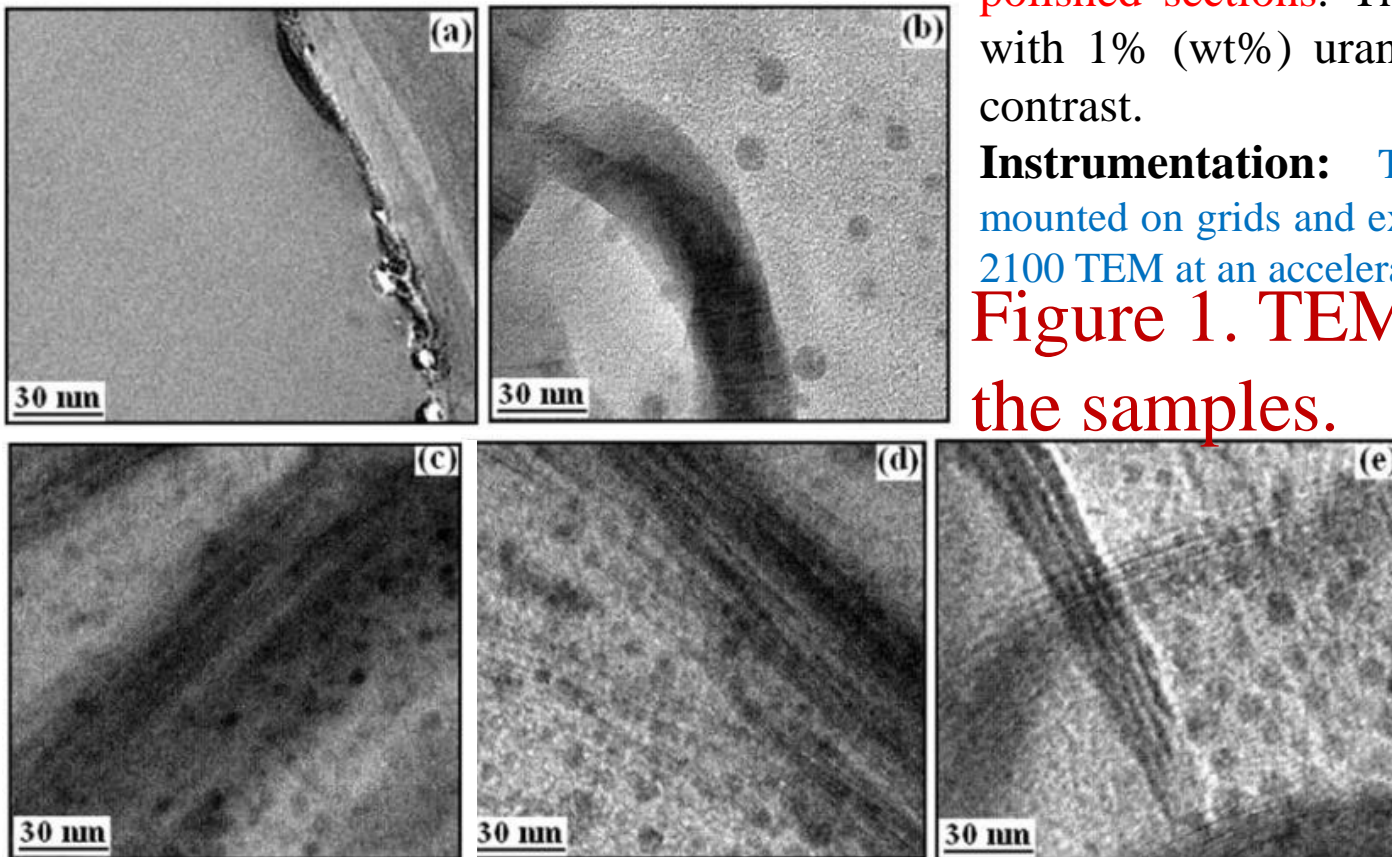


Ultraviolet resistance and other physical properties of softwood polymer nanocomposites reinforced with ZnO nanoparticles and nanoclay

Main Objective: Study the dispersion of silicate layers and presence of ZnO nanoparticles.

UV resistance property.



Transmission electron microscopy showed the presence of nanoparticles and nanoclay in the cell wall of wood.

Specimen preparation: 100 nm thick. The samples were embedded with epoxy resin for the preparations of (ultra) thin as well as polished sections. The sections were stained with 1% (wt%) uranyl acetate for sufficient contrast.

Instrumentation: The sections were then mounted on grids and examined with a JEOL JEM-2100 TEM at an accelerating voltage of 80 kV.

Figure 1. TEM micrographs of the samples.

Conclusion: A uniform distribution of the nanoparticles was observed from TEM analysis.