AERSP 424: Advanced Computer Programming

Homework 1 Spring 2023

Submission Instructions:

- Submit a .zip files containing your .cpp and/or .h files.
- Your code needs to be compilable.
- If you upload an updated submission, please remove the previous submission as only the final submission will be graded.
- Using comments to explain your code is mandatory.
- Submission deadline is at 11:59 PM on Friday 2/3/2023 (The late policy mentioned in the syllabus will be applied).
- Explicitly declare variables with a proper name (easy to understand) and datatype (reflect the real-world scenario if possible).

Question 1 (40 points): Functions, Arithmetic, and Iterations

Given simplified nonlinear dynamics of a multirotor (each one is scalar)

$$\begin{split} \dot{x} &= u \cdot \cos(\theta) \cos(\psi) + v \cdot (\sin(\phi) \sin(\theta) \cos(\psi) - \cos(\phi) \sin(\psi)) + w \cdot (\cos(\phi) \sin(\theta) \cos(\psi) + \sin(\phi) \sin(\psi)) \\ \dot{y} &= u \cdot \cos(\theta) \sin(\psi) + v \cdot (\sin(\phi) \sin(\theta) \sin(\psi) + \cos(\phi) \cos(\psi)) + w \cdot (\cos(\phi) \sin(\theta) \sin(\psi) - \sin(\phi) \cos(\psi)) \\ \dot{z} &= -u \cdot \sin(\theta) + v \cdot \sin(\phi) \cos(\theta) + w \cdot \cos(\phi) \cos(\theta) \\ \dot{u} &= rv - qw - g \cdot \sin(\theta) + \frac{F_x}{m} \\ \dot{v} &= pw - ru + g \cdot \sin(\phi) \cos(\theta) + \frac{F_z}{m} \\ \dot{w} &= qu - pv + g \cdot \cos(\phi) \cos(\theta) + \frac{F_z}{m} \\ \dot{\phi} &= p + \left(q \cdot \sin(\phi) + r \cdot \cos(\phi)\right) \cdot \tan(\theta) \\ \dot{\theta} &= q \cdot \cos(\phi) - r \cdot \sin(\phi) \\ \dot{\psi} &= \left(q \cdot \sin(\phi) + r \cdot \cos(\phi)\right) / \cos(\theta) \\ \dot{p} &= \frac{\left(l_y - l_z\right) \cdot qr + M_x}{l_x} \\ \dot{q} &= \frac{\left(l_z - l_x\right) \cdot rp + M_y}{l_y} \\ \dot{r} &= \frac{\left(l_x - l_y\right) \cdot pq + M_z}{l_z} \end{split}$$

where x, y, z are positions in North-East-Down (NED) coordinate frame, u, v, w are velocities in body frame, ϕ, θ, ψ are vehicle orientation, p, q, r are body angular rates, F_x, F_y, F_z are forces, M_x, M_y, M_z are moments, m is mass, I_x, I_y, I_z are moments of inertia, and g is gravity.

- Write a function named *dynamics* to compute state derivatives based on the given equations above.
- In this function, pass state variables $(x, y, z, u, v, w, \phi, \theta, \psi, p, q, r)$, control variables $(F_x, F_y, F_z, M_x, M_y, M_z)$, and system parameters (m, I_x, I_y, I_z, g) by value, and pass state derivates by reference.
- Write another function named *integration* to implement the Euler integration method, using, i.e.,

$$x_{k+1} = x_k + \dot{x}_k \cdot \Delta t$$

where $\mathbf{x} = [x, y, z, u, v, w, \phi, \theta, \psi, p, q, r]^T$.

- In this function, pass state variables by reference, and pass state derivatives and the timestep by value.
- Perform a numerical integration from t = 0 to t = 3 by calling these two functions using a timestep, $\Delta t = 0.001$.
- Print out the final values of the states.

Note:

- Assume an initial condition of $x = 0, y = 0, z = -1, u = 0, v = 0, w = 0, \phi, = 0$ $\theta = 0, \psi = 0, p = 0, q = 0, r = 0$.
- Apply the same control inputs $F_x = 0$, $F_y = 0$, $F_z = -mg$, $M_x = 1$, $M_y = 0$, $M_z = 0$ at every iteration.
- Use these values for system parameters $m=1.5, I_x=0.05, I_y=0.05, I_z=0.07, g=9.81.$
- All units are in SI.
- The orientation (ϕ, θ, ψ) must be within $[-\pi, \pi)$ in every iteration.
- A negative value of any z-component implies upward direction.

Question 2 (30 points): Pointers, and Bit Manipulation

- Pick your favorite *float* number.
- Print its binary representation as a string or an array of characters.
- Replace the first eight bits of its mantissa with the inverse of its exponent bits.
- Print its new binary representation and decimal value.

Question 3 (30 points): Variadic Template, and Function Overloading

Write a C++ program that can print an <u>arbitrary number</u> (strictly positive) of arguments of <u>any fundamental types</u> (boolean, character, integer, floating-point, and string), <u>including pointers</u> of those fundamental types, solely by calling the same function.