Homework:

1、 阅读 Abstract Factory 的例子的代码,举例说明使用 Abstract Factor y 模式的其他应用。

答:抽象工厂模式是一种创建型设计模式,它使得一个类的实例化可以在运行时通过子类来决定。抽象工厂模式通常涉及以下几个组成部分:

- 抽象工厂: 定义用于创建不同产品的方法。
- 具体工厂:实现抽象工厂中的方法,用于生产具体的产品。
- 抽象产品:定义产品的接口。
- 具体产品:实现抽象产品接口的实体类。

根据抽象工厂设计模式,我们可以设计一个车辆工厂,这个工厂可以生产不同类型的车辆,比如电动车和燃油车。我们将定义抽象工厂来生产这些不同类型的车辆,并提供相应的具体工厂来实现它们。

首先,定义抽象工厂,一个工厂生产经济型和豪华型两种汽车:

```
2 中interface VehicleFactory {
2 个用法 2 个实现
3 中 Car createLuxuryCar();
2 个用法 2 个实现
4 中 Car createEconomyCar();
5
```

接着,定义抽象产品,也就是车辆:

随后,实现具体产品,即不同类型的车辆:

```
4 个用法
        public void drive() {
9 1 -
10
           System.out.println("驾驶豪华型电动车。");
11
        }
        4 个用法
       public void refuel() {
12 1
           System.out.println("给豪华型电动车充电。");
13
        }
14
15 <del>(1)</del>
```

```
17 class EconomyElectricCar implements Car {
          4 个用法
18
          public void drive() {
              System.out.println("驾驶经济型电动车。");
19
          4 个用法
          public void refuel() {
21
              System.out.println("给经济型电动车充电。");
23
24
       }
25
       1 个用法
       class LuxuryGasolineCar implements Car {
          4 个用法
27 1
          public void drive() {
28
              System.out.println("驾驶豪华型燃油车。");
29
          4 个用法
          public void refuel() {
30 01
31
              System.out.println("给豪华型燃油车加油。");
32
33
       }
34
       class EconomyGasolineCar implements Car {
          4 个用法
36 ®
          public void drive() {
37
              System.out.println("驾驶经济型燃油车。");
38
          7
          4 个用法
39 1
          public void refuel() {
              System.out.println("给经济型燃油车加油。");
40
41
42
```

然后,实现具体的工厂类:

```
2 个用法
8 1
         public Car createLuxuryCar() {
9
             return new LuxuryElectricCar();
         }
         2 个用法
11 1
         public Car createEconomyCar() {
             return new EconomyGasolineCar();
13
14
      }
15
      class BenzFactory implements VehicleFactory {
         2 个用法
17 1
         public Car createLuxuryCar() {
             return new LuxuryGasolineCar();
19
         }
         2 个用法
         public Car createEconomyCar() {
20 1
             return new EconomyElectricCar();
```

最后,使用工厂:

```
public class Main {
           0 个用法
21
           public static void main(String[] args) {
               System.out.println("使用BMW工厂生产: ");
               VehicleFactory BMW = new BMWFactory();
23
               Car luxuryElectric = BMW.createLuxuryCar();
24
               luxuryElectric.drive();
25
               luxuryElectric.refuel();
               Car economyGasoline = BMW.createEconomyCar();
               economyGasoline.drive();
               economyGasoline.refuel();
               System.out.println("使用Benz工厂生产: ");
               VehicleFactory Benz = new BenzFactory();
               Car luxuryGasoline = Benz.createLuxuryCar();
               luxuryGasoline.drive();
               luxuryGasoline.refuel();
               Car economyElectric = Benz.createEconomyCar();
               economyElectric.drive();
               economyElectric.refuel();
           }
39
```

查看运行结果:



2、 附录

1) Car

```
interface Car {
    void drive();
    void refuel();
}
```

2) EconomyElectricCar

```
class EconomyElectricCar implements Car {
   public void drive() {
       System. out. println("驾驶经济型电动车。");
```

```
}
   public void refuel() {
       System. out. println("给经济型电动车充电。");
}
3) LuxuryGasolineCar
class LuxuryGasolineCar implements Car {
   public void drive() {
       System. out. println("驾驶豪华型燃油车。");
   public void refuel() {
       System. out. println("给豪华型燃油车加油。");
}
4) LuxuryElectricCar
class LuxuryElectricCar implements Car {
   public void drive() {
       System. out. println("驾驶豪华型电动车。");
   public void refuel() {
       System. out. println("给豪华型电动车充电。");
}
5) EconomyGasolineCar
class EconomyGasolineCar implements Car {
   public void drive() {
       System. out. println("驾驶经济型燃油车。");
   public void refuel() {
       System. out. println("给经济型燃油车加油。");
}
6) VehicleFactory
interface VehicleFactory {
   Car createLuxuryCar();
   Car createEconomyCar();
}
```

```
7) BMWFactory
class BMWFactory implements VehicleFactory {
    public Car createLuxuryCar() {
       return new LuxuryElectricCar();
    public Car createEconomyCar() {
       return new EconomyGasolineCar();
}
8) BenzFactory
class BenzFactory implements VehicleFactory {
    public Car createLuxuryCar() {
       return new LuxuryGasolineCar();
    public Car createEconomyCar() {
       return new EconomyElectricCar();
9) Main
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       System. out. println("使用 BMW 工厂生产:");
       VehicleFactory BMW = new BMWFactory();
       Car luxuryElectric = BMW. createLuxuryCar();
        luxuryElectric.drive();
        luxuryElectric.refuel();
       Car economyGasoline = BMW.createEconomyCar();
        economyGasoline.drive();
        economyGasoline.refuel();
        System. out. println("使用 Benz 工厂生产:");
       VehicleFactory Benz = new BenzFactory();
       Car luxuryGasoline = Benz.createLuxuryCar();
        luxuryGasoline.drive();
        luxuryGasoline.refuel();
       Car economyElectric = Benz.createEconomyCar();
        economyElectric.drive();
        economyElectric.refuel();
```

}