Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 6_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40

Marks Obtained: 37.5

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Alex is creating an account and needs to set up a password. The program prompts Alex to enter their name, mobile number, chosen username, and desired password. Password validation criteria include:

Length between 10 and 20 characters.At least one digit.At least one special character from !@#\$%^&* set. Display "Valid Password" if criteria are met; otherwise, raise an exception with an appropriate error message.

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of the name as a string.

The second line of the input consists of the mobile number as a string.

The third line of the input consists of the username as a string.

The fourth line of the input consists of the password as a string.

Output Format

If the password is valid (meets all the criteria), it will print "Valid Password"

If the password is weak (fails any one or more criteria), it will print an error message accordingly.

Refer to the sample outputs for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: John
9874563210
john
john1#nhoj
Output: Valid Password

Answer

name = input().strip()
mobile = input().strip()
username = input().strip()
password = input().strip()
special_chars = "!@#$%^8
```

```
has_digit = any(char.isdigit() for char in password)
if not has_digit:
    print("Should contain at least one digit")
else:
    if len(password) < 10 or len(password) > 20:
        print("Should be a minimum of 10 characters and a maximum of 20 characters")
    else:
        has_special = any(char in special_chars for char in password)
        if not has_special:
            print("It should contain at least one special character")
```

else: print("Valid Password")

Status: Partially correct Marks: 7.5/10

2. Problem Statement

Bob, a data analyst, requires a program to automate the process of analyzing character frequency in a given text. This program should allow the user to input a string, calculate the frequency of each character within the text, save these character frequencies to a file named "char_frequency.txt," and display the results.

Input Format

The input consists of the string.

Output Format

The first line prints "Character Frequencies:".

The following lines print the character frequency in the format: "X: Y" where X is the character and Y is the count.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: aaabbbccc

Output: Character Frequencies:

a: 3

b: 3

c: 3

Answer

```
def analyze_character_frequency(text):
    frequency = {}
    for char in text:
        if char in frequency:
```

```
frequency[char] += 1
      frequency[char] = 1
  return frequency
def display_and_save_frequency(text, frequency):
  print("Character Frequencies:")
  seen = set()
  with open("char_frequency.txt", "w") as file:
    file.write("Character Frequencies:\n")
    for char in text:
       if char not in seen:
         print(f"{char}: {frequency[char]}")
         file.write(f"{char}: {frequency[char]}\n")
         seen.add(char)
# Read input
text = input().strip()
# Analyze frequency
frequency = analyze_character_frequency(text)
# Display and save
display_and_save_frequency(text, frequency)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Implement a program that checks whether a set of three input values can form the sides of a valid triangle. The program defines a function is_valid_triangle that takes three side lengths as arguments and raises a ValueError if any side length is not a positive value. It then checks whether the sum of any two sides is greater than the third side to determine the validity of the triangle.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer A, representing side1.

The second line of input consists of an integer B, representing side2.

The third line of input consists of an integer C, representing side3.

Output Format

The output prints either "It's a valid triangle" if the input side lengths form a valid triangle,

or "It's not a valid triangle" if they do not.

If there is a ValueError, it should print "ValueError: <error_message>".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 3
4
5
Output: It's a valid triangle
Answer
def is_valid_triangle(side1, side2, side3):
  if side1 <= 0 or side2 <= 0 or side3 <= 0:
    raise ValueError("Side lengths must be positive")
  if (side1 + side2 > side3) and (side1 + side3 > side2) and (side2 + side3 >
side1):
     return True
  else:
    return False
side1 = int(input())
side2 = int(input())
side3 = int(input())
try:
  if is_valid_triangle(side1, side2, side3):
    print("It's a valid triangle")
O else:
    print("It's not a valid triangle")
```

except ValueError as e:
 print(f"ValueError: {e}")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

4. Problem Statement

A shopkeeper is recording the daily sales of an item for N days, where the price of the item remains the same for all days. Write a program to calculate the total sales for each day and save them in a file named sales.txt that can store the data for a maximum of 30 days. Then, read the file and display the total earnings for each day.

Note: Total Earnings for each day = Number of Items sold in that day × Price of the item.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of days.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers representing the number of items sold each day.

The third line of input consists of an integer M, representing the price of the item that is common for all N days.

Output Format

If the number of days entered exceeds 30 (N > 30), the output prints "Exceeding limit!" and terminates.

Otherwise, the code reads the contents of the file and displays the total earnings for each day on separate lines.

Contents of the file: The total earnings for N days, with each day's earnings appearing on a separate line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 4
5 10 5 0
20
Output: 100
200
100
0
```

Answer

```
def calculate_sales(N, daily_sales, price):
    if N > 30:
        print("Exceeding limit!")
        return
    with open("sales.txt", "w") as file:
        for sales in daily_sales:
            total = sales * price
            file.write(f"{total}\n")
    with open("sales.txt", "r") as file:
        for line in file:
            print(line.strip())

N = int(input())
daily_sales = list(map(int, input().split()))
price = int(input())
calculate_sales(N, daily_sales, price)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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