SJF (Shortest Job first)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
#includeimits.h>
struct process_struct
 int pid;
 int at;
 int bt;
 int ct,wt,tat,rt,start_time;
}ps[100];
int findmax(int a, int b)
  return a>b?a:b;
int findmin(int a, int b)
  return a < b?a:b;
}
int main()
{
  int n;
  bool is completed[100]={false}, is first process=true;
  int current time = 0;
  int completed = 0;;
  printf("Enter total number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int sum tat=0,sum wt=0,sum rt=0,total idle time=0,prev=0,length cycle;
```

```
float cpu_utilization;
 int max completion time, min arrival time;
for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
    printf("\nEnter Process %d Arrival Time: ",i);
    scanf("%d",&ps[i].at);
    ps[i].pid = i;
 }
 for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
 {
    printf("\nEnter Process %d Burst Time: ",i);
    scanf("%d",&ps[i].bt);
 }
 while(completed!=n)
 {
    //find process with min. burst time in ready queue at current time
    int min_index = -1;
    int minimum = INT MAX;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      if(ps[i].at <= current_time && is_completed[i] == false) {</pre>
         if(ps[i].bt < minimum) {</pre>
            minimum = ps[i].bt;
           min index = i;
         }
         if(ps[i].bt== minimum) {
            if(ps[i].at < ps[min_index].at) {</pre>
              minimum= ps[i].bt;
              min index = i;
            }
```

```
}
  }
}
if(min index=-1)
  current_time++;
}
else
{
ps[min_index].start_time = current_time;
ps[min_index].ct = ps[min_index].start_time + ps[min_index].bt;
ps[min index].tat = ps[min index].ct - ps[min index].at;
ps[min index].wt = ps[min index].tat - ps[min index].bt;
ps[min_index].rt = ps[min_index].wt;
// ps[min index].rt = ps[min index].start time - ps[min index].at;
sum tat +=ps[min index].tat;
sum wt += ps[min index].wt;
sum rt += ps[min index].rt;
total_idle_time += (is_first_process==true) ? 0 : (ps[min_index].start_time - prev);
completed++;
is completed[min_index]=true;
current time = ps[min index].ct;
prev= current_time;
is first process = false;
}
```

}

```
//Calculate Length of Process completion cycle
  max completion time = INT MIN;
  min arrival time = INT MAX;
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
    max_completion_time = findmax(max_completion_time,ps[i].ct);
    min arrival time = findmin(min arrival time,ps[i].at);
  }
  length cycle = max completion time - min arrival time;
  //Output
  printf("\nProcess No.\tAT\tCPU Burst Time\tCT\tTAT\tWT\tRT\n");
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
,ps[i].rt);
  printf("\n");
  cpu utilization = (float)(length cycle - total idle time)/ length cycle;
  printf("\nAverage Turn Around time= %f ",(float)sum tat/n);
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time= %f ",(float)sum wt/n);
  printf("\nAverage Response Time= %f ",(float)sum rt/n);
  printf("\nThroughput= %f",n/(float)length cycle);
  printf("\nCPU Utilization(Percentage)= %f",cpu utilization*100);
  return 0;
}
```

SRTF (Preemptive Algorithm)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
#includelimits.h>
struct process_struct
{
 int pid;
 int at;
 int bt;
 int ct,wt,tat,rt,start_time;
}ps[100];
int findmax(int a, int b)
  return a>b?a:b;
}
int findmin(int a, int b)
{
  return a < b?a:b;
}
int main()
{
  int n;
  float bt_remaining[100];
  bool is_completed[100]={false},is_first_process=true;
```

```
int current_time = 0;
int completed = 0;
float sum tat=0,sum wt=0,sum rt=0,total idle time=0,length cycle,prev=0;
float cpu utilization;
int max completion time, min arrival time;
printf("Enter total number of processes: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
  printf("\nEnter Process %d Arrival Time: ",i);
  scanf("%d",&ps[i].at);
  ps[i].pid = i;
}
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  printf("\nEnter Process %d Burst Time: ",i);
  scanf("%d",&ps[i].bt);
  bt_remaining[i]= ps[i].bt;
}
while(completed!=n)
{
  //find process with min. burst time in ready queue at current time
  int min_index = -1;
  int minimum = INT MAX;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
if(ps[i].at <= current_time && is_completed[i] == false) {</pre>
          if(bt remaining[i] < minimum) {
            minimum = bt_remaining[i];
            min index = i;
          }
          if(bt_remaining[i]== minimum) {
            if(ps[i].at < ps[min_index].at) {</pre>
              minimum= bt_remaining[i];
              min index = i;
     }
    if(min_index==-1)
       current time++;
     }
    else
     {
       if(bt_remaining[min_index] == ps[min_index].bt)
       {
              ps[min_index].start_time = current_time;
              total_idle_time += (is_first_process==true) ? 0 : (ps[min_index].start_time -
prev);
              is first process=false;
       }
       bt_remaining[min_index] -= 1;
```

```
current time++;
       prev=current time;
       if(bt remaining[min index] == 0)
         ps[min index].ct = current time;
         ps[min_index].tat = ps[min_index].ct - ps[min_index].at;
         ps[min_index].wt= ps[min_index].tat - ps[min_index].bt;
         ps[min index].rt = ps[min index].start time - ps[min index].at;
         sum tat +=ps[min index].tat;
         sum_wt += ps[min_index].wt;
         sum rt += ps[min index].rt;
         completed++;
         is completed[min index]=true;
         //total_idle_time += (is_first_process==true) ? 0 : (ps[min_index].start_time -
prev);
        // prev= ps[min index].ct; // or current time;
       }
  }
  //Calculate Length of Process completion cycle
  max completion time = INT MIN;
  min arrival time = INT MAX;
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
  {
    max completion time = findmax(max completion time,ps[i].ct);
    min arrival time = findmin(min arrival time,ps[i].at);
  }
```

```
length_cycle = max_completion_time - min_arrival_time;
  //Output
  printf("\nProcess No.\tAT\tCPU Burst Time\tCT\tTAT\tWT\tRT\n");
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++)
,ps[i].rt);
  printf("\n");
  cpu utilization = (float)(length cycle - total idle time)/ length cycle;
  printf("\nAverage Turn Around time= %f ",(float)sum tat/n);
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time= %f ",(float)sum wt/n);
  printf("\nAverage Response Time= %f ",(float)sum rt/n);
  printf("\nThroughput= %f",n/(float)length cycle);
  printf("\nCPU Utilization(Percentage)= %f",cpu utilization*100);
  return 0;
}
```