducerPluginInterface $plugin) use
($context, $field) {
  foreach ($plugin->getcontexts() as $item) {
    /** @var \Drupal\Core\Plugin\Context\Context $item */
    if ($item->getContextDefinition()->isRequired() && !$item->hasContextValue()) {
      return NULL;
    }
  }

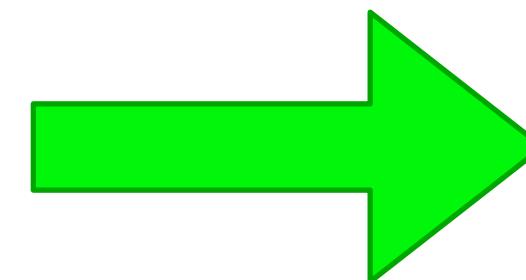
  if ($this->cached && $plugin instanceof DataProducerPluginCachingInterface) {
    if (!!$context->getServer()->get('caching')) {
      return $this->resolveCached($plugin, $context, $field);
    }
  }

  return $this->resolveUncached($plugin, $context, $field);
}) ;
}
```



Resolving a field with our ResolverRegistry

```
query {
  chatMessages(first: 1) {
    pageInfo {
      hasPreviousPage
      hasNextPage
      startCursor
      endCursor
    }
    edges {
      node {
        id
        sender {
          id
          displayName
        }
        sent {
          timestamp
        }
        content {
          ... on MediaChatMessageContent {
            text
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```



```
{
  "data": {
    "chatMessages": {
      "pageInfo": {
        "hasPreviousPage": false,
        "hasNextPage": true,
        "startCursor": "TRUNCATED",
        "endCursor": "TRUNCATED"
      },
      "edges": [
        {
          "node": {
            "id": "4bcb1252-e27d-4f2f-abd3-4f4f64cd2584",
            "sender": {
              "id": "c61e077f-f4c1-4b40-a403-869ee9a6e944",
              "displayName": "DrupalCon"
            },
            "sent": {
              "timestamp": "1649750295"
            },
            "content": {
              "text": "Welcome to DrupalCon!"
            }
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
```



What are we working on?





OAuth2 Integration

Using scopes to authorise fields in your GraphQL API

Simple OAuth (OAuth2) & OpenID Connect

Issues for Simple OAuth (OAuth2) & OpenID Connect

[Create a new issue](#) [Advanced search](#) [E-mail notifications](#)

Search for

Status: - Open issues - Priority: - Any - Category: - Any -

Version: - Any 6.* - Component: - Any -

Displaying 1 – 7 of 7

Title	Status	Priority	Category	Version	Component	Replies	Last updated	Assigned to	Created
Decoupled (static/dynamic) scopes	Needs work	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	9	4 days 7 hours	bojan_dev	1 month 4 weeks
Enhance/update consumer entity <small>new</small>	Needs review	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	8 2 new	1 week 4 days		1 month 4 weeks
Create dedicated authorization server service and implement new (scope/consumer) data model <small>new</small>	Active	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	3 1 new	3 weeks 4 days		1 month 4 weeks
Migrate roles (used as scopes) to the new "Scope" entity <small>new</small>	Active	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	1 1 new	3 weeks 4 days		3 weeks 4 days
Support generating static scopes via Drupal console or drush <small>new</small>	Active	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	1 1 new	3 weeks 5 days		3 weeks 5 days
Introspection/debug response should be conform OAuth2 specs <small>new</small>	Active	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	4 1 new	3 weeks 5 days		1 month 4 weeks
Make registration possible in the authorize flow	Active	Normal	Feature request	6.0.x-dev	Code	2	1 month 2 days		1 month 4 weeks

Coming up: Simple OAuth 6.0



Schema Linting

Sticking to the promise you made to your API clients

Make sure we don't break backwards compatibility in our API

Ensure this works with Drupal's modularity

```
~ $ graphql-schema-linter schema/**/*.graphql
schema/comment.graphql
2:1 The enum `CommentStatus` should be sorted alphabetically. enum-values-sorted-alphabetically
10:1 The object type `Comment` is missing a description. types-have-descriptions

schema/query.graphql
4:20 The field `Query.users` is deprecated but has no deprecation reason. deprecations-have-a-reason

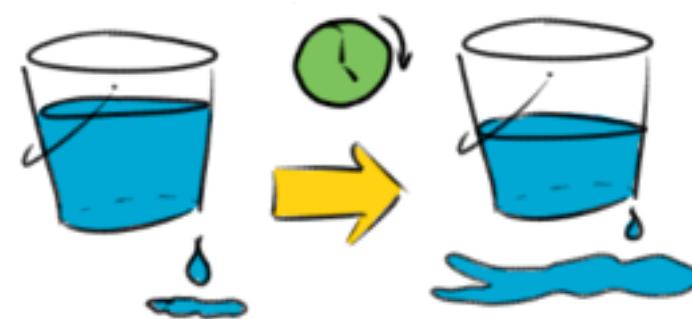
schema/user.graphql
2:6 The object type `user` should start with a capital letter. types-are-capitalized
2:1 The type `user` is defined in the schema but not used anywhere. defined-types-are-used
3:3 The field `user.email` is missing a description. fields-have-descriptions

✖ 6 errors detected
```



Rate Limiting

Prevent malicious users from using all the server resources



Implement leaky-bucket rate limiting to limit number of requests per timespan

Implement query complexity analysis and complexity limiting.



Want more?

- Testing
- Directives
- Schema Design
- Custom validation
- QueryLoader Plugins

#graphql on drupal.slack.com

twitter.com/Kingdutch



“

Thank you

”

Alexander Varwijk