Company registration number: 06831052

Full Spectrum Print Media Limited

Unaudited financial statements

31 March 2018

SATURDAY



A/A611YR A25 14/07/2018 #199 COMPANIES HOUSE *

Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	1
Directors report	. 2
Statement of comprehensive income	3
Statement of financial position	4 - 5
Statement of changes in equity	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 11

Directors and other information

Directors

K Walker

L Hammond

Secretary

M Nokes FCCA FMAAT

Company number

06831052

Registered office

Squire House

81/87 High Street

Billericay Essex CM12 9AS

Business address

Units 44 & 55 Bowlers Croft

Honeywood Road

Basildon Essex SS14 3EB

Directors report Year ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

M. Waller-

K Walker

L Hammond

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 28 June 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

K Walker

Director

Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover Cost of sales		7,207,348 (6,052,468)	6,687,372 (5,568,954)
Gross profit		1,154,880	1,118,418
Administrative expenses Other operating income Operating profit		$(1,030,490) \\ -\frac{9,277}{133,667}$	(1,011,094) 20,291 ——— 127,615
Interest payable and similar expenses		(24,060)	(30,052)
Profit before taxation	5	109,607	97,563
Tax on profit		447,039	149,987
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		556,646 ———	247,550 =====

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of financial position 31 March 2018

		2018		20	2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	6	991,009		1,086,609		
			991,009		1,086,609	
Current assets						
Stocks		449,213		483,713		
Debtors	7	2,649,581		1,600,852		
Cash at bank and in hand		(331,446)		(231,699)		
		2,767,348		1,852,866		
Creditors: amounts falling due						
within one year	8	(2,278,989)		(1,932,753)		
Net current assets/(liabilities)			488,359		(79,887)	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,479,368		1,006,722	
Creditors: amounts falling due						
after more than one year	9		(30,000)		(30,000)	
Provisions for liabilities			(31,064)		(31,064)	
Net assets			1,418,304		945,658	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			80,000		80,000	
Profit and loss account			1,338,304		865,658	
TOTAL AND 1055 ACCOUNT						
Shareholders funds			1,418,304		945,658	

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 June 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

M. Walker.

K Walker Director

Company registration number: 06831052

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2018

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2016	80,000	708,808	788,808
Profit for the year		247,550	247,550
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	247,550	247,550
Dividends paid and payable		(90,700)	(90,700)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(90,700)	(90,700)
At 31 March 2017 and 1 April 2017	80,000	865,658	945,658
Profit for the year		556,646	556,646
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	556,646	556,646
Dividends paid and payable		(84,000)	(84,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(84,000)	(84,000)
At 31 March 2018	80,000	1,338,304	1,418,304

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Squire House, 81/87 High Street, Billericay, Essex, CM12 9AS.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 20 (2017: 20).

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	205,859	214,459

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

6.	Tangible assets				
		Plant and	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
		machinery	fittings and equipment	vehicles	
•		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2017	1,608,770	26,829	98,700	1,734,299
	Additions	120,260	-	-	120,260
	Disposals	(29,700)		(7,100)	(36,800)
	At 31 March 2018	1,699,330	26,829	91,600	1,817,759
	Depreciation	•			
	At 1 April 2017	615,038	19,753	12,900	647,691
	Charge for the year	204,841	1,018	(7.400)	205,859
	Disposals	(19,700)		(7,100) ———	(26,800)
	At 31 March 2018	800,179	20,771	5,800	826,750
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2018	899,151	6,058	85,800	991,009
	At 31 March 2017	993,732	7,076	85,800	1,086,608
7.	Debtors				
				2018	2017
	-			£	£
	Trade debtors Other debtors			2,035,083	1,458,543 142,309
	Other deptors			614,498	
				2,649,581 ======	1,600,852 ======
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	ar .			
				2018	2017
	D 11			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			- 970,231	936 819,704
	Trade creditors Corporation tax			36,386	019,704
	Social security and other taxes			48,984	10,663
	Other creditors			1,223,388	1,101,450
				2,278,989	1,932,753
				<u> </u>	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other creditors	30,000	30,000

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2018			
•		Balance	Advances	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	o/standing
,		forward	the directors	
		£	£	£
K Walker		(90,258)	65,141	(25,117)
L Hammond		(275,300)	(105,884)	(381,184)
		(365,558)	(40,743)	(406,301)
	2017			
		Balance	Advances	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	o/standing
,		forward	the directors	
		£	£	£
K Walker		(33,309)	(56,949)	(90,258)
L Hammond		(270,000)	(5,300)	(275,300)
		(303,309)	(62,249)	(365,558)