

# Introduction to NLP

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CSX4210/INX4210 Natural Language Processing and Social Interaction

Vincent Mary School of Engineering, Science and Technology

Assumption University

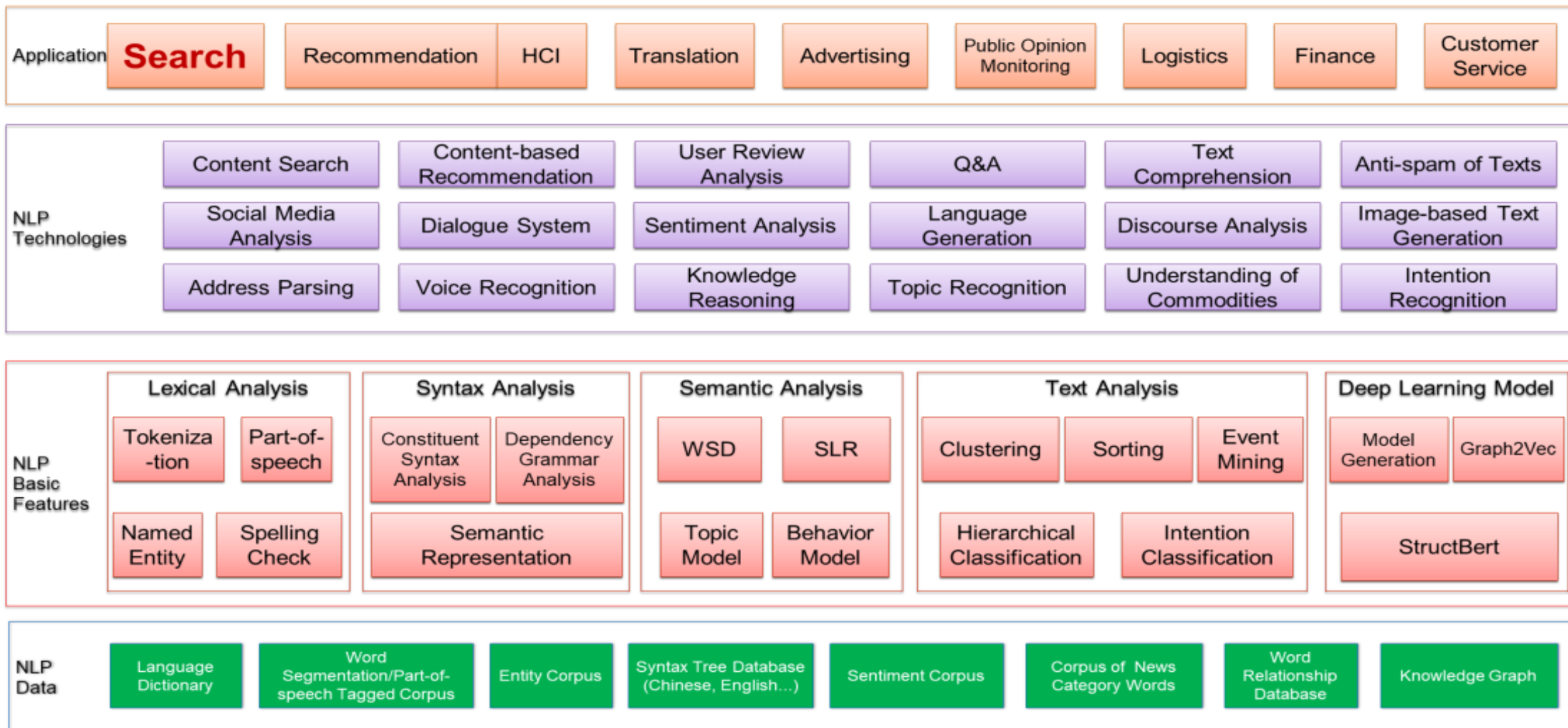




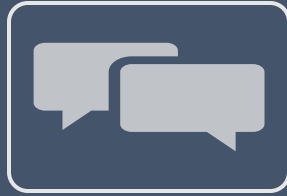
# How is NLP used in these applications?



# Capabilities of NLP

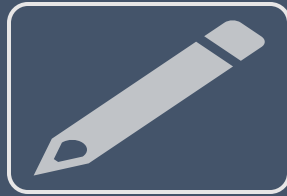


# Areas of NLP



## How to Read

- Natural Language Understanding



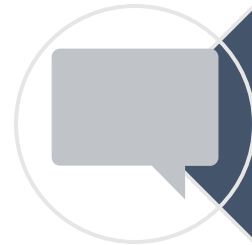
## How to Write

- Natural Language Generation

# Formats of Inputs



Text



Speech

# Challenges in NLP

- Natural language is ambiguous.
- Some words have different meaning in different context (Semantic Ambiguity).

Lexical Ambiguity

John went to the bank.

Financial institution?

Bank of the river?

- Syntactic Ambiguity

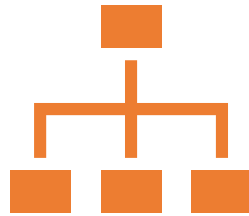
Put the box on the table in the kitchen

Is the box already on the table, and  
to be put in the kitchen

Is the box to be put on the table which  
is in the kitchen?

Analysis in

# NLP



## Syntactic Analysis

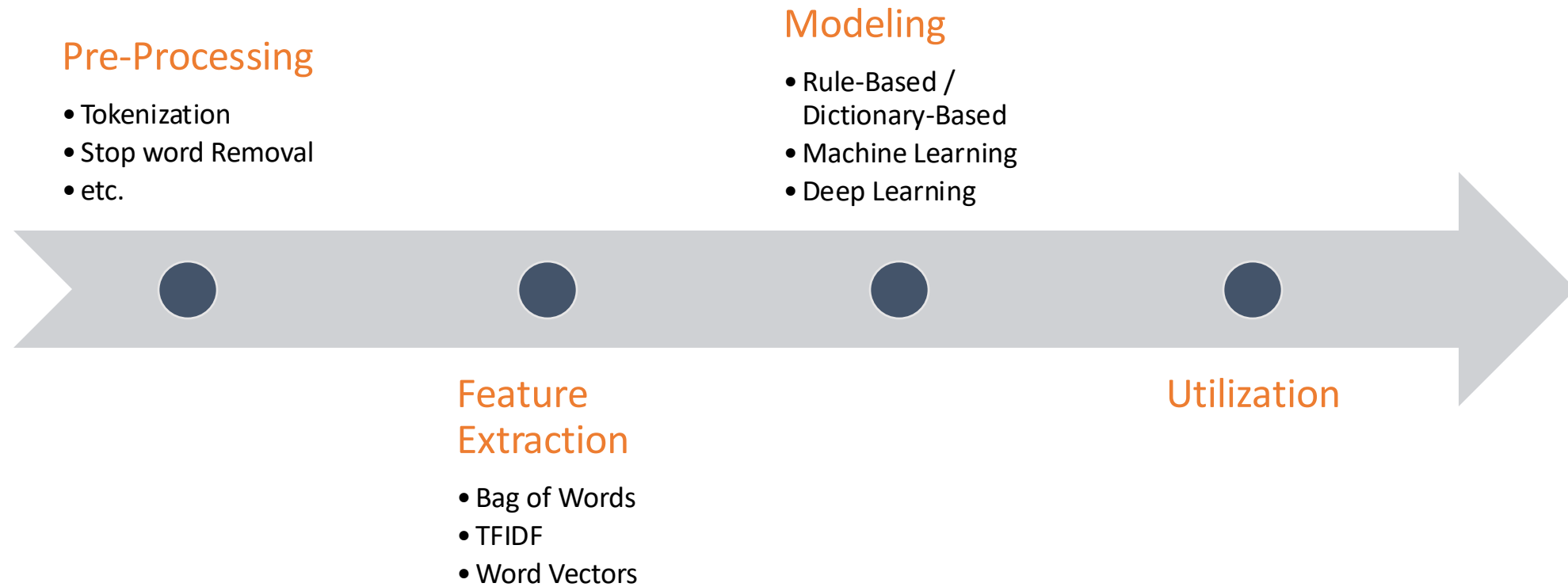
Structure



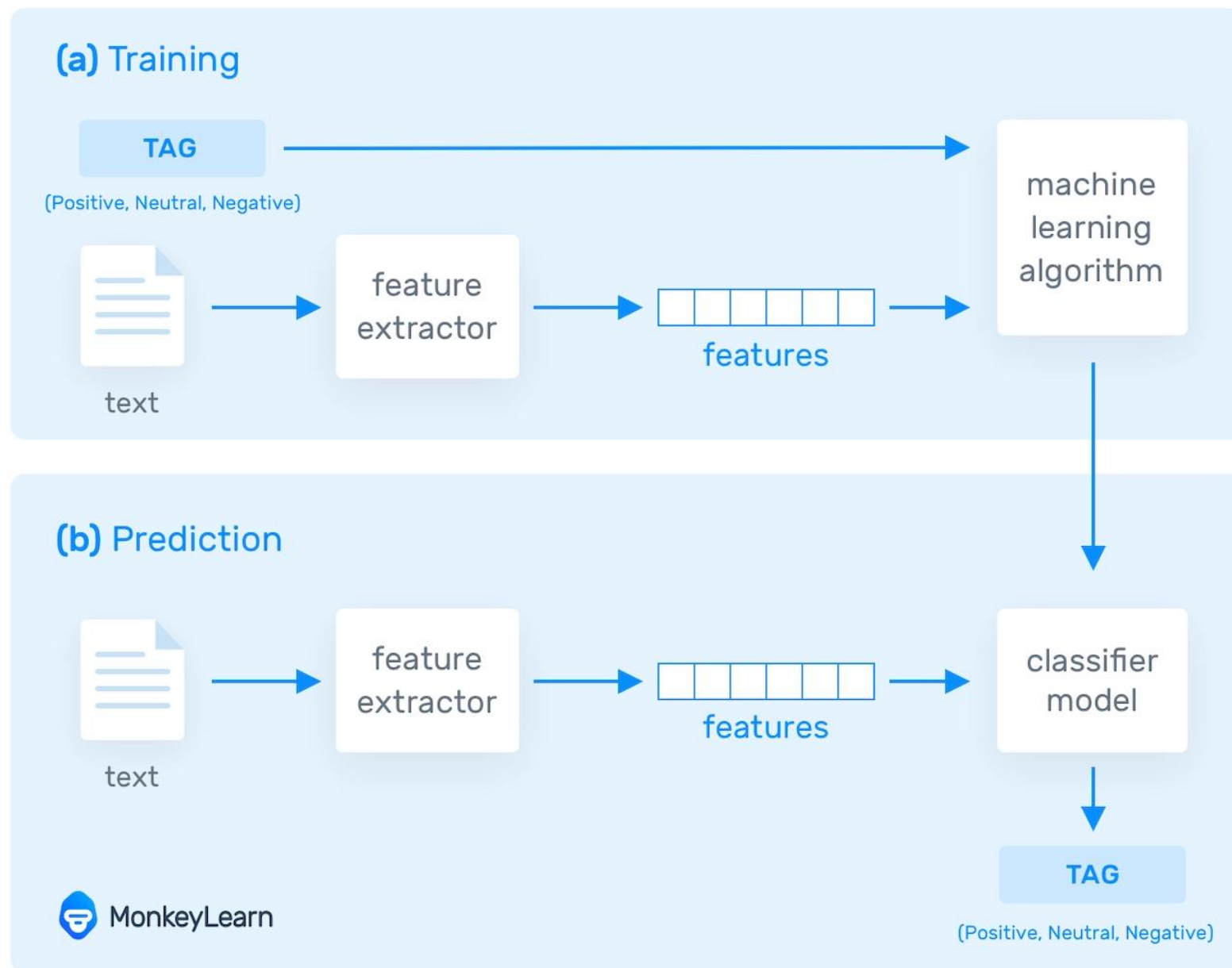
## Semantic Analysis

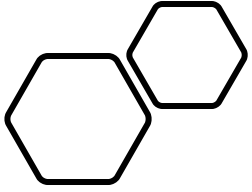
Meaning

# NLP Pipeline



# ML Process in NLP





Preparing/cleaning the data in such a way that it can be fed to the model.

# Pre-Processing

# Pre-Processing

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- Tokenization
- Stop Words Removal
- Normalization
  - Stemming
  - Lemmatization
- Spelling Correction

# Tokenization

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- The process of separating streams of text into smaller units (which can be sentences, tokens or words).
- **Sentence tokenization** breaks long text into sentences.
- **Word tokenization** splits text in a sentence into words.
- **Language Issues:**
  - No word boundaries (no space between words) e.g. Chinese, Japanese, Thai
  - No sentence boundaries (no period at the end of the sentence) e.g. Thai
- **Challenges:**
  - Handling words that are often appearing together.
  - Artificial Intelligence, Computer Science, Machine Learning

# Example: Tokenization

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- I love to travel.

I love to travel

- Artificial Intelligence can make it better.

Artificial Intelligence can make it better

Artificial Intelligence can make it better

# Stop Words Removal

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- Stop words are **commonly used** words in the language.
  - a, an, the, in, on, and etc.
- They are normally considered **unimportant**; hence, usually are removed so the algorithm can focus on the more important ones.
- The set of stop words to use and the decision whether to remove them depend on applications.

I need help on how to adopt AI in my business.



need help how adopt AI business

i, in, on, my, to

# Normalization

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- Both lemmatization and stemming reduce the inflected word to its root form.
- **Stemming**
  - is based on heuristic algorithm that removes the end of words.
  - may not give out the actual language words.
- **Lemmatization**
  - uses morphological analysis of words.
  - returns the dictionary form of the words (*aka* lemma).

# Example: Stemming vs. Lemmatization

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Stemming



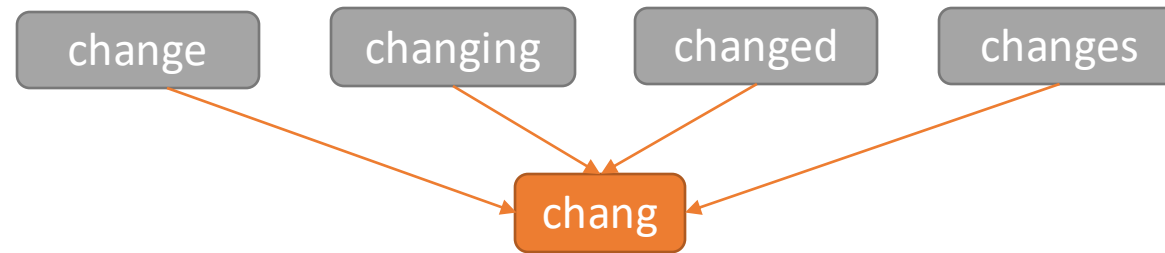
Lemmatization



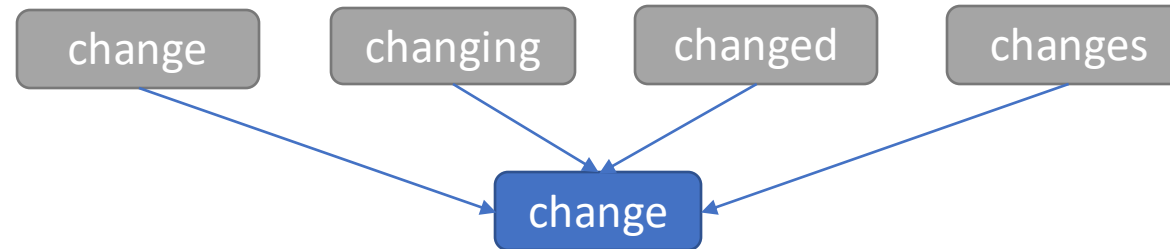
# Example: Stemming vs. Lemmatization

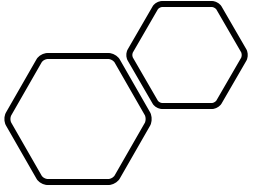
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Stemming



Lemmatization





# NLP Subtasks

# Part-of-Speech Tagging

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- *aka* POS Tagging
- The process of assigning a **part-of-speech** or lexical class marker to each word in a collection.
- **Traditional** Parts of Speech
  - noun, verb, adjective, preposition, adverb, article, interjection, pronoun, conjunction, etc.

The	suite	was	very	good	with	comfortable	furniture
DET	N	V	ADV	ADJ	P	ADJ	N

# Named Entity Recognition

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- The process of detecting named entities in the given text.
- Useful in co-reference resolution.
- Examples of named entities:
  - Person's name e.g. James Bond, Joe Biden
  - Location e.g. Bangkok, New York City
  - Organization name e.g. Assumption University, Bank of America

Joe Biden is the 46th president of the United States of America.



Joe Biden is the 46th president of the United States of America.

Person

Country

# Parsing

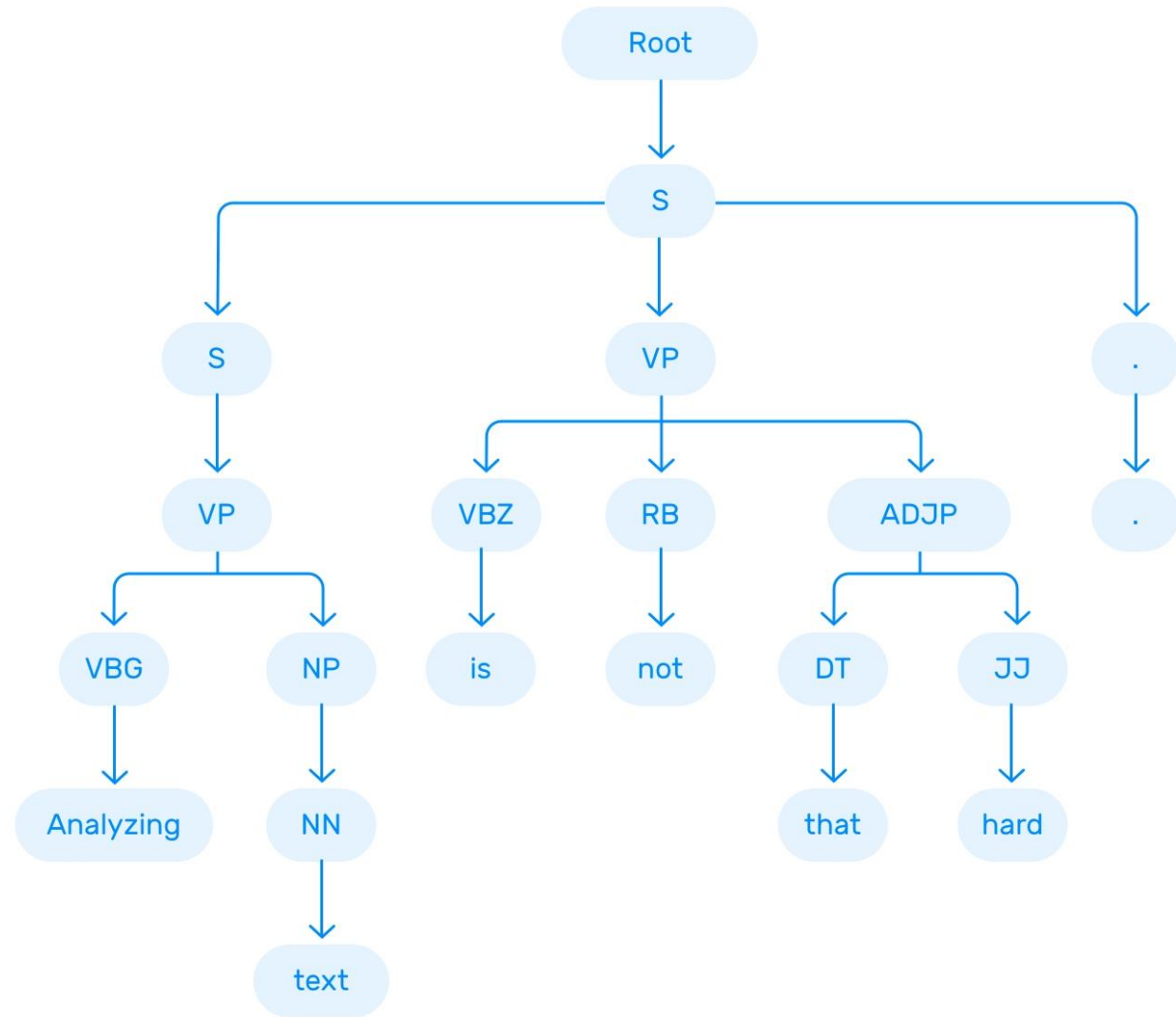
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Understanding the structure of the text, check if it conforms to the grammar and form a parse tree.

# Constituency Parsing

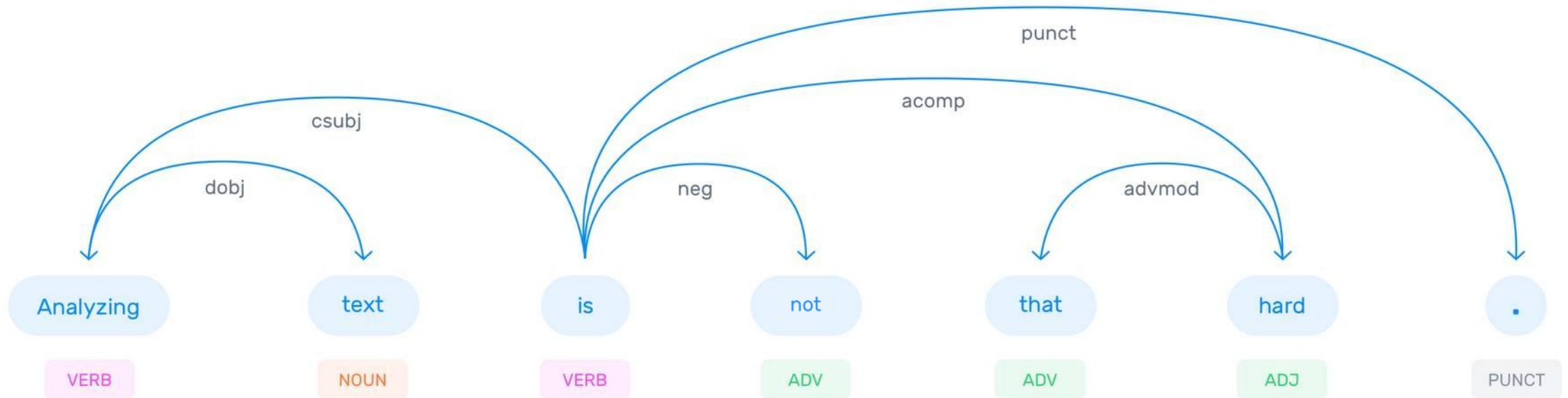
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Analyze the **syntactic structure** of a sentence (phrase structure).



# Dependency Parsing

Analyze how words in a sentence are **related**.



# Word Sense Disambiguation

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- *aka* WSD
- The process of determining which sense of a word is meant in a sentence.

I can hear **bass** sound.

frequency

He likes to eat grilled **bass**.

fish

# NLP Tasks

Topic Modeling

Text Summarization

Topic Classification

Sentiment Analysis

Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis

Emotion Analysis

Machine Translation

Speech Recognition (Speech-to-Text)

Speech Synthesis (Text-to-Speech)

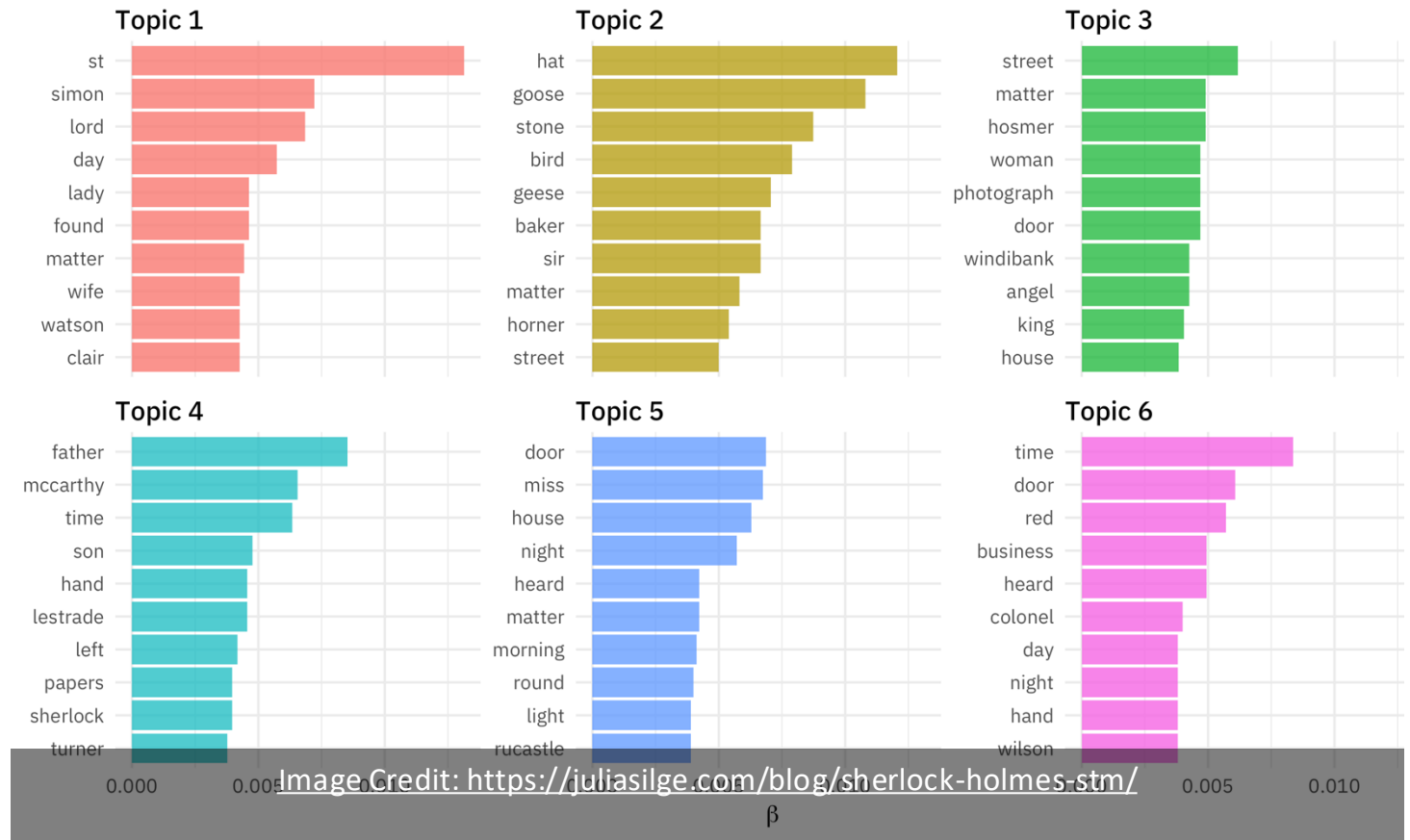
and many more...

# Topic Modeling

- Discover **hidden** topics or themes from a collection of documents

## Highest word probabilities for each topic

Different words are associated with different topics



# Text Summarization

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- Summarize the given text.

Summarize this for a second-grade student:

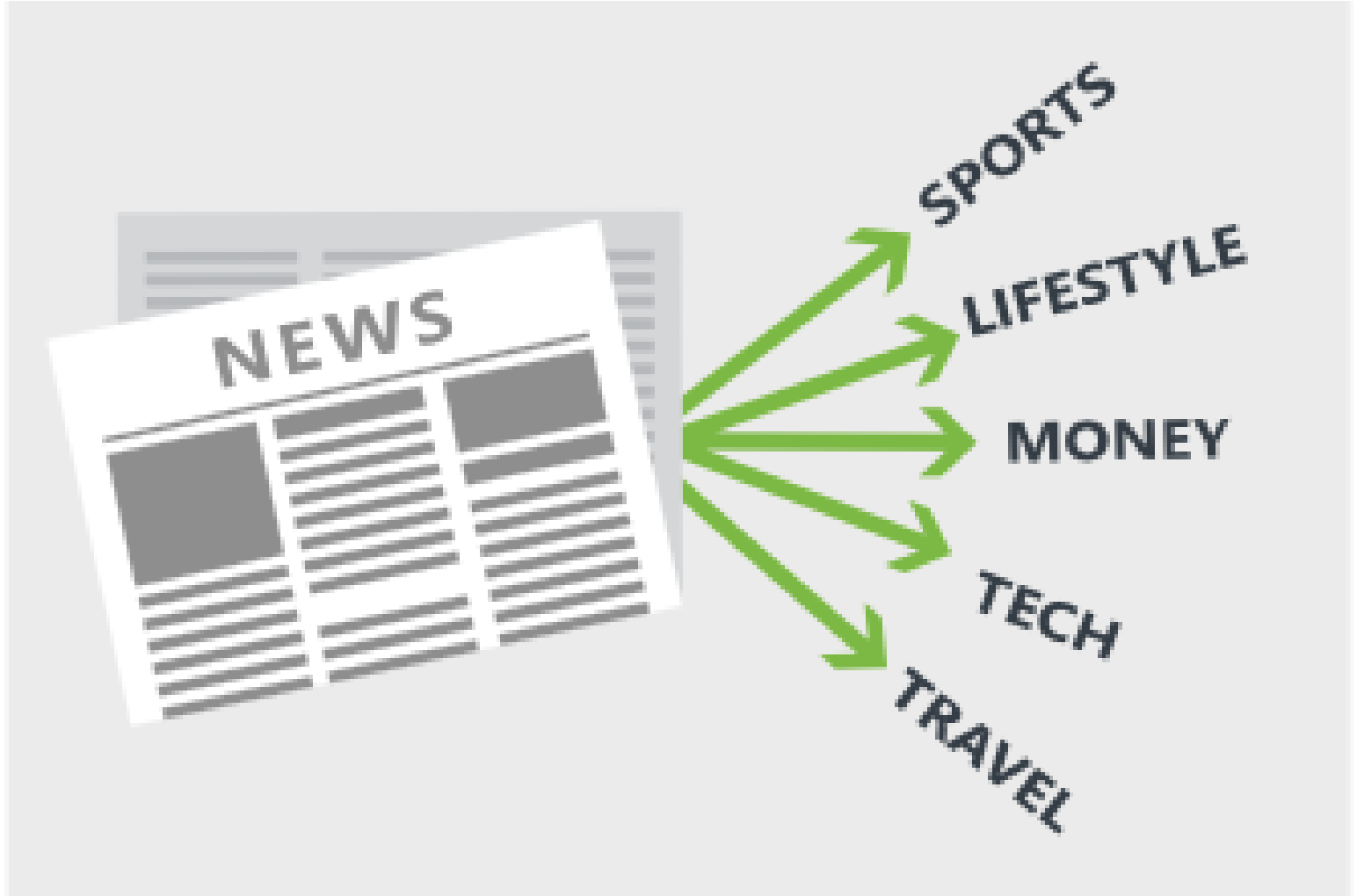
Jupiter is the fifth planet from the Sun and the largest in the Solar System. It is a gas giant with a mass one-thousandth that of the Sun, but two-and-a-half times that of all the other planets in the Solar System combined. Jupiter is one of the brightest objects visible to the naked eye in the night sky, and has been known to ancient civilizations since before recorded history. It is named after the Roman god Jupiter.[19] When viewed from Earth, Jupiter can be bright enough for its reflected light to cast visible shadows, [20] and is on average the third-brightest natural object in the night sky after the Moon and Venus.

Jupiter is the fifth planet from the Sun and the biggest in our Solar System. It is so bright that you can see it in the night sky. It was named after the Roman god Jupiter and it is the third brightest thing in the sky after the Moon and Venus.

# Topic Classification

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- Classify a document or article based on a **predefined** set of **topics**.



# Sentiment Analysis

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- Determine **general feelings** e.g. positive or negative.



# Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis

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- Identify the **fine-grained polarity** or sentiment towards an **aspect**.

Very friendly and helpful staff. Amazing and very quiet location directly at the beach.

The grounds were beautiful but the price of the townhouse was a little pricey considering what you got

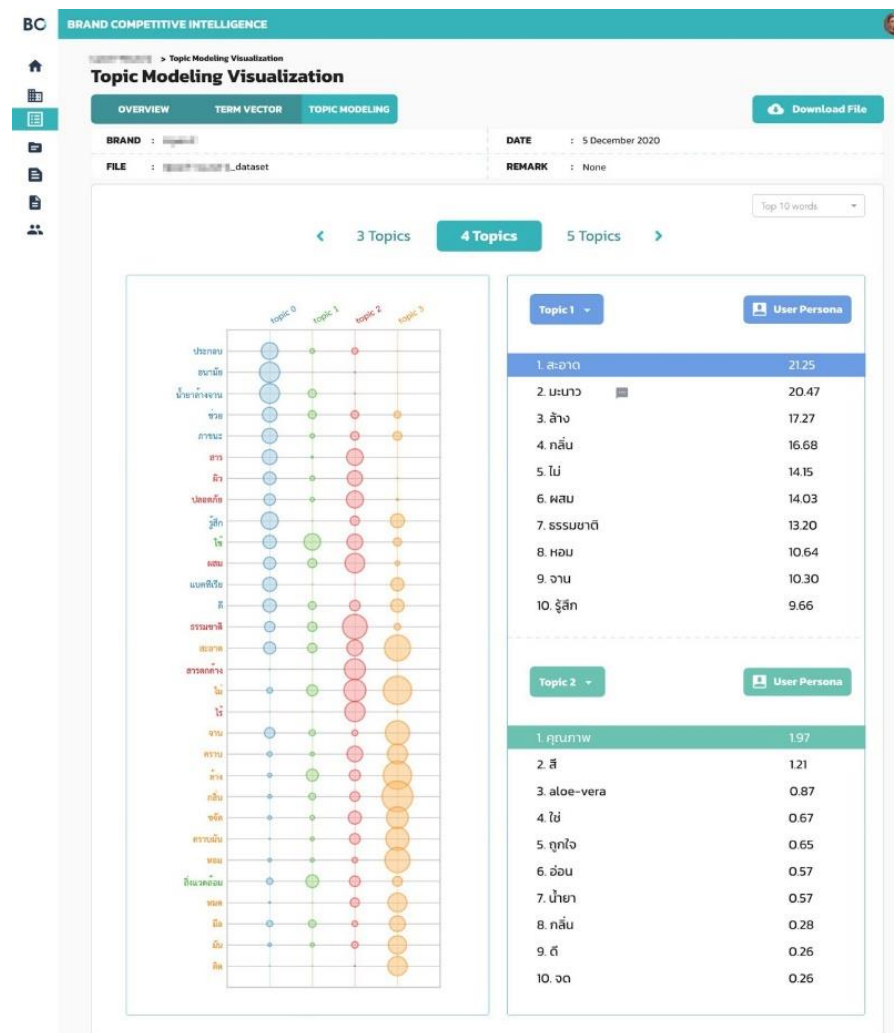
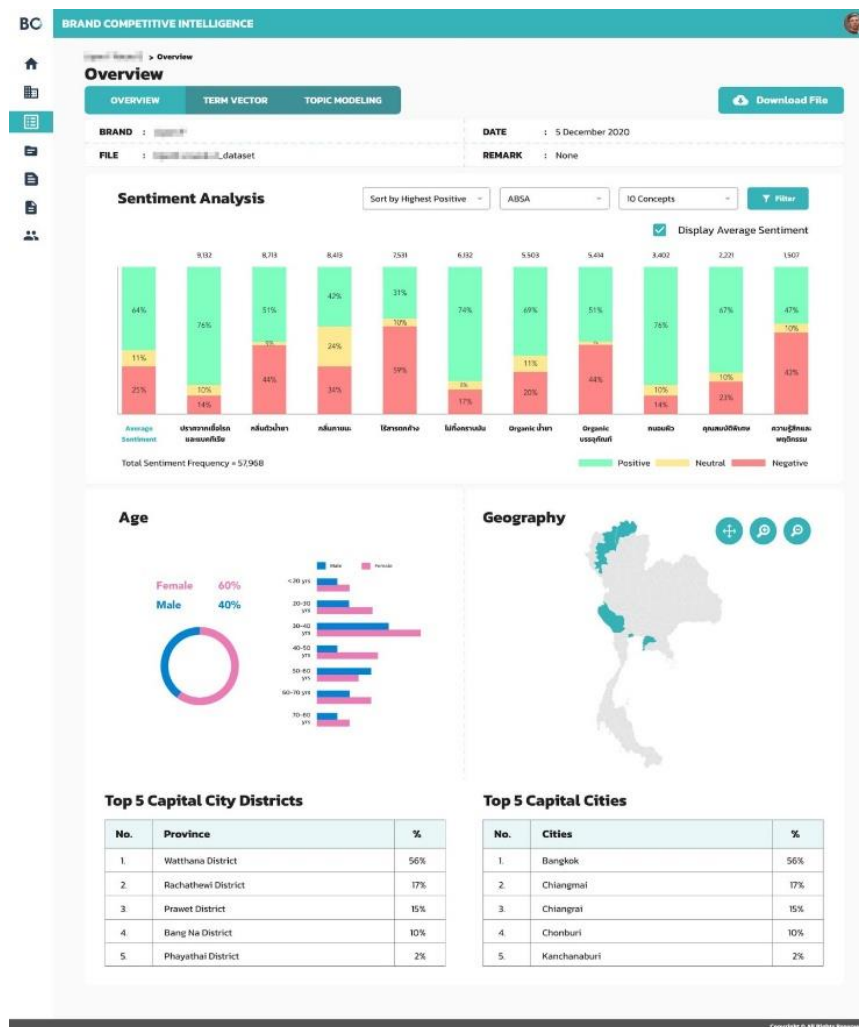
# Emotion Analysis

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- Determine **emotions** conveyed in the given data (text or speech).

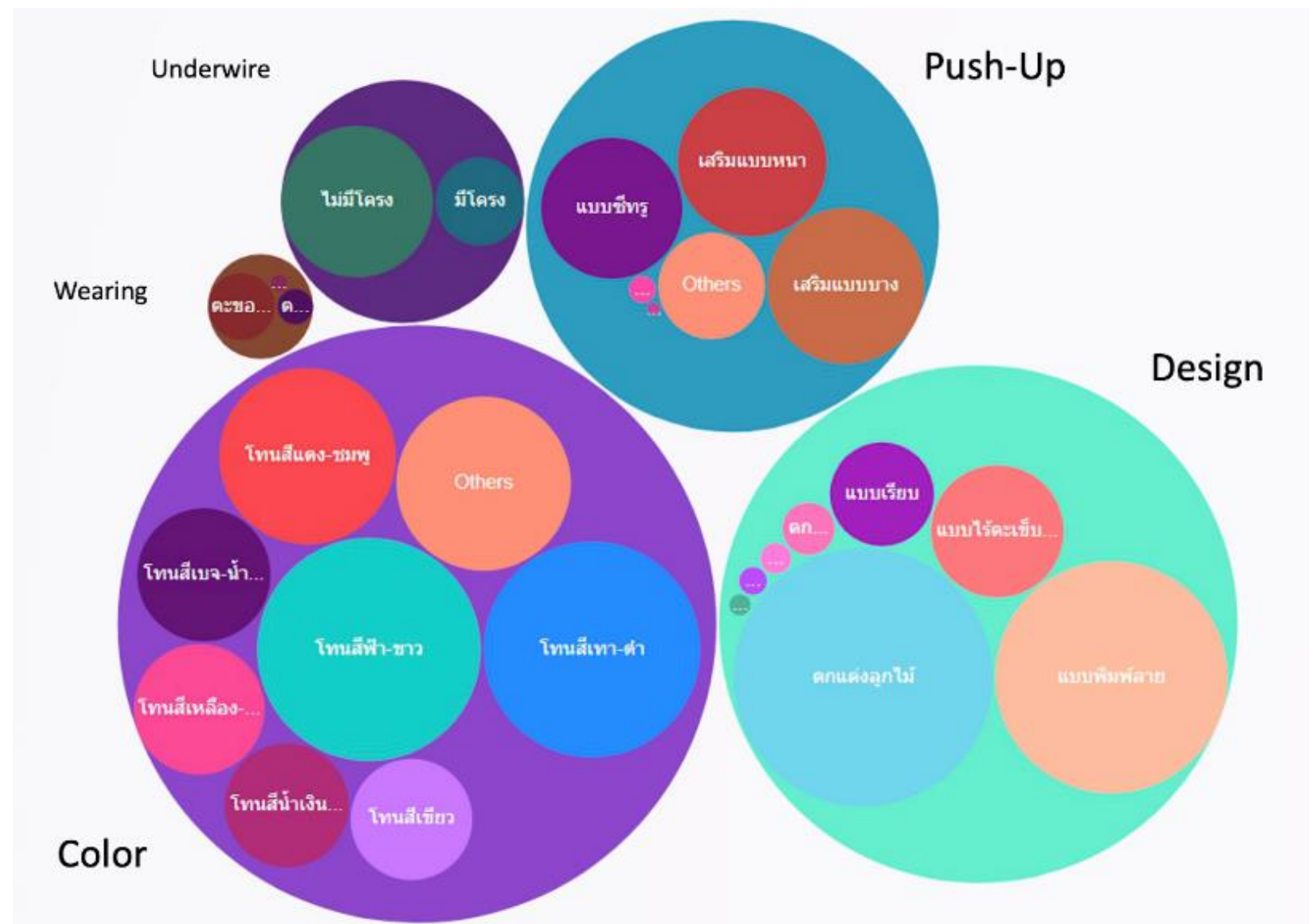


# NLP for Market Research



# NLP for

## Market Research



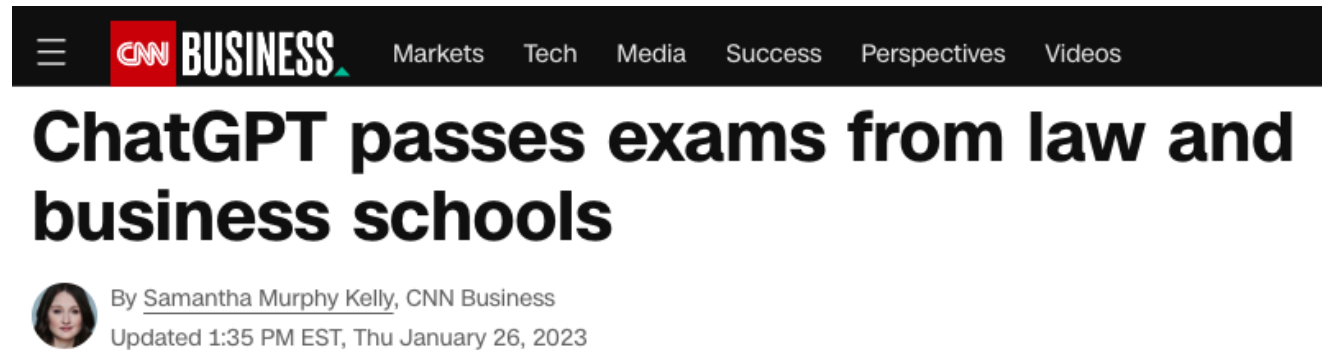


# New Kid in Town

# ChatGPT

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- Chat Generative Pre-Trained Transformer
- A chatbot by OpenAI launched in November 2022



- Try it out at [chat.openai.com](https://chat.openai.com)

## ChatGPT



### Examples

"Explain quantum computing in simple terms" →

"Got any creative ideas for a 10 year old's birthday?" →

"How do I make an HTTP request in Javascript?" →



### Capabilities

Remembers what user said earlier in the conversation

Allows user to provide follow-up corrections

Trained to decline inappropriate requests



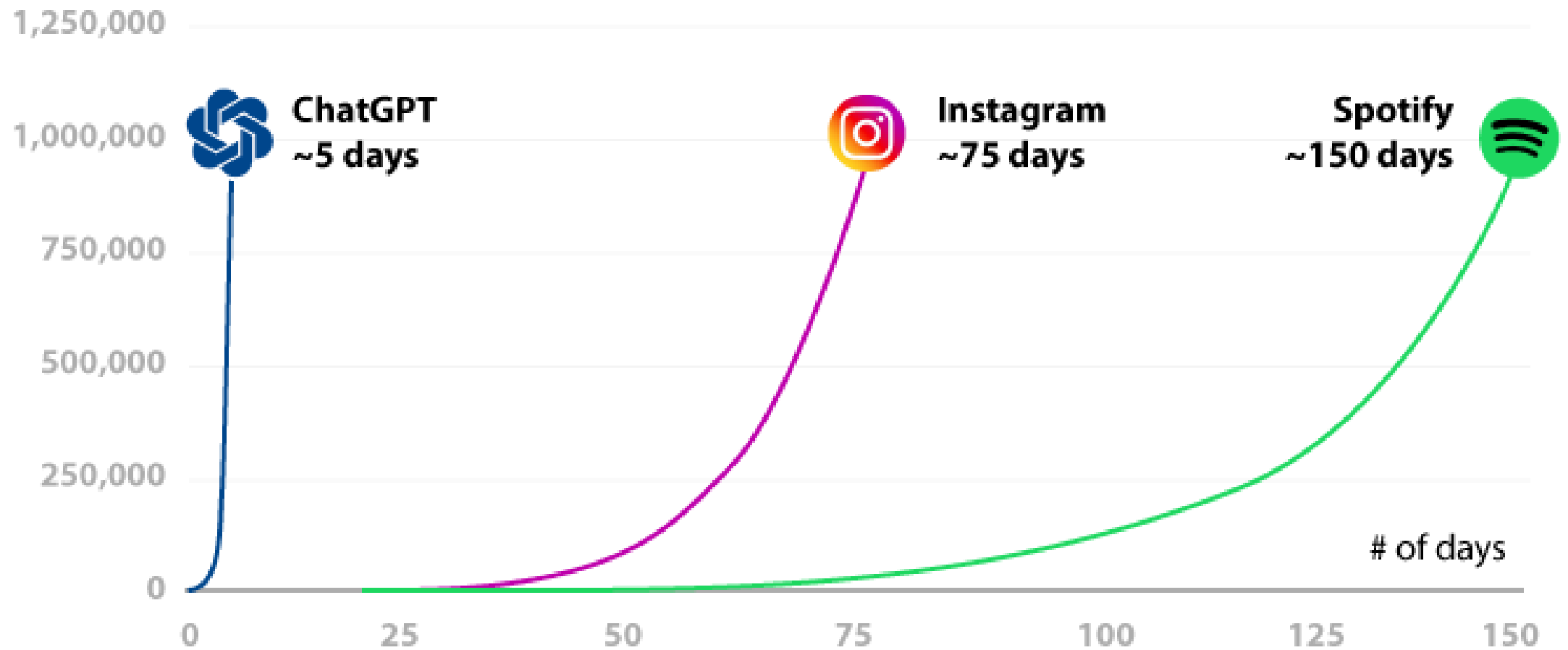
### Limitations

May occasionally generate incorrect information

May occasionally produce harmful instructions or biased content

Limited knowledge of world and events after 2021

## ~ Path to 1 million users\* (# of days from launch)



**Sources:** Google, Subredditstats, Media Reports