## **Assignment: GPS unit for hikers**

GPS has been built in to many consumer devices. Here we consider the GPS unit typically used by hikers and hill-walkers. An important feature of such units is the ability to mark *waypoints* and collect them into a path that can be retrieved later. Another important feature is the distance and bearing to a waypoint - you have a target waypoint and want to know in what direction it is and how far away it is.

When queried, the GPS generates the current longitude and latitude - a pair of floating point numbers. The range of longitude is -180 degrees to +180 degrees with 0 being the meridian (line) which passes through Grenwich, England. The range of latitude is -90 degrees to +90 degrees with 0 being the Equator. This means that values for Ireland will always be negative for longitude and positive for latitude.

Write a method to create a reference to current location that returns a longitude/latitude pair. This method uses the random function. The ranges for Ireland are approximately -11.0 < longitude < -5.0 and 51.0 < latitude < 55.0.

A *waypoint* will be a position (lon/lat pair) and a name. A *route* will be an ordered collection of two or more waypoints.

Your program should implement this functionality:

- 1. Set and retrieve the current location. Save the current position as a named waypoint. Call it 'CurrentLocation'
- 2. Set and retrieve other user-defined waypoints".
- 3. Save and retrieve named paths consisting of a sequence of waypoints.
- 4. Calculate the distance to a given waypoint from the current location.
- 5. Calculate the *direction* as a compass bearing from the current location to a given waypoint. Range is  $\theta \le bearing \le 36\theta$ .

## The formula for **bearing** is:

```
y = \sin(\lambda 2 - \lambda 1) * \cos(\varphi 2)
x = \cos(\varphi 1) * \sin(\varphi 2) - \sin(\varphi 1) * \cos(\varphi 2) * \cos(\lambda 2 - \lambda 1)
brng = atan2(y, x) expressed in degrees.
\lambda \text{ is longitude}
\varphi \text{ is latitude}
1 \text{ or } 2 \text{ refers to the source (current) or target point (other)}
So \lambda 2 - \lambda 1 \text{ is quivalent to other.lon } - \text{ self.lon}
```

Create a loop/menu that prompts the user with choices based on the above. Test all methods.