- > #Lab 3.2 Completed by Bahdanau Aliaksandr 153502
- > #Variant 5
- > #Task 1. Solve the equations and compare with the results obtained in maple. Plot several integral curves in the same coordinate system.
- = 0001 |> #1.1
- > restart;

>
$$de := x = \frac{d^2}{dx^2} (y(x)) - \cos(x) \cdot \frac{d^2}{dx^2} (y(x))$$

 $de := x = \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - \cos(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right)$ (1)

> dsolve(de)

$$y(x) = \left| \left(-\frac{x}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)} + 2\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right) - \ln\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2\right) \right) dx + C1x + C2$$
 (2)

- > #Subs y'' with z, x=z-cos(z)
- \times $\chi_{-} := z \cos(z)$

$$x_{-} := z - \cos(z) \tag{3}$$

$$dx := 1 + \sin(z) \tag{4}$$

- ______> #dy1 = zdx
- $\rightarrow y1 := int(z \cdot dx, z)$

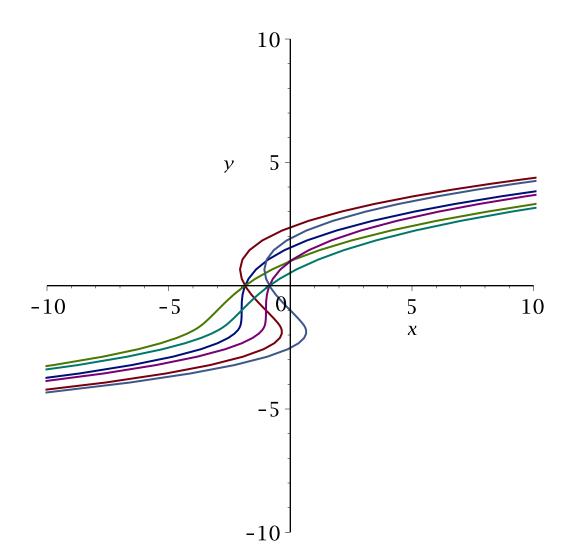
$$y1 := \frac{1}{2}z^2 + \sin(z) - z\cos(z)$$
 (5)

- -> #dy=y1dx
- > $y_{-} := int((y_1 + C_1) \cdot dx, z) + C_2$

$$y_{-} := \frac{1}{2} z \cos(z)^{2} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(z) \sin(z) + \frac{1}{4} z - \frac{1}{2} \cos(z) z^{2} - \cos(z) C1 + \frac{1}{6} z^{3}$$

$$+ C1 z - \cos(z) + C2$$
(6)

- $a, b, c := seq(subs(C2 = i, y_{-}), i = -1..1)$:
- > a1, a2, a3 := seq(subs(C1 = i, a), i = -1..1): b1, b2, b3 := seq(subs(C1 = i, b), i = -1..1):
 - c1, c2, c3 := seq(subs(C1 = i, b), i = 1..1)c1, c2, c3 := seq(subs(C1 = i, c), i = -1..1):
 - len := z = -20..20:
- > plot([[a1, x_, len], [a2, x_, len], [a3, x_, len], [b1, x_, len], [b2, x_, len], [b3, x_, len]], x = -10..10, y = -10..10)



> #Task 1.2

> restart;

$$de := diff(diff(y(x), x), x) \cdot y(x) - diff(y(x), x)^{2} = y(x) \cdot diff(y(x), x) \cdot \tanh(x)$$

$$de := \left(\frac{d^{2}}{dx^{2}} y(x)\right) y(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right)^{2} = y(x) \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right) \tanh(x)$$
(7)

 $> y_- := dsolve(de)$

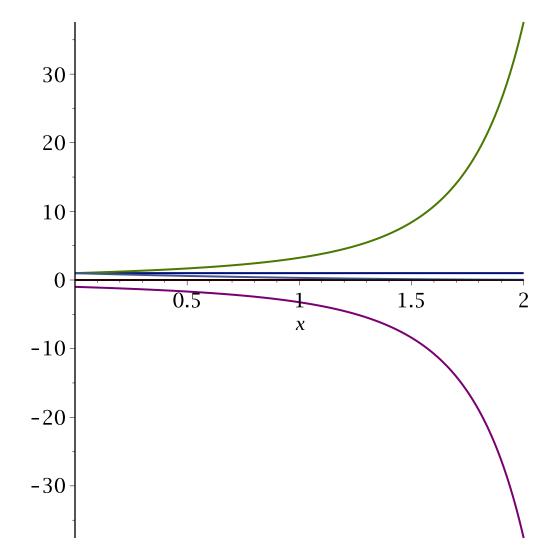
$$y_{-} := y(x) = e^{\frac{1}{2} e^{x} - C1} - C2 e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{-C1}{e^{x}}}$$
 (8)

= $a, b, c := seq(subs(_C2 = i, y_), i = -1..1)$:

>
$$a1, a2, a3 := seq(subs(_C1 = i, a), i = -1..1) :$$

 $b1, b2, b3 := seq(subs(_C1 = i, b), i = -1..1) :$
 $c1, c2, c3 := seq(subs(_C1 = i, c), i = -1..1) :$

> plot([rhs(b2), rhs(c2), rhs(c3), rhs(c1), rhs(a3)], x = 0...2)



> #Task 1.3

> restart;

> solutions :=
$$dsolve\Big(diff(y(x), x) = x \cdot diff(diff(y(x), x), x) - \frac{1}{10} \cdot diff(diff(y(x), x), x), x\Big)$$

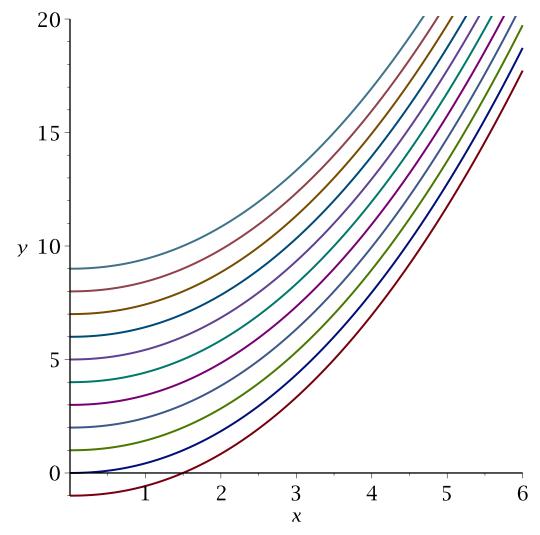
solutions:=
$$y(x) = \frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} + _C I$$
, $y(x) = \frac{81}{380} I x^{19/9} \left(-\sqrt{3} + I \right) + _C I$, $y(x) = \frac{81}{380} I x^{19/9} \left(\sqrt{3} + I \right) + _C I$, $y(x) = -\frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} \left(-I \cos \left(\frac{7}{18} \pi \right) \right) + _C I$, $y(x) = -\frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} \left(I \cos \left(\frac{7}{18} \pi \right) + \cos \left(\frac{1}{9} \pi \right) \right) + _C I$, $y(x) = \frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} \left(\cos \left(\frac{2}{9} \pi \right) - I \cos \left(\frac{5}{18} \pi \right) \right) + _C I$, $y(x) = \frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} \left(\cos \left(\frac{2}{9} \pi \right) + I \cos \left(\frac{5}{18} \pi \right) \right) + _C I$, $y(x) = \frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} \left(\cos \left(\frac{4}{9} \pi \right) \right)$

$$-I\cos\left(\frac{1}{18}\pi\right) + C1, \ y(x) = \frac{81}{190} \ x^{19/9} \left(\cos\left(\frac{4}{9}\pi\right) + I\cos\left(\frac{1}{18}\pi\right)\right) + C1,$$
$$y(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ RootOf(Z^{10} + 10 C1) \ x^2 + C1x + C2$$

--> # All solitions, exept of first are not real -> $y_- := rhs(solutions[1])$

$$y_{-} := \frac{81}{190} x^{19/9} + C1$$
 (10)

> $plot([seq(subs(_C1 = i, y_), i = -1..9)], x = 0..6, y = -1..20)$



#Task 1.4

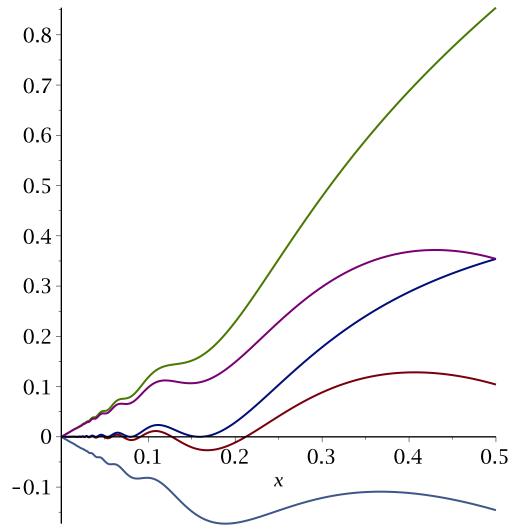
>
$$de := diff(diff(y(x), x), x) = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{diff(y(x), x)}{x} - \frac{y(x)}{x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$de := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) = \frac{2\left(\frac{d}{dx}y(x)\right)}{x} - \frac{2y(x)}{x^2} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{x^2}$$
(11)

 \searrow $y_{-} := dsolve(de)$

$$y_{-} := y(x) = -x^{2} \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + x^{2} C2 + x C1$$
 (12)

- \triangleright a, b, $c := seq(subs(_C2 = i, y_-), i = -1..1)$:
- > $a1, a2, a3 := seq(subs(_C1 = i, a), i = -1..1)$: $b1, b2, b3 := seq(subs(_C1 = i, b), i = -1..1)$: $c1, c2, c3 := seq(subs(_C1 = i, c), i = -1..1)$:
- \rightarrow plot([rhs(b2), rhs(c2), rhs(c3), rhs(c1), rhs(a3)], x = 0..0.5)



- > #Task 2. Find the general solution of the equation and compare with the result obtained in the Maple system.
- > restart,
- > $de := \tan(x) \cdot diff(diff(y(x), x), x) diff(y(x), x) + \frac{1}{\sin(x)} = 0$

$$de := \tan(x) \left(\frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}x^2} y(x) \right) - \left(\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} y(x) \right) + \frac{1}{\sin(x)} = 0$$
 (13)

> dsolve(de)

$$y(x) = -C1\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\ln(\csc(x) - \cot(x)) + C2$$
 (14)

#Task 3. Find the general solution of the differential equation.

$$de := diff(diff(y(x), x), x) + 2 \cdot diff(y(x), x) + 5 \cdot y(x) = -\sin(2 \cdot x)$$

| > restart;
| > de := diff(diff(y(x), x), x) + 2 · diff(y(x), x) + 5 · y(x) = -sin(2 · x)
| de :=
$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right) + 5 y(x) = -sin(2 x)$$
 (15)

$$\int dsolve(de)$$

$$y(x) = e^{-x} \sin(2x) _{C2} + e^{-x} \cos(2x) _{C1} - \frac{1}{17} \sin(2x) + \frac{4}{17} \cos(2x)$$
(16)