## Technical Writing

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SharePoint

O Task

SharePoint Proposal

#### Outline

- General Principles of Good Writing.
- Design and Usability.
- O Documentation Development Process.
- Writing Procedures.
- Aspects of the Language.
- Obstacles to Readability.
- Writing Reports.
- Practices in Technical Writing.

- Technical writing development lifecycle
- Significance and Fundamentals of good technical writing.
- The purposes for technical writing.
- The four C's of technical writing.
- Achieving clarity.
- Achieving conciseness.

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#### Technical writing development lifecycle

- Technical writing follows a development lifecycle,
- that often parallels the product development lifecycle of an organization:

- 1. Identification of, audience needs, and scope
- 2. Planning
- 3. Research & content development
- 4. Testing / review and revision
- 5. Delivery / production
- 6. Evaluation and feedback
- 7. Disposition (revision, archiving, or destruction)

#### Computer skills

- In addition to writing skills, technical writers should have solid computer skills.
- O Should have a basic ability to use software applications to write technical content.
- Includes: Microsoft Office, RoboHelp, Madcap Flare, Adobe Photoshop, Camtasia Studio, Snagit, HTML editors, and XML editors.

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- Careful planning
- before beginning it pays off handsomely both during and after the writing process.

- O Structure and style of presentation
- Outlining of the manuscript, sets the tone for the entire writing project.

- Content of the work
- The manuscript should contain all of the material that you wish to communicate.

- Should not contain any superfluous material
- Must eliminate all irrelevant or duplicated material,
- One common form of superfluous material is simple wordiness.

- Consistency
- The material must be internally consistent, that is,
- o no part of the text should contradicts any other part.

- Proper Grammar
- Seek simple words that represents the particular idea,
- Long and heavy words burden the sentence with semantic noise and bore the reader.
- Choose descriptive and straightforward nouns.
- Stick to active verbs,

- O Chosen the best words
- O Choosing the best words, helps to communicates the idea efficiently and clearly.

- Uniformity of presentation
- a technical manuscript should present only one interpretation of the facts.
- Although a diversity of perspective in non-technical writing can be valuable.

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#### The purposes for technical writing.

- Technical writing helps organizations create helpful documents for employees and customers.
- Technical writers specialize in precise, unambiguous writing.
- Product manuals and guides are generally written by technical writers.

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#### The four c's of technical writing

- O 1. CLARITY
- 2. CONCISENESS
- O 3. CONSISTENCY
- 4. CORRECTNESS

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#### 1. CLARITY

- For, Simple and effective information:
- Create a good visual impression.
- Insert headings as signposts (proper formatting).
- Develop the subject carefully.
- Use language appropriate for audience.
- Break up long paragraphs.

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#### ACHIEVING CLARITY

- 1. Know your audience.
- 2. Be concrete.
- Use the words that give clear, direct images to the reader.
- 3. Avoid vague and ambiguous terms.
- Never use a big word when a small one will do.
- 4. Use sufficient detail
- 5. Avoid common mechanical errors.
- 6. Provide examples and analogies

#### Mechanical rules

- A. Run-on sentence.
- O B. Comma splice.
- O. C. Fragment.
- O. Subject-verb agreement.
- E. Pronoun-mismatching numbers.
- F. Faulty modifiers.
- Running down the street, the house was on fire.
- When the man ran down the street, the house was on fire.
- G. Spelling.

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#### 2. CONCISENESS

- To, arrange information in a possible small space :
- Identify the message.
- Focus the message.
- Avoid false starts.
- Stay simple—one idea to each paragraph, one thought to each sentence.

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#### ACHIEVING CONCISENESS

- I. Do not include superfluous detail.
- II. Avoid wordy expressions.
- III. Consider using alternatives to words.

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#### 3. CONSISTENCY

- Mechanical rules of technical writing demand that format;
- Pattern; word use; abbreviations; use of numbers; headings; and, especially, information/data be consistent throughout a communication.

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#### 4. CORRECTNESS

• Effective technical communications (in writing or verbally) cannot be achieved successfully unless you adhere to appropriate grammatical rules.

#### BASICS TYPES OF AUDIENCES

- 1. HIGHLY TECHNICAL
- Technical experts
- 2. SEMI-TECHNICAL
- Other technicians, or Equipment operators
- 0 3. NON-TECHNICAL
- General readers (layperson), Students, or

Children.

## End



# Thank You