COMP2411 Fall 2023 Class Exercise 3 (SQL)

Student Name:					
Student ID:					
		PART JOB	S(<u>S#</u> , SNAME, ST P(<u>P#</u> , PNAME, COI J(<u>J#</u> , JNAME, CI SPJ(<u>S#, P#, J#,</u>	LOR, WEIGHT, CIT TY)	⁻ Y)
1.	1. Get the parts which are red in color.				
	SELECT * FROM P WHERE P.color = 'red'				
$\sigma_{P.color = 'red'}(P)$					
	SELECT [P.COLOR'red'] (P)				
2. Get the status of the suppliers which have jobs in 'Hong Kong'.					
	SELECT DISTINCT S.status FROM S JOIN SPJ USING S# JOIN J USING J# WHERE J.city = 'Hong Kong'				
	PROJECT[S.STATUS] (SELECT [J.CITY = 'Hong Kong'] ((S JOIN SPJ WITH S#) JOIN J WITH J#))				
3.	Get all pairs of city names such that a supplier located in the first city supplies a part stored in the second city.				
	SELECT DISTINCT S.CITY AS SCITY, P.CITY AS PCITY FROM S JOIN SPJ USING S# JOIN P USING P#				
	PROJECT[S.CITY, P.CITY] ((S JOIN SPJ WITH S#) JOIN J WITH J#))				

4. Get supplier names for suppliers who do not supply part P2.

5. Get supplier names for suppliers who supply all parts.

```
SELECT DISTINCT S.SNAME
FROM S
WHERE NOT EXISTS
(SELECT *
FROM P
WHERE NOT EXISTS
(SELECT *
FROM SPJ
WHERE SPJ.S# = S.#
AND SPJ.P# = P.P#))

PROJECT[S.SNAME] (S JOIN
(PROJECT[S#,P#] (SPJ) / PROJECT[P#](P))
WITH S#)
```

6. Get the total number of suppliers *

```
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM S
```

7. For each part supplied, get the part number and the total shipment quantity *

```
SELECT SPJ.P#, SUM(SPJ.QTY) AS TOTQTY FROM SPJ
GROUP BY SP.P#
```