Instituto Tecnonólogico y de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey



A Review on Nano-Fiber Fabrication Methods by Near-Field Electrospinning

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Abstract

Faculty: Nanotechnology

School of Engineering and Sciences

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keywords: nanotechnology, nano-fiber, near-field electrospinning, NFES

1 Summary

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE~1.1:~Electrospun~Polymer~Solutions~-~Solution~and~Process~Parameters \\ \end{tabular}$

| Polymer(s): | Poly(ethylene oxide) (PEO) |
|--|---|
| Solvent(s): | Deionized water |
| NFES Variant: | Low-Voltage NFES |
| Polymer Solution and Process Properties: | PEO Concentration: 1, 2, and 3 wt% Rise in solution conductivity with the increase in PEO concentration Solution Stirring: 24 h of free diffusion followed by 96 h of stirring at 30 rpm 3 mL syringe 27 gauge type 304 stainless steel needle Solution deposition rate: lower than 1 μL/h needle-to-collector distance: 1 mm Collector substrate: Pyrolyzed SU-8 carbon and Si NFES process initiated by an air interference with a glass microprobe tip (1 to 3 μm tip diameter) to overcome the surface tension Time to produce a stable continuous jet: 45 min Polymer jet initiated at 400-600 V and dispensed at 200-400 V Collector linear speed: 10-40 mm/s The voltage turned on when the solution formed a full-sized droplet of 500 μm diameter at the needle tip. |
| Fiber Characterization: | • Diameter: 50-425 nm |
| Ref: | [1] |

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\it TABLE~1.2: Electrospun~Polymer~Solutions-Solution~and~Process~Parameters} \\ \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

| Polymer(s): | Poly[2-methoxy-5-(2-ethylhexyloxy)-1,4-phenylenevinylene] (MEH-PPV) with Poly(ethylene oxide) (PEO) |
|--|--|
| Solvent(s): | acetonitrile / toluene mixture (65 / 35); acetic acid / toluene $(17 / 83)$; pure toluene |
| NFES Variant: | Not determined. |
| Polymer Solution and Process Properties: | Concentrations: MEH-PPV solution: 10 mg of MEH-PPV in 2 mL of toluene 500 μL of MEH-PPV solution with 250 mg of PEO in 3.5 mL of acetonitrile / toluene (65 / 35) 500 μL of MEH-PPV solution with 250 mg of PEO in 3 mL of acetic acid / toluene (17 / 83) The resulting MEH-PPV/PEO concentration is 1:100 Solution Stirring: MEH-PPV solution stirred for 4 h; PEO solution stirred for 8 h; MEH-PPV/PEO solution stirred and ultrasonically agitated Collector substrate: SiO2/Si (oxide thickness = 800 nm) needle-to-collector distance: 500 μm μm-diameter tip Tungsten spinneret in a 26 gauge needle Solution deposition rate: 50 μL/h Electrostatic voltage: around 1.3 kV x-y stage velocity: 50 cm/s |
| Fiber Characterization: | Distance between adjacent fibers: around 100 μm Fiber diameter: around 100 nm |
| Ref: | [2] |

TABLE 1.3: Electrospun Polymer Solutions - Solution and Process Parameters

| Polymer(s) | Solvent(s) | NFES Variant | Polymer Solution and Process Properties | Fiber Characterization | Ref. |
|-------------------------------|------------|--|---|--|------|
| Poly(ethylene oxide) (PEO) | Water | Scanning Tip Electro- spinning and NFES | 7 wt % PEO aqueous solution Under room temperature at 1 atm needle-to-collector distance: 500 μm needle diameter: outer: 200 μm; inner: 100 μm applied voltage for jet initiation: 1.5 kV applied voltage for fiber deposition: 600 V Mechanical drawing is applied by using a tungsten probe with 1 μm tip diameter to poke inside the meniscus. The probe is then rapidly pulled away from the polymer droplet to activate the continuous electrospinning process polymer jet diameter: 3 μm polymer feed rate: 0.1 μL/h x-y stage velocity: 120 mm/s | 108 m yield in 15 min with a fiber diameter of 709 ± 131 nm Fiber diameter: around 49-74 nm when applied voltage is 800 V | [3] |

TABLE 1.4: Electrospun Polymer Solutions - Solution and Process Parameters

| Polymer(s) | Solvent(s) | NFES Variant | Polymer Solution and Process Properties | Fiber Characterization | Ref. |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|--|------|
| Poly(ε- Caprolactone) (PCL) | Not applicable. | Melt Electro- spinning Writing (MEW) | Collector substrate: NCO-sP(EO-stat-PO)-coated glass slide surfaces Accelerating voltage 2.0–10.0 kV Collector distance: 1–10 mm Heating temperature: 80–120 °C Feeding air pressure 0.5–4.0 bar Spinneret diameters: 21, 23, 25, 27, 30, and 33 G Axis velocity: 1000–9000 mm/min Fibre spacing: 100 μm | Filament surface is smooth and homogeneous The crystalline regions formed perpendicular to the filament Fiber diameter: 817 ± 165 nm | [4] |

TABLE 1.5: Electrospun Polymer Solutions - Solution and Process Parameters

| Polymer(s) | Solvent(s) | NFES Variant | Polymer Solution and Process Properties | Fiber Characterization | Ref. |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|------|
| Poly(vinylidine fluorid) (PVDF) | N,N- dimethylformamide (DMF) | Helix Electrohy- drodynamic Printing (HE- printing) | 1.8 g PVDF in 4.1 g of DMF and 4.1 g of acetone to obtain a concentration of 18% Solution kept at 35 °C for about 6 h until the solution was homogeneous. Collector substrate: Poly(dimethylsiloxane) (PDMS) on Ecoflex Solution feed rate: 400 nL/min Needle diameter: inner 260 μm; external 510 μm Applied voltage: 1.5–3 kV Nozzle-to-collector distance: 10-50 mm x-y stage velocity: 0-400 mm/min At room temperature and 35–45% humidity | Stretchable serpentine structures with specific wavelength and amplitude. Wavelength: about 100-2000 μm Fiber diameter: about 1.5-3 μm | [5] |

TABLE 1.6: Electrospun Polymer Solutions - Solution and Process Parameters

| Polymer(s) | Solvent(s) | NFES Variant | Polymer Solution and Process Properties | Fiber Characterization | Ref. |
|------------|------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|------------------|
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