

## AI 中的数学 9.23 作业

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### 教材 2.1

黑桃张数  $X$  满足超几何分布,  $P(X = x) = \frac{\binom{13}{x} \binom{39}{5-x}}{\binom{52}{5}}, x = 0, 1, \dots, 5$ 。

### 教材 2.2

$P(X = k) = \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda}$ , 而  $P(X = 1) = P(X = 2)$ , 有  $\lambda = 2$ 。

进而  $P(X = 4) = \frac{2}{3e^2}$ 。

### 教材 2.3

记  $X$  为圆的面积,  $Y$  为圆的直径,  $X = \frac{\pi}{4} Y^2$ 。

$$g(y) = \begin{cases} 0, & y < a \\ \frac{1}{b-a}, & a \leq y \leq b \\ 1, & y > b \end{cases}$$

进而

$$f(x) = g(2\sqrt{\frac{x}{\pi}}) \left| (2\sqrt{\frac{x}{\pi}})' \right| = \begin{cases} 0, & x < \frac{\pi}{4} a^2 \\ \frac{1}{(b-a)\sqrt{\pi}}, & \frac{\pi}{4} a^2 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{4} b^2 \\ 1, & x > \frac{\pi}{4} b^2 \end{cases}$$

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} P(X = x) x dx = \frac{1}{(b-a)\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\pi}{4} a^2}^{\frac{\pi}{4} b^2} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{b^2 + ab + a^2}{12} \pi$$

$$\text{var}(x) = E(X - E(X))^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} P(X = x) (x - E(X))^2 dx = \frac{\pi^2}{720} (4b^4 + 4a^4 + 4b^3 a + 4ba^3 - a^2 b^2)$$

### 教材 2.4

$$(1) \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} p(x) dx = 1 = c \Rightarrow c = 1。$$

$$(2) \text{ 根据伽玛分布 } p(x) = \frac{\beta^\alpha x^{\alpha-1}}{\Gamma(\alpha)} e^{-\beta x}, \text{ 于是有 } c = \frac{\beta^{\alpha+1}}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}。$$

$$(3) \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} p(x) dx = 1 = c\pi \Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{\pi}。$$

## 教材 2.5

(1)  $P(X = a)$  就是  $F(x)$  在  $a$  的跳点的值, 因此  $P(X = a) = F(a) - F(a - 0)$ 。

(2)  $P(a < X < b) = F(b) - F(a) - P(b) = F(b) - F(a) - F(b) + F(b - 0) = F(b - 0) - F(a)$ 。

## 教材 2.6

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\}, \quad y = e^x, \quad \text{则 } g(y) = \frac{1}{y\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(\ln y - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\},$$

对于  $Y$  的期望, 有

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\infty g(y)y dy &= \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(\ln y - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dy \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{x - \frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu - \sigma^2)^2}{2\sigma^2} - \frac{\sigma^4 - 2\mu\sigma^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu - \sigma^2)^2}{2\sigma^2} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} + \mu\right\} dx \end{aligned}$$

因为  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu - \sigma^2)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx = 1$ , 故  $E(Y) = \exp\left\{\frac{\sigma^2}{2} + \mu\right\}$ 。

对于  $Y$  的方差, 有

$$\begin{aligned} E(Y^2) &= \int_0^\infty g(y)y^2 dy = \int_0^\infty \frac{y}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(\ln y - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dy \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{2x - \frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu - 2\sigma^2)^2}{2\sigma^2} - \frac{4\sigma^4 - 4\mu\sigma^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x - \mu - 2\sigma^2)^2}{2\sigma^2} + 2\sigma^2 + 2\mu\right\} dx \\ &= \exp\{2\sigma^2 + 2\mu\} \end{aligned}$$

于是,

$$\text{var}(Y) = E(Y^2) - E(Y)^2 = \exp\{\sigma^2 + 2\mu\}(\exp\{\sigma^2\} - 1)$$

## 教材 2.9

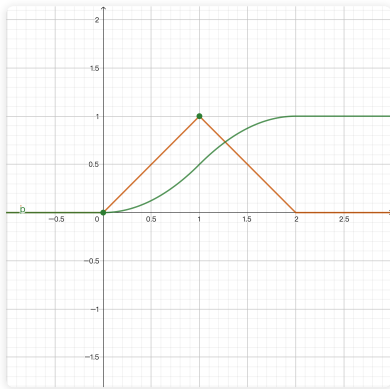
记  $Y$  的分布密度为  $q(y)$ ,  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}mx^2$ ,  $g(y) = \sqrt{\frac{2y}{m}}$ , 于是有

$$q(y) = p(g(y))|g'(y)| = \frac{4\sqrt{2y}}{a^3 m^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\frac{2y}{ma^2}}, y \geq 0$$

当  $y < 0$  时,  $q(y) = 0$ 。

## 教材 2.11

$$F_X(x) = P(X \leq x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2}(2-x)^2, & 1 < x \leq 2 \\ 1, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$



## 教材 2.12

查表, 当  $x = 1.30$  时候,  $\Phi(x) = 0.9032$ , 当  $x = 1.28$  时候  $\Phi(x) = 0.8997$ , 于是  $\sigma$  最多是  $\frac{40}{1.28} = 31.25$ 。