

oblig_1b/terningkast_2.py

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 import numpy as np
4
5 # Importing csv files
6 p1 = pd.read_csv("oblig_1b/Terning_20.csv")
7 # Function to perform linear regression, plot, calculate SSE, and calculate SE
8 def linear_regression_and_plot(df, x_col, y_col, num_points, file_suffix):
9     # Create a new DataFrame with columns "1" and the independent variable
10     X = pd.DataFrame({
11         "Intercept": np.ones(num_points),
12         x_col: df[x_col].iloc[0:num_points]
13     })
14
15     # Define y as the dependent variable
16     y = df[y_col].iloc[0:num_points]
17
18     # Convert the DataFrames to numpy arrays
19     X_np = X.values
20     y_np = y.values.reshape(-1, 1)
21
22     # Calculating regression line
23     # Calculate the dot product of the matrix and its transpose
24     XtX = np.dot(X_np.T, X_np)
25     XtX_inv = np.linalg.inv(XtX)
26     Xty = np.dot(X_np.T, y_np)
27
28     # Calculate beta coefficients
29     beta = np.dot(XtX_inv, Xty)
30     alpha = beta[0]
31     print(f'alpha ({file_suffix}): {alpha}')
32     print(f'beta ({file_suffix}): {beta[1]}')
33
34     # Calculate regression line and residuals
35     regression_line = np.dot(X_np, beta)
36     residuals = y_np - regression_line
37
38     # Calculate SSE (Sum of Squared Errors)
39     SSE = np.sum(residuals**2)
40     print(f'SSE ({file_suffix}): {SSE}')
41
42     # Calculate SE (Standard Error of the regression)
43     # Degrees of freedom: num_points - number of parameters
44     dof = num_points - len(beta)
45     SE = np.sqrt(SSE / dof)
46     print(f'SE ({file_suffix}): {SE}')
47
48     # Plotting the scatter plot and regression line
49     plt.scatter(df[x_col][0:num_points], df[y_col][0:num_points], color="pink",
50 marker="o")
51     plt.plot(X_np[:, 1], regression_line, color="blue", linewidth=3)
52     plt.xlabel(x_col)
53     plt.ylabel(y_col)
54     plt.title(f'Scatter Plot with Regression Line {file_suffix}')
55     plt.savefig(f'oblig_1b/plot_{file_suffix}.png')
56     plt.show()
```

```
57     return alpha, beta[1], SSE, SE
58
59 # Perform linear regression, plot, calculate SSE, and calculate SE for the first
   subset
60 alpha_5, beta_5, SSE_5, SE_5 = linear_regression_and_plot(p1, "Hoyde", "Lengde", 5,
   "5_points")
61
62 # Perform linear regression, plot, calculate SSE, and calculate SE for the all data
   subset
63 alpha_30, beta_30, SSE_30, SE_30 = linear_regression_and_plot(p1, "Hoyde", "Lengde"
   , 30, "30_points")
64
```