

Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited

Annual Report and accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2018

Registered number: 03528783

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Strategic report

For the year ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditor's report, for the year ended 31 March 2018.

The accounts are presented under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Review of the business

The company's purpose is to operate and maintain the North of England gas distribution network on behalf of its parent Northern Gas Networks Limited (NGN); so that the Northern Gas group provide safe and secure gas supplies to the people and the businesses within the distribution network. NGN hold all licence obligations with Ofgem and the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). The company's vision of success mirrors that of NGN, which is to be consistently benchmarked by the regulators, Ofgem and the HSE as being in the top two comparable utilities in safety management, efficiency and customer service, which in turn will generate value to the shareholders of the company.

Financial and operational review

Operating profit for the year was £100,000 (2017 - £100,000) as all costs plus a margin are recharged to NGN. The balance sheet at 31 March 2018 shows net assets of £0.5m (2017 - £0.4m).

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The company is managed as part of the overall group with costs recharged to NGN. For this reason, the company's directors believe that specific key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of the group, including this company, is discussed in the Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited (NGNH) Annual Report.

Environment

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities and undertakes its operations in an environmentally sensitive manner, complying with all relevant legislative requirements and higher standards where possible. The company is committed to the protection of the environment in the region it serves. The company's environmental management systems are certified under ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001. This helps the directors to deal proactively with future environmental issues and legislation and assist in the development of environmentally beneficial projects.

Future prospects and subsequent events

The directors expect the future prospects of the company to be consistent with performance shown within this Annual Report and accounts. From 1 April 2013, the current price control (RIIO-GD1) period commenced, which gives the group of which the company is a member security over regulated revenue until 31 March 2021. Further going concern details can be found within the Directors' report. There are no material post balance sheet events.

Strategic report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's principal risks and uncertainties are set out below, mirroring those of NGN.

Regulatory environment, revenue and costs

The gas industry is subject to extensive legal and regulatory obligations and controls with which the company must comply. The application and possible changes of these laws, regulations and regulatory standards could have an adverse effect on the operations and financial position of the company or, in the case of misreporting, a potential fine.

Mitigation

NGN engages with the regulatory authorities extensively at all levels of seniority to understand future plans and potential impacts on the business. The company respond to all potential changes which impact on the business and seek to mitigate any adverse impacts. The business has in place an extensive set of policies and procedures to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory obligations. The implications of the next price control, RII0-GD2, are being assessed although this does not start until 1 April 2021.

Health and safety

There is a risk that an incident within the network leads to injury to an employee, contractor or a member of the general public. Any such incident could have an adverse effect primarily for individuals concerned, but also on the reputation of the company, or lead to potential prosecution.

Mitigation

Health and Safety is our priority. The business has an Environment Health & Safety team that ensure compliance with our management safety system and monitor it on a monthly basis with key KPIs.

Network performance

If the network assets were to fail it could result in a loss in supply of gas to customers and associated adverse publicity and an unexpected increase in costs.

Mitigation

The company have a set of policies and procedures we adhere to, to ensure the integrity of the network and ensure that the people who work on the network are qualified and competent.

Employees

The success of the company depends to a significant extent on the contribution of its employees and the employees of operational contractors. Fair and effective recruitment, training and employee development are critical to the successful functioning and progression of the business. The ability to adapt in a climate of change is dependent on the appointment and retention of a high calibre, competent, flexible, quality conscious and customer focused workforce all of whom are committed to business success and are given appropriate training.

Strategic report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

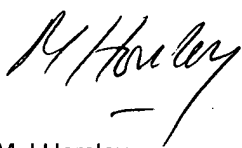
Mitigation

Appropriate succession planning strategies mean that development of existing staff is crucial. The company, as an equal opportunities employer, ensures that no job applicant receives less favourable treatment because of his or her age, colour, disability, ethnic or national origin, gender, marital status or sexuality or is disadvantaged by conditions or requirements which are irrelevant to performance and the company's needs. The company has published its gender pay gap analysis which can be found at: <https://www.northerngasnetworks.co.uk>.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's financial instruments comprise group debtors, cash and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. There are no uncontrolled key risks associated with these financial instruments as their main purpose is to finance the company's operations. The company does not hold or issue any derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

By order of the Board



M J Horsley

Director

19 July 2018

Directors' report

For the year ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditor's report for the year ended 31 March 2018. The following disclosures have been disclosed in the strategic report and are included in this report by way of cross referenced here: principal activities, business review including KPI's, principal risks and uncertainties, financial risk management objectives and policies and future prospects and subsequent events.

Directors

The directors, who served throughout the year and subsequently except as noted, were as follows:

A J Hunter (Chairman)
M J Horsley (Chief Executive Officer)
H L Kam
C T Wan
N D McGee
D N Macrae
L S Chan
C C Tsai
S D Beer

The Board of Directors

The daily operations of the business are managed by a Senior Management Team ("SMT") and the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"). All significant decisions are referred to the Northern Gas Networks Limited Board of Directors.

The Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited Board of Directors ("the Board") meets at least once a year. The number of Board meetings held during the year and attendees (including alternates) at the Board meetings are detailed below:

Year ended 31 March 2018		Year ended 31 March 2017	
Date	Attendees	Date	Attendees
26 July 2017	7 out of 9	19 July 2016 20 September 2016	8 out of 9 7 out of 9

The effectiveness of systems and internal controls are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the SMT. The Board is ultimately responsible for the system of internal controls and for the review of their overall effectiveness.

Directors indemnities

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

Directors' report (continued)

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2017 - £nil).

Going Concern

The company's business activities, performance and position, together with its principal risks and uncertainties likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the strategic report.

The company is able to pay its liabilities as they fall due, with all costs be recharged to NGN which in turn has the reliability of regulated revenue under RIIO-GD1. The existence of the company is dependent upon the existence of NGN, it being the regulated licence holder of Ofgem.

It should be noted that the Northern Gas Networks group has £200m of debt falling due within July 2019, being within 1 year of the signing of these accounts, and that no replacement finance has been confirmed. The directors are satisfied that the required refinance will be completed prior to the maturity of the £200m of debt in July 2019 due to the following factors: (1) the group have refinanced comparable amounts without issue in the past; (2) investors confidence in the group remains strong due to the reliable regulated revenue and valuable asset held (the gas network); (3) the shareholders of the company have the ability to fund the refinance in the highly unlikely circumstance that this be needed. It was agreed by the Board that the treasury policy provision requiring long term debt to be refinanced at least 12 months before its maturity date, could be waived.

The directors have made enquiries and reviewed the forecasts, including sensitivity analysis, and have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and accounts.

Disabled employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned. In the event of employees becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of all other employees.

Employee consultation

The company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the company. This is achieved through both formal and informal meetings. Employees are consulted regularly on a wide range of matters affecting their current and future interests. Some employees are eligible to receive an annual bonus related to the overall financial and operational performance of the company.

Directors' report (continued)

Supplier payment policy

The company's policy, which is also applied by the group, is to settle terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment and abide by the terms of payment.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

1100 Century Way
Thorpe Park Business Park
Colton
Leeds
LS15 8TU
United Kingdom

By order of the Board,



M J Horsley
Director

19 July 2018

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited (the 'company') which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the statement of accounting policies; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited
(continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.



Scott Bayne FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Leeds, United Kingdom

19 July 2018

Statement of comprehensive income
For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Turnover	1	295,080	288,274
Cost of sales		(294,980)	(288,174)
Operating profit and profit on ordinary activities before tax	2	100	100
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	43	(20)
Profit for the financial year		143	80
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		143	80

The above results arise from continuing operations.

Profit for the year is all attributable to the equity shareholders of the company.

The accompanying notes on pages 17 to 21 are an integral part of this statement of comprehensive income.

Balance sheet
As at 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Current assets			
Stocks - raw materials		2,560	2,643
Debtors - due within one year	6	37,804	35,268
		<u>40,364</u>	<u>37,911</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(39,858)	(37,548)
Net current assets		<u>506</u>	<u>363</u>
Net assets		<u>506</u>	<u>363</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	8	-	-
Profit and loss account		<u>506</u>	<u>363</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>506</u>	<u>363</u>

The accompanying notes on pages 17 to 21 are an integral part of this balance sheet.

The accounts of Northern Gas Networks Operations Limited, Registered number 03528783, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 18 July 2018 and signed on its behalf by:



M J Horsley
Director

19 July 2018

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Profit and loss account £'000	Called up share capital £'000	Total £'000
At 1 April 2016	283	-	283
Total comprehensive income	80	-	80
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 March 2017	363	-	363
Total comprehensive income	143	-	143
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 March 2018	506	-	506
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

The accompanying notes on pages 17 to 21 are an integral part of this statement of changes in equity.

Statement of accounting policies

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Notes to the accounts

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the prior year.

Basis of accounting

Northern Gas Network Operations Limited is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the companies act. The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the company is 1100 Century Way, Leeds, LS8 1NF. The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Principal activities and nature of operations are shown in the strategic report.

The functional and presentational currency is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS102 and has therefore taken advantage of disclosure exemptions available to it. Exemptions have been taken in relation to financial instruments, presentation of a cash flow statement and remunerations of key management personnel.

Going concern

The company's business activities, performance and position, together with its principal risks and uncertainties likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the strategic report. The company is able to pay its liabilities as they fall due, with all costs be recharged NGN which in turn has the reliability of regulated revenue under RII0-GD1. The refinancing requirements of the group are further discussed within the strategic report.

The directors have made enquiries and reviewed the forecasts, including sensitivity analysis, and have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and accounts (further details are provided within the Directors' report).

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for obsolete or defective items where appropriate.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the UK tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Statement of accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the accounts that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the accounts.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs). If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party. Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Statement of accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Turnover represents income receivable for the provision of services to NGN net of Value Added Tax. Revenue is recognised at the end of each month for the services provided within that month.

Pension costs

Employees of the company participate in either the Northern Gas Networks Limited Pension Scheme, a defined benefit scheme which is now closed to new entrants, or defined contribution pension schemes operated by NGN. The amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are similarly spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where the period to the review date on which the rent is first expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate is shorter than the full lease term, in which case the shorter period is used.

Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors are not aware of any critical accounting judgments or keys sources of estimation uncertainty with these accounts.

Notes to the accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2018

1 Segment information

The directors consider that the company has only one class of business being gas infrastructure. The company's turnover is generated wholly from within the UK.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Operating lease rentals - vehicles	1,103	1,151
Operating lease rentals – property	1,360	1,091
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	15	24

Fees payable to Deloitte LLP and their associates for non-audit services to the company are not required to be disclosed because the consolidated accounts of the parent company disclose such fees on a consolidated basis.

3 Staff costs

The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was:

	2018 Number	2017 Number
Administration	144	171
Operations	1,326	1,281
	1,470	1,452

Notes to the accounts (continued)

3 Staff costs (continued)

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
Wages and salaries	57,558	53,883
Social security costs	6,269	5,835
Pension costs	6,962	7,722
	<u>70,789</u>	<u>67,440</u>

Pension costs include only those items included within cost of sales.

4 Directors' remuneration and transactions

The directors did not receive or accrue any remuneration in relation to their services to the company during the current year or prior year. The total remuneration received by the directors during the year was £1,072,000 (2017 - £1,026,000) which was paid by other group companies for their services to the group. There have been no transactions with directors in the year (2017 - £nil).

5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax charge comprises:

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	11	20
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(20)	-
Total current tax (credit) / charge	<u>(9)</u>	<u>20</u>
Deferred tax		
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(34)	-
Total deferred tax	<u>(34)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total tax (credit) / charge on profit on ordinary activities	<u>(43)</u>	<u>20</u>

The differences between the total tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

Notes to the accounts (continued)

5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2017 – 20.0%)	19	20
Effects of:		
Differences in tax rates	(8)	-
Adjustments in respect of prior year	(54)	-
Total tax charge for the year	<u>(43)</u>	<u>20</u>

The company earns its profits in the UK. Therefore the tax rate used for tax on profit on ordinary activities is the standard rate for UK corporation tax, currently 19% (2017 – 20.0%).

The Finance Act 2015 included provisions to reduce the rate of UK corporation tax to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017. The Finance Act 2016 included provisions to further reduce the rate of UK corporation tax to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. Deferred taxation is measured at tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which temporary timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Accordingly 17% has been applied when calculating deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2018.

6 Debtors – due within one year

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Trade debtors	361	120
Amounts owed by group undertakings	31,921	20,412
Other debtors	2,601	12,193
Prepayments and accrued income	2,888	2,543
Deferred tax	33	-
	<u>37,804</u>	<u>35,268</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the accounts (continued)

7 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Trade creditors	4,850	6,524
Other taxation and social security	1,602	1,734
Accruals and deferred income	33,406	29,290
	<u>39,858</u>	<u>37,548</u>

8 Called-up share capital and reserves

<i>Share capital</i>	2018 £	2017 £
<i>Allotted, called-up and fully-paid</i>		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

Profit and loss account

This is the accumulative earnings retained by the company.

9 Financial commitments

The company had no capital commitments at the end of the financial year (2017 - £nil).

Total future commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Motor vehicle leases	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Expiry date:		
- within one year	97	828
- between one and two years	607	571
- between two and five years	637	291
	<u>1,341</u>	<u>1,690</u>

Notes to the accounts (continued)

10 Related parties

As a subsidiary undertaking of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 section 33 2.2, "Related Party Disclosures", from disclosing transactions with other members of the group headed by Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited.

11 Ultimate controlling party

The directors regard Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent company and the ultimate controlling party. Northern Gas Networks Limited is the immediate parent company.

Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited is the parent company of the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up. Copies of the accounts are available from 1100 Century Way, Thorpe Park Business Park, Colton, Leeds, LS15 8TU.

The Shareholders of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited are a consortium comprising of:

PG (April) Limited (47.1%)

Beta Central Profits Limited (41.3%)

SAS Trustee Corporation (11.6%)