

# Incident Management 101 BY P3NGU1N

## Basic Definitions About Incident Management



A web attack alert has occurred because I have logged into the following URL address. Is this alert a false positive or a true positive?

[https://www.w3schools.com/sql/trysql.asp?filename=trysql\\_select\\_union3](https://www.w3schools.com/sql/trysql.asp?filename=trysql_select_union3)

ANSWER: false positive

## Incident Management Systems (IMS)



Which button in the "Investigation Channel" should we click to open a record on "Case Management" on the LetsDefend platform?

ANSWER: create case



Which is not a feature of the Incident Management System

- Workflow
- Automation / API access
- Close, open, edit action
- Prevention

ANSWER: prevention

## Case/Alert Naming



The case/ticket format in LetsDefend is as follows:

EventID: {Alert ID Number} - [{Alert Name}]

According to this information, how can the ticket be created for the alert with ID number 25 and rule name "SOC15 - Malware Detected" be named?

ANSWER: eventid: 25 - [soc15 - malware detected]

## QUIZ:



**What is IMS?**

ANSWER: **Incident Management System**



**What is the main reason to use a standard naming convention in Ticket/Alert names?**

ANSWER: **In order to have an idea when looking at the Ticket/Alert names**



**Which of the following may be a ticket name for an IMS using a naming convention like EventID: {Alert ID Number} - [{Alert Name}]**

**ANSWER: EventID: 15 - [Log4j Detected]**



**Why are Playbooks in SOAR and IMS important?**

**ANSWER: For providing the establishment of an analysis standard**



**What should the SOC analyst do for analysis after an alert in SIEM?**

**ANSWER: Create a ticket in IMS/SOAR and follow the playbook**