

RWorksheet_Sabarillo#4a

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```
#1.  
household_df <- read.csv("/cloud/project/worksheet#4/Household Data.csv")  
household_df
```

```
##      Shoe.size Height Gender  
## 1         6.5   66.0      F  
## 2         9.0   68.0      F  
## 3         8.5   64.5      F  
## 4         8.5   65.0      F  
## 5        10.5   70.0      M  
## 6         7.0   64.0      F  
## 7         9.5   70.0      F  
## 8         9.0   71.0      F  
## 9        13.0   72.0      M  
## 10        7.5   64.0      F  
## 11       10.5   74.5      M  
## 12         8.5   67.0      F  
## 13       12.0   71.0      M  
## 14       10.5   71.0      M  
## 15       13.0   77.0      M  
## 16       11.5   72.0      M  
## 17         8.5   59.0      F  
## 18         5.0   62.0      F  
## 19       10.0   72.0      M  
## 20         6.5   66.0      F  
## 21         7.5   64.0      F  
## 22         8.5   67.0      M  
## 23       10.5   73.0      M  
## 24         8.5   69.0      F  
## 25       10.5   72.0      M  
## 26       11.0   70.0      M  
## 27         9.0   69.0      M  
## 28       13.0   70.0      M
```

1.a - The data has 28 objects with 3 variables:Shoe size, Height and Gender

```
#1.b  
male_subset <- subset(household_df, Gender == "M" & Shoe.size&Height)  
male_subset
```

```
##      Shoe.size Height Gender  
## 5         10.5   70.0      M  
## 9         13.0   72.0      M  
## 11        10.5   74.5      M
```

```
## 13      12.0   71.0     M
## 14      10.5   71.0     M
## 15      13.0   77.0     M
## 16      11.5   72.0     M
## 19      10.0   72.0     M
## 22       8.5   67.0     M
## 23      10.5   73.0     M
## 25      10.5   72.0     M
## 26      11.0   70.0     M
## 27       9.0   69.0     M
## 28      13.0   70.0     M
```

#1.b

```
female_subset <- subset(household_df, Gender == "F" & Shoe.size < Height)
female_subset
```

```
##      Shoe.size Height Gender
## 1          6.5   66.0     F
## 2          9.0   68.0     F
## 3          8.5   64.5     F
## 4          8.5   65.0     F
## 6          7.0   64.0     F
## 7          9.5   70.0     F
## 8          9.0   71.0     F
## 10         7.5   64.0     F
## 12         8.5   67.0     F
## 17         8.5   59.0     F
## 18         5.0   62.0     F
## 20         6.5   66.0     F
## 21         7.5   64.0     F
## 24         8.5   69.0     F
```

#1.c

```
mean1 <- mean(household_df$Shoe.size)
mean1
```

```
## [1] 9.410714
```

```
mean2 <- mean(household_df$Height)
mean2
```

```
## [1] 68.57143
```

1.d - Looking at the data, it's clear that the relationship between height and shoe size differs between males and females. For males, there's a more predictable pattern where shoe size increases as height increases. This isn't as consistent for females, where shoe size seems to vary more independently of height.

#2.

```
month_vector <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January", "September", "October", "September")

factor_months <- factor(month_vector)
factor_months
```

```
## [1] March      April      January    November   January    September  October
## [8] September  November   August     January    November   November   February
## [15] May        August     July       December   August     August     September
## [22] November   February   April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September
```

```
#3.
month_summary <- summary(month_vector)
month_summary

##      Length      Class      Mode 
##      24 character character 

factor_month_summary <- summary(factor_months)
factor_month_summary

##      April      August  December  February  January      July      March      May 
##      2         4         1         2         3         1         1         1 
##  November  October  September 
##      5         1         3 

#4.
direction_vector <- c(c("East", "West", "North"), c(1,4,3))
direction_vector

## [1] "East" "West" "North" "1"      "4"      "3"

direction_matrix <- matrix(direction_vector,nrow=3,ncol=2)
direction_matrix

##      [,1] [,2]
## [1,] "East" "1"
## [2,] "West" "4"
## [3,] "North" "3"

#4.
colnames(direction_matrix) <- c("Direction", "Frequency")
direction_matrix

##      Direction Frequency
## [1,] "East"      "1"
## [2,] "West"      "4"
## [3,] "North"     "3"

#4.
ordered_direction_factor <- factor(direction_matrix,levels = c("East","West","North"))
print(ordered_direction_factor)

## [1] East  West  North <NA> <NA> <NA>
## Levels: East West North

#5.a
setwd("/cloud/project/worksheet#4")
strat_df <- read.table("import_march.csv", header= TRUE, sep = ",")
strat_df

##      Students Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
## 1      Male           8           10           8
## 2              4           8           6
## 3              0           6           4
## 4      Female        14           4          15
## 5              10           2          12
## 6              6           0           9
```

#5b - Because the numbers 1, 2, and 3 weren't part of the expected options in that category, R marked t
strat_df

```
##   Students Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
## 1      Male         8         10         8
## 2                4          8         6
## 3                0          6         4
## 4    Female        14          4        15
## 5                10          2        12
## 6                6          0         9
```

#6.

```
user_input <- readline(prompt = "Enter a number between 1 and 50: ")
```

```
## Enter a number between 1 and 50:
```

```
if (user_input < 1 || user_input > 50) {
  print("The number selected is below/beyond the range of 1 to 50")
} else if (user_input == 20) {
  print("TRUE")
} else {
  print(user_input)
}
```

```
## [1] "The number selected is below/beyond the range of 1 to 50"
```

#7.

```
snackPrice<-readline(prompt = "Enter Amount: ")
```

```
## Enter Amount:
```

```
if (snackPrice == 50){
  print("The minimum bill is : 100")
}else if(snackPrice == 100){
  print("The minimum bill is : 100")
}else if(snackPrice == 200){
  print("The minimum bill is : 200")
}else if(snackPrice == 500){
  print("The minimum bill is : 500")
}else if(snackPrice == 1000){
  print("The minimum bill is : 1000")
}else{
  print("The number is not divisible by 50")
}
```

```
## [1] "The number is not divisible by 50"
```

a. Create a dataframe

```
data <- data.frame(
  Name = c("Annie", "Thea", "Steve", "Hanna"),
  Grade1 = c(85, 65, 75, 95),
  Grade2 = c(65, 75, 55, 75),
  Grade3 = c(85, 90, 80, 100),
  Grade4 = c(100, 90, 85, 90)
)
print(data)
```

```
##   Name Grade1 Grade2 Grade3 Grade4
```

```
## 1 Annie      85      65      85     100
## 2 Thea       65      75      90      90
## 3 Steve      75      55      80      85
## 4 Hanna     95      75     100      90
```

```
# b. Average score without rowMeans()
for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
  total <- data[i, "Grade1"] + data[i, "Grade2"] + data[i, "Grade3"] + data[i, "Grade4"]
  average <- total / 4
  if (average > 90) {
    cat(data[i, "Name"], "'s average grade this semester is", average, "\n")
  }
}

# c. Tests with average score less than 80
for (j in 2:ncol(data)) {
  total <- 0
  for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
    total <- total + data[i, j]
  }
  average <- total / nrow(data)
  if (average < 80) {
    cat("The", j - 1, "th test was difficult.\n")
  }
}
```

```
## The 2 th test was difficult.
```

```
# d. Highest score without max()
for (i in 1:nrow(data)) {
  highest <- data[i, "Grade1"]
  if (data[i, "Grade2"] > highest) highest <- data[i, "Grade2"]
  if (data[i, "Grade3"] > highest) highest <- data[i, "Grade3"]
  if (data[i, "Grade4"] > highest) highest <- data[i, "Grade4"]
  if (highest > 90) {
    cat(data[i, "Name"], "'s highest grade this semester is", highest, "\n")
  }
}
```

```
## Annie 's highest grade this semester is 100
## Hanna 's highest grade this semester is 100
```