**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02492137** 

## **REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES**

# FILLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019





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## A. S. ZANETTOS & CO LIMITED

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
2 - 5 Croxted Mews
286a/288 Croxted Road
London SE24 9DA

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## **30 JUNE 2019**

		2019	9.	2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		310,773	360,783
Current assets				•
Stocks		377,954		420,982
Debtors	6	908,633		859,860
Cash at bank and in hand		756		756
		1,287,343		1,281,598
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	92,603		174,969
Net current assets			1,194,740	1,106,629
Total assets less current liabilities			1,505,513	1,467,412
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			34,587	42,118
Net assets			1,470,926	1,425,294
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			106	106
Profit and loss account			1,470,820	1,425,188
Shareholders funds			1,470,926	1,425,294

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 November 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R. P. Ross Director

Company registration number: 02492137

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 - 5 Croxted Mews, 286a/288 Croxted Road, London, SE24 9DA.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Operating leases**

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold property - Plant, machinery and equipment -

over the life of the lease 20% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

10% reducing balance

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 72 (2018: 72).

#### 5. Tangible assets

c	Cost	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
	At 1 July 2018 and 30 June 2019	243,870	31,849	436,766	712,485
A	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 July 2018 Charge for the year	178,613 18,498	12,252 3,919	160,837 27,593	351,702 50,010
A	At 30 June 2019	197,111	16,171	188,430	401,712
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2019	46,759	15,678	248,336	310,773
A	At 30 June 2018	65,257	19,597	275,929	360,783
6. D	Debtors				
				2019 £	2018 £
C	Amounts owed by group undertakings and un ompany has a participating interest Other debtors	ndertakings i	n,which the	867,924 40,709	744,910 114,950
				908,633	859,860
7. C	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year		·	
				2019 £	2018 £
	Corporation tax Other creditors			28,809 63,794	41,219 133,750

92,603

174,969

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 8. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	•	2019	2018
		£	£
Not later than 1 year		475,576	475,576
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		699,565	1,175,141
·		1,175,141	1,650,717

#### 9. Summary audit opinion.

The auditor's report for the year dated 22 November 2019 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Adonis Zanettos, for and on behalf of A. S. Zanettos & Co Limited.

#### 10. Related party transactions

Directors loan account of £44,000 included in creditors, relates to money owed to one of the directors. During the year the director was paid a dividend of £12,000 (2018 - £12,000).

#### 11. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, Trotters (Childrenswear and Accessories) Limited, who was also incorporated in the UK, is the ultimate parent undertaking. Mr R. P. Ross and Ms S. Mirman, who effectively control 100% of the shares of Trotters (Childrenswear and Accessories) Limited, are the company's ultimate controllers (2018 - Mr R. P. Ross and Ms S. Mirman).