

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 5_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 37.5

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Alex is tasked with managing the membership lists of several exclusive clubs. Each club has its own list of members, and Alex needs to determine the unique members who are part of exactly one club when considering all clubs together.

Your goal is to help Alex by writing a program that calculates the symmetric difference of membership lists from multiple clubs and then finds the total number of unique members.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer k , representing the number of clubs.

The next k lines each contain a space-separated list of integers, where each

integer represents a member's ID.

Output Format

The first line of output displays the symmetric difference of the membership lists as a set.

The second line displays the sum of the elements in this symmetric difference.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3

1 2 3

2 3 4

5 6 7

Output: {1, 4, 5, 6, 7}

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Answer

```
k=int(input())
sets=[set(map(int,input().split())) for _ in range(k)]
result=set()
for s in sets:
    result^=s
print(result)
print(sum(result))
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

James is an engineer working on designing a new rocket propulsion system. He needs to solve a quadratic equation to determine the optimal launch trajectory. The equation is of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$.

Your task is to help James find the roots of this quadratic equation. Depending on the discriminant, the roots might be real and distinct, real

and equal, or complex. Implement a program to determine and display the roots of the equation based on the given coefficients.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of coefficients.

The second line contains three space-separated integers a,b, and c representing the coefficients of the quadratic equation.

Output Format

The output displays:

1. If the discriminant is positive, display the two real roots.
2. If the discriminant is zero, display the repeated real root.
3. If the discriminant is negative, display the complex roots as a tuple with real and imaginary parts.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3

1 5 6

Output: (-2.0, -3.0)

Answer

```
import math
```

```
N = int(input())
```

```
a, b, c = map(int, input().split())
```

```
discriminant = b**2 - 4*a*c
```

```
if discriminant > 0:
```

```
    root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
```

```
    root2 = (-b - math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
```

```
    print((round(root1, 1), round(root2, 1)))
```

```
elif discriminant == 0:
```

```
root = -b / (2*a)
print(f"({round(root, 1)})")
else:
    real_part = -b / (2*a)
    imaginary_part = math.sqrt(abs(discriminant)) / (2*a)
    print(f"(({round(real_part, 1)}, {round(imaginary_part, 1)}), ({round(real_part, 1)}, {-round(imaginary_part, 1)}))")
```

Status : Partially correct

Marks : 7.5/10

3. Problem Statement

Noah, a global analyst at a demographic research firm, has been tasked with identifying which country experienced the largest population growth over a two-year period. He has a dataset where each entry consists of a country code and its population figures for two consecutive years. Noah needs to determine which country had the highest increase in population and present the result in a specific format.

Help Noah by writing a program that outputs the country code with the largest population increase, along with the increase itself.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N , representing the number of countries.

Each of the following N blocks contains three lines:

1. The first line is a country code.
2. The second line is an integer representing the population of the country in the first year.
3. The third line is an integer representing the population of the country in the second year.

Output Format

The output displays the country code and the population increase in the format {code: difference}, where code is the country code and difference is the increase in population.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3

01

1000

1500

02

2000

2430

03

1500

3000

Output: {03:1500}

Answer

```
N = int(input())
```

```
max_increase = 0
```

```
max_country = ""
```

```
for _ in range(N):
```

```
    country_code = input().strip()
```

```
    pop_first_year = int(input())
```

```
    pop_second_year = int(input())
```

```
    increase = pop_second_year - pop_first_year
```

```
    if increase > max_increase:
```

```
        max_increase = increase
```

```
        max_country = country_code
```

```
print(f"{{{max_country}:{max_increase}}}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Alex is working with grayscale pixel intensities from an old photo that has

been scanned in a single row. To detect edges in the image, Alex needs to calculate the differences between each pair of consecutive pixel intensities.

Your task is to write a program that performs this calculation and returns the result as a tuple of differences.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer n , representing the number of pixel intensities.

The second line contains n space-separated integers representing the pixel intensities.

Output Format

The output displays a tuple containing the absolute differences between consecutive pixel intensities.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

200 100 20 80 10

Output: (100, 80, 60, 70)

Answer

```
n = int(input())
pixels = list(map(int, input().split()))
differences = tuple(abs(pixels[i] - pixels[i + 1]) for i in range(n - 1))
print(differences)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10