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%% PRE-SCRIPT PREP %%
clc; %clear command line
clear; %clear all variables
close all; %close all other previously opened figures and windows

%% CONSTANTS %%
T_infinity = 20; %degrees Celsius
guess = 300; %later add input command here
deltaX = 1*10^-3;
promptX = {'Enter x-value as shown on the diagram:'};
promptY = {'Enter y-value as shown on the diagram:'};
defaultInput = {'1'};
dialogBoxDimensions = [1 40];

%% VARIABLES %%
count = 0; %number of iterations taken to meet convergence criteria
sum = 0; %variable for storing the sum of values in the 4 nodes around node to be
evaluated
tripped = false; %checks if an individual node met convergence criteria
flag = true; %flag which goes down when convergence criteria for every node is met,
allowing exit of Gauss-Seidel iteration loop
run = true;%flag variable to keep the program running
qPrime = 0;% storage variable for q'
qPrimeVals = zeros(14,1); %storage matrix for
qPrimeConv = zeros(14);
qPrimeConvSum = 0;
nodeReq = true;

%% MATRIX SETUP %%
T_old = zeros(14); %create new matrix with 14 rows and columns populated by the number
0
for i=7:length(T_old) %add T_infinity values. Optional extra, zeros can be replaced
with T_infinity to fill outer cells
    T_old(1,i) = 0;
    T_old(2,i) = 0;
    T_old(3,i) = 0;
    T_old(7,i) = 0;
    T_old(8,i) = 0;
    T_old(12,i) = 0;
    T_old(13,i) = 0;
    T_old(14,i) = 0;
end
h = zeros(14,1);

%% MAIN LOOP %%
while(run)
    %Prompt User Input%
    k = str2num(cell2mat(inputdlg('Enter value of k in W/mK','Please Input x-Value',
dialogBoxDimensions,defaultInput))));
    h_0 = str2num(cell2mat(inputdlg('Enter value of h-0 in W/(K*m^2)','Please Input x-

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Value', dialogBoxDimensions, defaultInput)));
convCriteria = str2num(cell2mat(inputdlg('Enter value of desired Convection
Criteria', 'Please Input x-Value', dialogBoxDimensions, defaultInput))); %#ok<*ST2NM>
for i=1:length(T_old) %%adds guess value for nodes to be populated
    T_old(i,:) = guess;
end %%for loop

%% MAIN LOGIC %%
for i=1:length(T_old) %add left wall boundary values
    T_old(i,1) = 300+10*(14-i); %%add left wall values where T(0,y)=(300+10y)
end %%for loop
T_new = T_old;

while(flag)
    %create second array to store new values at the beginning of loop, copy new
values to T_old before changing the values in T_new again
    for i=1:length(T_new) %start for loop for y indices
        for j=1:length(T_new) %start for loop for x indices
            h(j) = h_0*(1+((j-1)-5)/(8));
            %X=2 to x=5
            if 1<j && j<6 %if x is between 1 and 6...
                if i==1 % if it is a top node
                    T_new(i,j) = (1/2)*(0.5*T_old(i,j-1) + 0.5*T_old(i,j+1) + T_old
(i+1,j)); %eq. A
                end
                if i==14 % if it is a bottom node
                    T_new(i,j) = (1/2)*(0.5*T_old(i,j-1) + 0.5*T_old(i,j+1) + T_old
(i-1,j)); %eq. B
                end
                if 1<i && i<14 %if it is a central node
                    T_new(i,j) = (1/4)*(T_old(i,j-1) + T_old(i+1,j) + T_old(i,j+1)
+ T_old(i-1,j)); %eq. C
                end
                if j==6 %if x = 6...
                    if (1<i && i<4) || (6<i && i<9) || (11<i && i<14) %if vertical
convection node
                        T_new(i,j) = (k/(2*k+h(j)*deltaX))*(T_old(i,j-1) + 0.5*T_old
(i+1,j) + 0.5*T_old(i-1,j) + ((h(j)*deltaX)/k)*T_infinity); %eq D
                        qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
                    end
                    if i==4 || i==9 %if top left fin corner
                        T_new(i,j) = (1/(3+((h(j)*deltaX)/k)))*(0.5*T_old(i-1,j) +
T_old(i,j-1) + T_old(i+1,j) + 0.5*T_old(i,j+1) + ((h(j)*deltaX)/k)*T_infinity); %eq. I
                        qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
                    end
                    if i==5 || i==10 %if fin base internal node
                        T_new(i,j) = (1/4)*(T_old(i,j-1) + T_old(i+1,j) + T_old(i,j+1)
+ T_old(i-1,j)); %eq. C
                    end
                end
            end
        end
    end
end

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        if i==6 || i==11 %if bottom left fin corner
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(3+((h(j)*deltaX)/k)))*(T_old(i-1,j) + T_old(i,
j-1) + 0.5*T_old(i+1,j) + 0.5*T_old(i,j+1) + ((h(j)*deltaX)/k)*T_infinity); %eq. J
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end
        if i==1 %if top corner node (y=1)
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(2*k+h(j)*deltaX))*(k*T_old(i,j-1) + k*T_old(
i+1,j) + h(j)*deltaX*T_infinity); %eq. G
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(0.5)*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end
        if i==14 %if bottom corner node (y=14)
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(2*k+h(j)*deltaX))*(k*T_old(i,j-1) + k*T_old(i-
1,j) + h(j)*deltaX*T_infinity); %eq. H
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(0.5)*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end
    end
    if 6<j && j<14 %if x is between 6 and 14
        if i==4 || i==9 %if top fin surface node
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(2*k+h(j)*deltaX))*((k/2)*T_old(i,j-1) + k*
T_old(i+1,j) + (k/2)*T_old(i,j+1) + h(j)*deltaX*T_infinity); %eq. E
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end %if i==4...
        if i==5 || i==10 %if fin internal node
            T_new(i,j) = (1/4)*(T_old(i,j-1) + T_old(i+1,j) + T_old(i,j+1)
+ T_old(i-1,j)); %eq. C
        end %if i==5
        if i==6 || i==11 %if bottom fin surface node
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(2*k+h(j)*deltaX))*((k/2)*T_old(i,j-1) + k*
T_old(i-1,j) + (k/2)*T_old(i,j+1) + h(j)*deltaX*T_infinity); %eq. F
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end %if i==6
    end %if 6<j...
    if j==14 %if it is a far right node
        if i==4 || i==9 %if fin top right corner
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(1+((h(j)*deltaX)/k)))*(0.5*T_old(i,j-1) + 0.5*
T_old(i+1,j) + ((h(j)*deltaX)/k)*T_infinity); %eq. K
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end %if i==4...
        if i==5 || i==10 %if fin right vertical
            T_new(i,j) = (k/(2*k+h(j)*deltaX))*(T_old(i,j-1) + 0.5*T_old(
i+1,j) + 0.5*T_old(i-1,j) + ((h(j)*deltaX)/k)*T_infinity); %eq D
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end %if i==5
        if i==6 || i==11 %if fin bottom right corner
            T_new(i,j) = (1/(1+((h(j)*deltaX)/k)))*(0.5*T_old(i,j-1) + 0.5*
T_old(i-1,j) + ((h(j)*deltaX)/k)*T_infinity); %eq. L
            qPrimeConv(i,j) = h(j)*deltaX*(T_new(i,j)-T_infinity);
        end %if i==6
    end %if j==14
    if j==1 %calculate q' using left wall

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        if i==1 || i==14
            qPrime1Vals(i) = 0.5*k*(-T_new(i,j+1)+T_new(i,j));
        else
            qPrime1Vals(i) = k*(-T_new(i,j+1)+T_new(i,j));
        end
    end
end
%Check convergence criteria:
if abs(T_new(i,j)-T_old(i,j))>convCriteria
    tripped = true; %if any value is above conv criteria, this
                    %becomes true and flag will stay up
end %if abs(...)
end %for j
end %for i
count = count +1; %increase iteration count by 1
if tripped
    flag = true;
    T_old = T_new; %move new values to old matrix for next iteration
else
    flag = false;
    for i=1:length(qPrime1Vals)
        qPrime = qPrime+qPrime1Vals(i);
    end
    test = nonzeros(qPrimeConv);
    qPrimeConvSum = cumsum(test);
end %if/else
tripped = false; %reset tripped for next iteration
end %while flag

%% PRINT FINAL VALUES %%
fprintf('\t\tBase Temperature: \tTip Temperature:\n'); %utilize fprintf function to
print values.
fprintf('y=4 \t'); %this is a highly inefficient way to print things. With more
time, could add a more elegant solution.
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(4,6)); %use %4.4f delimiter to display up to 4 digits before
decimal, and 4 digits after
fprintf('\t\t\t ');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(4,14));
fprintf('\ny=5 \t');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(5,6));
fprintf('\t\t\t ');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(5,14));
fprintf('\ny=6 \t');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(6,6));
fprintf('\t\t\t ');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(6,14));

fprintf('\n'); %add a space for clarity
fprintf('\ny=9 \t');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(9,6));
fprintf('\t\t\t ');

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fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(9,14));
fprintf('\ny=10 \t');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(10,6));
fprintf('\t\t\t ');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(10,14));
fprintf('\ny=11 \t');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(11,6));
fprintf('\t\t\t ');
fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(11,14));
fprintf('\n');

%PRINT q'%
fprintf('\nq''through left wall: ');
fprintf('%4.4f', qPrime);
fprintf('\nq''through convecting surface: ');
fprintf('%4.4f', qPrimeConvSum(46));

%PRINT NUMBER OF ITERATIONS%
fprintf('\nNumber of Iterations: ');
fprintf('%5d', count);
fprintf('\n');

%% POST PROCESS USER INTERFACE %%
while nodeReq
    answer1 = questdlg('Would you like to see another node value?', 'Want More
Info?', 'Yes', 'No', 'No');
    switch answer1
        case 'Yes'
            xReq = str2num(cell2mat(inputdlg(promptX, 'Please Input x-Value',
dialogBoxDimensions, defaultInput)));
            yReq = str2num(cell2mat(inputdlg(promptY, 'Please Input y-Value',
dialogBoxDimensions, defaultInput)));
            fprintf("\nRequested node Temperature is: ");
            fprintf('%4.4f', T_new(yReq, xReq));
            fprintf('\n');
            nodeReq = true;
        case 'No'
            nodeReq = false;
    end
end
answer2 = questdlg('Would you like to try another run using different values for k,
h_0, or Convergence Criteria?', 'Run Again?', 'Yes', 'No', 'No');
switch answer2
    case 'Yes'
        run = true;
    case 'No'
        run = false;
end
end %while run

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