

ASSIGNMENT - 4

TASK - 1

What is Sora?

Sora is OpenAI's advanced text-to-video generative AI model, capable of creating short video clips based on text prompts or extending existing videos. Launched publicly in December 2024 for ChatGPT Plus and Pro users (initial preview in early 2024), it supports resolutions up to Full HD (1080p) and offers creative tools such as *Remix*, *Re-cut*, *Loop*, *Storyboard*, and *Blend* for intuitive video editing and transformation. Sora leverages diffusion-based methods similar to DALL·E, enhanced with temporal consistency to maintain coherent motion across frames.

Comparison with DALL·E & Alternatives (Pika Labs, RunwayML, etc.)

Unlike DALL·E, which generates static images, Sora produces dynamic video content with motion and scene progression. Both are diffusion models, but Sora extends the technology into motion synthesis.

In the broader AI video tool landscape:

- Runway Gen-2/Gen-3 offers multimodal generation (text/image/video) and strong creative editing tools. Gen-3 focuses on photorealism and fine-grained temporal control.
- Pika Labs (beta) emphasizes ease of use, dynamic camera/motion controls, and longer video support.
- Platforms like Google Veo 3 go further by combining video with synchronized audio, voice, and ambient sounds—a major edge over silent outputs.

In terms of strengths:

- Sora integrates tightly with ChatGPT and offers creative editing interfaces.
- Runway offers professional-grade editing workflows.
- Pika Labs focuses on accessibility and motion dynamics.
- Google Veo 3 leads in immersive audiovisual realism with sound integration.

Ethical Considerations in AI Video Generation

AI-generated videos like those from Sora open up powerful creative possibilities but also present ethical challenges:

1. **Misinformation & Deepfakes**
Sora's realistic outputs could enable fabricated content—e.g., fake political videos or misleading narratives—making it harder to distinguish fact from fiction.
2. **Creative Industry Impact**
While tools like Sora democratize media creation (e.g., for ideation or previsualization) they also threaten jobs in animation, filmmaking, and creative arts, and raise concerns around copyright and originality.
3. **Bias & Representation**
Academic research reveals that Sora can perpetuate gender biases, associating certain roles or behaviors with specific genders, reflecting biases present in its training data.
4. **Governance & Regulation**
Experts call for transparent labeling, digital watermarks, user education, and regulation to help audiences identify AI-generated content and avoid erosion of public trust.

TASK - 2

1. Education

"Create a short animated video showing the water cycle: evaporation from a lake, condensation forming clouds, and rainfall returning water to the ground."

■ 2. Entertainment

"Generate a 15-second fantasy scene where a medieval knight discovers a glowing portal in a dark forest, with fireflies illuminating the surroundings."

■ 3. Environment

"A time-lapse animation of a barren desert gradually transforming into a lush green forest, showing trees growing, birds flying, and rivers flowing."

■ 4. Technology

"Showcase a futuristic city skyline at night with flying cars, holographic billboards, and drones delivering packages."

■ 5. Creativity / Art

"An abstract animation of colorful paint splashes blending together into the shape of a human face, symbolizing imagination and diversity."

TASK - 3

Detailed Prompt (for SORA):

"Create a 15-second educational animation explaining photosynthesis. Show a bright green leaf under sunlight, with animated arrows representing sunlight, carbon dioxide, and water entering the leaf. Inside the leaf, depict glowing energy particles forming sugar molecules and oxygen bubbles floating out. Use a clean, colorful, and child-friendly style with simple text labels like 'Sunlight', 'CO₂', 'H₂O', 'Glucose', and 'Oxygen'. Add soft background music and a calm narration voice explaining: 'Plants use sunlight, water, and carbon dioxide to make their own food and release oxygen. This process is called photosynthesis.'

Scene-by-Scene Breakdown

■ Scene 1 (0–3 sec):

- A bright green leaf appears under a sunny sky.
- Yellow arrows labeled *"Sunlight"* point toward the leaf.

■ Scene 2 (3–6 sec):

- Blue droplets labeled *"H₂O"* rise from the soil into the leaf veins.
- White arrows labeled *"CO₂"* flow from the air into the leaf.

■ Scene 3 (6–10 sec):

- Inside the leaf, glowing particles combine, forming a sugar molecule (label: *Glucose*).

- Sparkling bubbles labeled “*Oxygen (O₂)*” float outward.

■ Scene 4 (10–15 sec):

- Zooms out to show a tree full of leaves, producing oxygen bubbles.
- Narration says: “*Plants use sunlight, water, and carbon dioxide to make their own food and release oxygen. This process is called photosynthesis.*”