# ARC Developments (NI) Ltd

# Filleted financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

Registration No: NI612006

TUESDAY



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24/09/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE #41

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# **Directors and advisers**

# **Directors**

Mr Keith McIvor Mrs Julia-Anne McIvor Mr Michael Donnelly

# Secretary

Mrs Julia-Anne McIvor

# Registered office

11 Killycolp Road Cookstown Co Tyrone BT80 9AD

# **Bankers**

Danske Bank Portadown Finance Centre 45-48 High Street Portadown Co Armagh BT62 1LB

# Registered auditors

ASM (D) Ltd 8 Park Road Dungannon Co Tyrone



# **Balance** sheet

|  | Notes | 2018        | 2017        |
|--|-------|-------------|-------------|
|  |       | £           | £           |
| Fixed assets                                   |       |             |             |
| Tangible fixed assets                          | 5     | 4,404,230   | 3,177,671   |
| Investments                                    | 6     | 1,137,936   | 899,768     |
|  |       | 5,542,166   | 4,077,439   |
| Current assets                                 |       |             |             |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year   | 7     | 650,423     | 648,809     |
| Debtors: amounts falling due after one year    | 8     | 106,469     | 179,636     |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       | •     | 222,980     | 142,714     |
|  | •     | 979,872     | 971,159     |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 9 .   | (2,741,459) | (2,097,728) |
| Net current liabilities                        | -     | (1,761,587) | (1,126,569) |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |       | 3,780,579   | 2,950,870   |
| Provisions for liabilities                     | 10    | (52,098)    | (28,969)    |
| Net assets                                     |       | 3,728,481   | 2,921,901   |
| Capital and reserves                           |       |             |             |
| Share capital                                  | 11    | 2           | 2           |
| Reserves                                       | 12    | 3,728,479   | 2,921,899   |
| Equity shareholders' funds                     | _     | 3,728,481   | 2,921,901   |
|  | -     |             |             |

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The profit and loss account and directors' report have not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These financial statements for ARC Developments (NI) Ltd (NI612006) were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 June 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Keith McIvor Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.



# Notes to the filleted financial statements

#### 1. Principal accounting policies

#### Statement of compliance

The company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 including the provisions of section 1A as it applies to the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### General information and basis of preparation

ARC Developments (NI) Ltd is a company incorporated in Northern Ireland under the United Kingdom Companies Act. The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The principal activity of the company is the letting of commercial and residential property.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. A summary of the more important policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company. The financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition, less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis, over their expected useful economic lives. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

%

Freehold property
Plant and equipment

2 5/10

#### Investment properties

In accordance with FRS 102, investment properties are measured at fair value at each year end and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to reserves and taken to the statement of other comprehensive income.

Full valuations are made by the directors with the assistance of independent professional advice, as required. The investment properties were valued for the purpose of the financial statements at open market valuation for existing use.



# 1. Principal accounting policies (cont'd)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the company estimates, the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is impaired and it is reduced to its recoverable amount through an impairment in the profit and loss account.

An impairment loss recognised for all assets is reversed in a subsequent period if and only if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rental income

Rental income is recognised according to the terms of the lease.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period as adjusted for disallowable items and for timing differences to the extent that they are unlikely to result in an actual tax liability in the foreseeable future. Timing differences arise from the recognition for tax purposes of certain items of income and expenses in a different accounting period from that in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The tax effect of timing differences, as reduced by the tax benefit of any accumulated losses, is treated as a deferred tax liability.

#### Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.



# 2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

# Critical judgements in applying the company's accounting policies

During the current and preceding financial years the directors believe they have not made any critical judgements in the process of applying the company's accounting policies that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the accounts.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

During the preceding financial year the directors revised the depreciation policy for plant and equipment to more accurately reflect the carrying value of fixed assets in the company's accounts by reference to residual values and estimated useful life.

#### 3. Going concern

The directors, after making enquiries, have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the accounts.

# 4. Employee information

The average number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the year was:

|              | 2018   | 2017   |
|--------------|--------|--------|
|              | Number | Number |
| By activity: |        |        |
| Management   | 3      | 3      |



# 5. Tangible fixed assets

|                        | Total       |
|------------------------|-------------|
|                        | £           |
| Cost or valuation      | ·           |
| As at 1 January 2017   | 3,257,204   |
| Additions              | 1,288,087   |
| Reclassification       | (27,378)    |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 4,517,913   |
| Depreciation           |             |
| As at 1 January 2017   | 79,553      |
| Charge for the year    | 34,325      |
| Disposals              | (175)       |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 113,683     |
| Net book value         |             |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 4,404,230   |
| As at 31 December 2017 | 3,177,671   |
|                        | <del></del> |
| 6. Investments         |             |
|                        |             |
|                        | Total       |
|                        | £           |
| Cost or revaluation    |             |
| As at 1 January 2017   | 899,768     |
| Additions              | 412,806     |
| Disposals              | (202,016)   |
| Reclassification       | 27,378      |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 1,137,936   |
| Net book value         |             |
| As at 31 December 2018 | 1,137,936   |
| As at 31 December 2017 | 899,768     |
|                        | . 077,100   |



# 7. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

| 7. Debtors, amounts runing due within one year    |             |             |           |
|---|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| ·   |             | 2018        | 2017      |
|   |             | £           | £         |
|   |             |             |           |
| Trade debtors                                     |             | 38,921      | 10,148    |
| Other debtors                                     |             | 609,419     | 636,603   |
| Prepayments and accrued income                    |             | 2,083       | 2,058     |
|   |             | 650,423     | 648,809   |
|   |             |             |           |
| 8. Debtors: amounts falling due after one year    |             |             |           |
|   |             | 2018        | 2017      |
|   |             | £           | £         |
|   | •           |             |           |
| Other debtors                                     |             | 106,469     | 179,636   |
|   | Between 1   | Between 2   |           |
|   | and 2 years | and 5 years | Total     |
|   | £           | £           | £         |
| Amounts due by instalments: Other debtors         | 78,848      | 27,621      | 106,469   |
| ·   | 70,040      | 27,021      | 100,409   |
| 9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year |             |             |           |
|   |             | 2018        | 2017      |
|   |             | £           | £         |
|   |             | _           |           |
| Bank overdraft                                    |             | •           | 6,677     |
| Trade creditors                                   |             | 35,283      | 9,819     |
| Other taxes and social security                   |             | •           | 8,219     |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings                |             | 2,674,738   | 1,745,837 |
| Corporation tax                                   |             | 27,297      | 83,117    |
| Other creditors                                   |             | 2,291       | 239,118   |
| Accruals and deferred income                      | •           | 1,850       | 4,141     |
|   |             | 2,741,459   | 2,097,728 |

#### 10. Provisions for liabilities

|   | 2018   | 2017   |
|---|--------|--------|
| ·   |        | £      |
| Deferred taxation                         | ,      |        |
| Accelerated capital allowances            | 40,769 | 17,491 |
| Revaluation surplus                       | 11,329 | 11,478 |
|   | 52,098 | 28,969 |
| Movement in the provision during the year |        | £      |
| At 1 January 2018                         |        | 28,969 |
| Transfer from profit and loss account     |        | 23,129 |
| At 31 December 2018                       |        | 52,098 |
| 11. Share capital                         |        |        |
|   | 2018   | · 2017 |
|   | £      | £      |
| Allotted, called up and fully paid        | •      |        |
| 2 ordinary shares of £1 each              | 2      | 2      |

The company has one class of ordinary shares which carries voting rights and rights to participate in a distribution as respects dividend and capital.

# 12. Reserves

# Profit and loss account

This reserve records cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid. This reserve is distributable in full.

# Revaluation reserve

This reserve records the gains or losses on revaluation of investment properties. This reserve is not distributable.

# 13. Parent company

The directors regard K Holdings (NI) Ltd, which is registered in Northern Ireland, to be the company's parent company. K Holdings (NI) Ltd has a 100% interest in the ordinary share capital of ARC Developments (NI) Ltd at 31 December 2018.



# 14. Related parties

The company was under the control of K Holdings (NI) Ltd, a company incorporated in Northern Ireland, by way of its effective control of 100% of the equity share capital of the company throughout the year.

Advantage has been taken of the exemption not to disclose any transactions with entities that are part of the group qualifying as related parties, because consolidated financial statements in which they are included are publicly available at the registered office of the holding company.

|  | £ | £       |
|--|---|---------|
| Transactions with other related parties        | • | 219,556 |
| 15. Directors advances, credits and guarantees | · |         |

During the year certain directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

| Balance        | Advances   | B/fwd     |
|----------------|------------|-----------|
| outstanding    | /(credits) | balance   |
| . <b>£</b>     | £          | £         |
| A1 <b>92</b> A | 280.052    | (230 118) |

Mr Keith McIvor & Mrs Julia-Ann McIvor

Interest is charged on the outstanding balance at the HMRC official rate of interest.

# 16. Summary audit opinion

The auditors' report for the year dated 31 December 2018 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Alistair Cooke, for and on behalf of ASM (D) Ltd.

