Assignment-1 Name- Kiran Das

Date:30-June-2025

Q1. Write a script to read the /var/log/auth.log file and extract the list of successful SSH login attempts using grep, awk, or cut. Display the unique usernames and their login timestamps.

Ans:





Q2. Create a script that gathers and displays system information: hostname, IP address, CPU model, total memory, and disk usage. Use commands like uname, hostname, ifconfig, free, and df.

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iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080: ~/2241004069 × iteradmin.
```

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iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ nano SysReport.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ chmod +x SysReport.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ ./SysReport.sh
Hostname: iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080
IP Address: 172.17.130.117
CPU Model: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-10500T CPU @ 2.30GHz
Total Memory: 7.5G
Disk Usage:
Filesystem
            Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
/dev/nvme0n1p3 229G
                       51G 166G 24% /
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/22410040695
```

Q3. Write a script that checks the disk usage of root (/) partition. If the usage exceeds 80%, print an alert. Use df, awk, and if conditionals.

```
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ nano check_dusage.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ chmod +x check_dusage.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ ./check_dusage.sh
Disk usage is normal: 24%
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$
```

Q4. Loop through all users in /etc/passwd, extract their usernames and home directories using cut, and print whether the directory exists or not using an if check.

Ans:

```
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080: ~/2241004069 × iteradmin@iteradmin-Op
    GNU nano 2.9.3

#!/bin/bash
cut -d: -f1,6 /etc/passwd | while IFS=: read user home; do
    if [ -d "$home" ]; then
        echo "User $user: Home directory exists"
    else
        echo "User $user: Home directory MISSING"
    fi
done
```

iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069\$ nano home_dir.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069\$ chmod +x home_dir.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069\$ chmod +x home_dir.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069\$./home_dir.sh
User demin: Home directory exists
User syn: Home directory exists
User sys: Home directory exists
User syn: Home directory exists
User games: Home directory exists
User man: Home directory exists
User man: Home directory exists
User news: Home directory MISSING
User uucp: Home directory MISSING
User uucp: Home directory exists
User www-data: Home directory exists
User backup: Home directory exists
User proxy: Home directory exists
User proxy: Home directory MISSING
User systemd-network: Home directory exists
User systemd-resolve: Home directory wissING
User massagebus: Home directory wists
User avahi-autolpd: Home directory exists
User dushmux: Home directory wissING
User whoopsie: Home directory wissING
User whoopsie: Home directory wissING
User whoopsie: Home directory wissING
User speech-dispatcher: Home directory MISSING
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User home directory

Q5. Using grep and awk, write a script to parse a given log file and list all lines containing the word "ERROR" along with the line number.

Ans:

```
GNU nano 7.2
#!/bin/bash
logfile=$1
if [ -z "$logfile" ]; then
   echo "Usage: $0 <logfile>"
   exit 1
fi
grep -n "ERROR" "$logfile" | awk -F: '{print "Line", $1 ":", $0}'
```

```
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ nano check_logs.log
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ cat check_logs.log
abc ERROR efgh
zxcvbn ERROR brtyuiop
lkjgasdf
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ nano check_logs2.sh
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ chmod +x check_logs2.sh
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ ./check_logs2.sh
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ ./check_logs2.sh check_logs.log
Line 1: 1:abc ERROR efgh
Line 2: 2:zxcvbn ERROR brtyuiop
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$
```

Q6. Create a script that takes a list of service names and checks whether each service is active or inactive using systemctl or service. Use loops and if statements.

```
#!/bin/bash
services=("ssh" "cron" "apache2") # add service names here

for service in "${services[@]}"; do
    status=$(systemctl is-active "$service")
    echo "$service: $status"

done
```

```
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ nano status_check.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ chmod +x status_check.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ ./status_check.sh
ssh: inactive
cron: active
apache2: inactive
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$
```

Q7. Given a CSV file with extra spaces and inconsistent delimiters, use awk, sed, and cut to clean it and print only selected columns neatly.

```
#!/bin/bash

# CSV Cleaner Script

cat data.csv |

sed 's/;/,/g' | # Replace semicolons with commas

sed 's/[\t]*,[\t]*/,/g' | # Remove spaces around commas

sed 's/^[\t]*/;s/[\t]*//' | # Trim leading/trailing spaces

awk -F',' 'NR==1 || NF>=3 {print $1 "," $3}' # Extract Name and Location
```

```
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ nano data.csv
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ cat data.csv
Name , Age ; Location
Kiran , 20 ; Switzerland
Jasmine;25, Japan
Charlie , 35 ;Chicago

kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ nano data_cleaner.sh
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ chmod +x data_cleaner.sh
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ ./data_cleaner.sh
kiran-das@kiran-das-HP-Pavilion-Gaming-Laptop-15-ec0xxx:~/2241004069$ ./data_cleaner.sh
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```

Q8. Accept a string as input and use a combination of regex (grep or [[... =~]]) to validate that it's at least 8 characters, contains one number, and one special character.

Ans:

```
#!/bin/bash
read -s -p "Enter password: " password
echo

if [[ ${#password} -ge 8 && "$password" =~ [0-9] && "$password" =~ [\!\@\#\$\%\^\&\*\(\)\_\+\.\,\;\:] ]]; then
echo "Strong password."
else
    echo "Weak password. Must be 8+ characters, include a number and special character."

fi
```

```
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ nano password_ch.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ chmod +x password_ch.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ ./password_ch.sh
Enter password:
Weak password. Must be 8+ characters, include a number and special character.
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$
```

Q9. Create a script that accepts a process name as input, checks if it is running using ps and grep, and displays its PID and memory usage.

```
#!/bin/bash
read -p "Enter process name: " pname
ps aux | grep "$pname" | grep -v grep | awk '{print "PID: " $2 ", MEM: " $4"%"}'
```

```
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ nano process_moniter.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ chmod +x process_moniter.sh
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$ ./process_moniter.sh
Enter process name: split_st.sh
PID: 7481, MEM: 0.0%
iteradmin@iteradmin-OptiPlex-3080:~/2241004069$
```

Q10. Write a script that deletes .log files older than 7 days from a given directory. Use find, conditionals, and optionally log what files were removed.

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