Strategic Report,

Report of the Directors and

Audited Financial Statements

for the year-ended

31 December 2018 .

for

JG Foods Limited Trading as Grape Tree

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COMPANIES HOUSE

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JG Foods Limited Trading as Grape Tree

Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2018

DIRECTORS:

N J Shutts N G Morris

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Unit 2 Dandy Bank Road Pensnett Trading Estate Kingswinford West Midlands DY6 7TD

REGISTERED NUMBER:

08178714 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Nicklin Audit Limited Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Church Court Stourbridge Road Halesowen West Midlands B63 3TT

Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The directors consider the profit achieved on ordinary activities before taxation to be satisfactory, with the gross profit percentage maintained at a satisfactory level during the year. The company has continued to develop its product range and open more stores around the country.

The accounts show a retained profit of £409,465. The net assets have increased to £2,303,359 from £1,893,994 at the previous year end.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Management continually monitor the key risks facing the company together with assessing the controls used for managing these risks. As the company trades in the UK and purchases goods mainly from the UK it is not materially exposed to foreign exchange risk. There are no other material exposures of the company relating to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk which are material for the assessment of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of the company.

EMPLOYMENT POLICY

The directors believe that it is important to develop good working relations by the use of clear channels of communication.

The company's policy is to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by disabled persons, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities.

Disabled persons receive appropriate training to promote their career development within the company. Employees who become disabled are retained in their existing posts where possible or retained for suitable alternative posts and provide retraining where necessary.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Turnover has increased from £23.47 million to £28.27 million with a further 16 shops being opened during the year.

BREXIT

As the UK's proposed departure from the EU at the end of March 2019 has now been delayed there is continued uncertainty over the trading arrangements between the UK and the EU. As noted above, the company does not purchase a material amount of goods directly from overseas, but many of its suppliers do purchase from the EU. Therefore there is a risk that the UK's departure from the EU could have a material adverse effect on the company's business operations due to delays obtaining goods or increased purchasing costs. However the directors will continue to monitor the situation and develop a plan to address the effects of Brexit.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

N J Shutts - Director

Date: 1216119

Trading as Grape Tree

Report of the Directors

for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of a food retailer.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of £10.00 per share was paid on 9 May 2018. The directors recommend a final dividend of £10.00 per share, making a total of £20.00 per share for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2018 will be £200,000.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company continues to review its product range and store operating costs to satisfy our customer requirements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2018 to the date of this report.

N J Shutts N G Morris

GOING CONCERN

The directors have prepared forecasts covering a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements which demonstrate that the company is expected to trade profitably and generate cash. The company has net assets and good cash balances. Therefore, the directors, having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Trading as Grape Tree

Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2018

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

N J Shutts - Director

Date:

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of JG Foods Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of JG Foods Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of JG Foods Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

M Howell FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Nicklin Audit Limited Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Church Court Stourbridge Road Halesowen West Midlands

B63 3TT

Date: 1216/19

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2018

		201	.8	201	7
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	4		28,270,526		23,468,611
Cost of sales			18,788,881		15,287,084
GROSS PROFIT	•	-	9,481,645		8,181,527
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		649,935 7,949,543		555,854 6,606,710	
Administrative expenses			8,599,478		7,162,564
			882,167		1,018,963
Other operating income		••	7,500		1,148
OPERATING PROFIT	6		889,667		1,020,111
Interest receivable and similar income			1,976		377
		•	891,643		1,020,488
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	·	114,176		70,585
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			777,467		949,903
Tax on profit	8		168,002		192,195
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			609,465		757,708

Balance Sheet 31 December 2018

		201	-	2017	7
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	10		2,758,548		2,350,661
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	11	3,932,413		3,015,995	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	12	1,815,118 710,623		1,412,670 773,863	
		<u>-</u>			
CREDITORS		6,458,154		5,202,528	
Amounts falling due within one year	13	5,165,820		4,026,325	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,292,334		1,176,203
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,050,882		3,526,864
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one	· 14		(1,375,751)		(1,137,659)
year	17		(1,3/3,/31)		(1,137,039)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(371,672)		(495,211)
NET ASSETS			2,303,459		1,893,994
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		100		100
Retained earnings	19		2,303,359		1,893,894
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,303,459		1,893,994

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2018

		Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2017	. ** :	100	1,206,186	1,206,286
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2017	_	100	(70,000) 757,708 1,893,894	(70,000) 757,708 1,893,994
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	·,	- -	(200,000) 609,465	(200,000) 609,465
Balance at 31 December 2018	·	100	2,303,359	2,303,459

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2018

			2018	2017
	Notes		£	£
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operations	1		1,019,152	774,932
Interest paid			(3,989)	(12,669)
Interest element of hire purchase payments	;		, , ,	` , ,
paid			(110,187)	(57,916)
Tax paid			(181,914)	(141,251)
·				
Net cash from operating activities			723,062	563,096
		•		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of tangible fixed assets			(224,125)	(298,007)
Sale of tangible fixed assets			2,177	` · · -
Interest received			1,976	377
				
Net cash from investing activities			(219,972)	(297,630)
-		•		
		4.3		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Capital repayments in year			(389,984)	(248,770)
Amount withdrawn by directors		, *	23,654	(112,555)
Equity dividends paid			(200,000)	(70,000)
, ,				
Net cash from financing activities			(566,330)	(431,325)
-				
		•		
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	}		(63,240)	(165,859)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginnin	g			• • •
of year	2		773,863	939,722
Cash and cash equivalents at end of				
year	2		710,623	773,863
•				

Trading as Grape Tree

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

· ·	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit before taxation	777,467	949,903
Depreciation charges	508,234	389,674
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	20,741	2,127
Movement in provisions	(132,963)	121,675
Finance costs	114,176	70,585
Finance income	(1,976)	(377)
	1,285,679	1,533,587
Increase in stocks	(916,418)	(942,890)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(402,448)	(220,839)
Increase in trade and other creditors	1,052,339	405,074
Cash generated from operations	1,019,152	774,932

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2018

	31.12.18 £	1.1.18 £
Cash and cash equivalents	710,623	773,863
Year ended 31 December 2017		
	31.12.17 £	1.1.17 £
Cash and cash equivalents	773,863 ————	939,722

Trading as Grape Tree

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

JG Foods Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnovei

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has purchased goods in the company's retail stores.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Short leasehold - 20% on cost Plant and machinery - 20% on cost

Fixtures and fittings - 20% on cost and 10% on cost

Motor vehicles - 20% on cost Computer equipment - 25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The directors have prepared forecasts covering a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements which demonstrate that the company is expected to trade profitably and generate cash. The company has net assets and good cash balances. Therefore, the directors, having a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

4. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

Turnover is made up entirely of the sale of goods for the current and preceding year.

5. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

LIN LOTELS AND DIRECTORS	2018 £	2017 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	4,936,091 211,363 28,631	3,968,357 161,232 9,311
	5,176,085	4,138,900
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2018	2017
Staff	499	425
Directors' remuneration	2018 £ 120,296	2017 £ 27,777

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

6. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging:

Depreciation in excess of capital allowances

Change in tax rate

Total tax charge

Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods

		2018	2017
		£	£
	Other operating leases	3,509,854	3,065,676
	Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on him purchase contracts	356,567 151,665	282,183
	Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Loss on disposal of fixed assets	151,665 20,741	107,491 2,127
	Auditors' remuneration	9,800	5,282
	Foreign exchange differences	6,587	9,481
	Toreign exchange differences	=====	=======================================
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Loan	3,989	12,669
	Hire purchase	110,187	57,916
		114,176	70,585
		=====	===
8.	TAXATION		
0.			
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2212	
		2018	2017
	Current tax:	£	£
	UK corporation tax	158,584	181,920
	Taxation earlier years	(6)	2,973
	Taxadon dania, years		
	Total current tax	158,578	184,893
	Deferred tax	9,424	7,302
	Tax on profit	168,002	192,195
			
	Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss		
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation explained below:	n tax in the UK. T	he difference i
		2018	2017
	Duncks hadava save	£	£
	Profit before tax	777,467 ======	949,903
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%		
	(2017 - 19%)	147,719	180,482
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	789
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	20.200	16 200

16,380

2,973

(8,429)

192,195

20,289

168,002

(6)

is

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

9. **DIVIDENDS**

9.	DIVIDENDS			2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary shares of 1p each Final	• .		100,000	-
	Interim			100,000	70,000
				200,000	70,000
10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				First was
			Short	Plant and	Fixtures and
			leasehold	machinery	fittings
	COST		£	£	£
	At 1 January 2018		491,441	424,926	2,237,659
	Additions		141,021	118,924	571,739
	Disposals	-	(15,881) ———	(14,613)	(1,380)
	At 31 December 2018		616,581	529,237	2,808,018
	DEPRECIATION			-	
	At 1 January 2018		225,967	166,087	501,913
	Charge for year		101,912	96,302	254,197
	Eliminated on disposal	•	(11,001)	(9,450)	(333)
	At 31 December 2018		316,878	252,939	755,777
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 December 2018		299,703	276,298	2,052,241
	At 31 December 2017		265,474	258,839	1,735,746
			NA - 4		
			Motor vehicles	Computer equipment	Totals
			£	£	£
	COST		40.004	242.046	2 445 242
	At 1 January 2018 Additions		48,204 42,923	243,819 64,433	3,446,049 939,040
	Disposals		(31,789)	(3,173)	(66,836)
	At 31 December 2018	·	 59,338	305,079	4,318,253
	DEPRECIATION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	At 1 January 2018		27,664	173,757	1,095,388
	Charge for year	•	12,979	42,842	508,232
	Eliminated on disposal		(19,958)	(3,173)	(43,915)
	At 31 December 2018		20,685	213,426	1,559,705
	NET BOOK VALUE			•	
	At 31 December 2018		38,653	91,653	2,758,548
	At 31 December 2017		20,540	70,062	2,350,661
		+ ,			

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

11.

12.

13.

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Fixtures		
	Plant and	and	Motor	
	machinery	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 January 2018	328,949	874,338	48,204	1,251,491
Additions	82,621	527,786	42,923	653,330
Disposals	(244.000)	(400.224)	(31,789)	(31,789)
Transfer to ownership	(211,899)	(188,334)	(16,415)	(416,648)
At 31 December 2018	199,671	1,213,790	42,923	1,456,384
DEPRECIATION		•		
At 1 January 2018	143,134	92,110	27,664	262,908
Charge for year	32,385	109,584	9,696	151,665
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(19,958)	(19,958)
Transfer to ownership	(137,282)	(48,327)	(8,481)	(194,090)
At 31 December 2018	38,237	153,367	8,921	200,525
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2018	<u>161,434</u>	1,060,423	34,002	1,255,859
At 31 December 2017	185,815	782,228	20,540	988,583
STOCKS				
3.0cm3			2018	2017
	,		£	£
Stocks	•		3,932,413	3,015,995
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	THIN ONE YEAR		2018	2017
			£	£
Trade debtors	•		17,020	8,601
Other debtors			383,981	244,363
VAT			122,423	75,099
Prepayments			1,291,694	1,084,607
			1,815,118	1,412,670
				
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE V	VITHIN ONE YEAR	R.	2018	2017
			£	£
Hire purchase contracts (see note 15)			479,714	276,357
Trade creditors			3,727,196	2,899,242
Tax			158,584	181,920
Social security and other taxes			94,439	64,746
Other creditors			207,405	190,422
Directors' current accounts				
Accrued expenses			110,747 387,735	87,094 326,544
·			5,165,820	
	•			4,026,325
				-

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts (see note 15) Other creditors	523,360 852,391	401,786 735,873
		-
	1,375,751	1,137,659
15. LEASING AGREEMENTS		
Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
	Uiro nurch	aca cantracto
	2018	ase contracts 2017
	£	£
Gross obligations repayable:		
Within one year	547,580	345,260
Between one and five years	609,939	447,520
	1,157,519	792,780
Finance charges repayable:		
Within one year	67,866	68,903
Between one and five years	86,579	45,734
	154,445	114,637
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	479,714	276,357
Between one and five years	523,360	401,786
•	1,003,074	678,143
		lable operating
	2018	ases 2017
	£	£
Within one year	3,307,219	2,453,227
Between one and five years	5,255,626	5,030,966
In more than five years	346,532	507,873
	8,909,377	7,992,066
16. SECURED DEBTS		
The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	1,003,074	678,143

Hire purchase liabilities are secured on the items to which they relate.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	2018 £	2017 £
Deferred tax Other provisions	231,934 139,738	222,510 272,701
	371,672	495,211
	Deferred tax £	Other provisions f
Balance at 1 January 2018 Charge/(credit) to Statement of Comprehensive Income during year	222,510 9,424	272,701 (132,963)
Balance at 31 December 2018	231,934	139,738

Other provisions relate to £133,792 in respect of the expected cost of dilapidations on retail stores and £5,945 in respect of provisions for onerous contracts.

The company is committed to carry out dilapidations in respect of certain of it's retail stores under the terms of the leases. A provision has been made based on the average cost incurred in previous years.

The onerous contract provision relates to the least net cost of exiting from the leases of several retail stores.

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:			Nominal value:	2018 £	2017 £
	10,000	Ordinary		1p	100	100
19.	RESERVES					Retained earnings £
	At 1 January 20 Profit for the ye Dividends		:			1,893,894 609,465 (200,000)
At 31 December 2018					2,303,359	

20. **PENSION COMMITMENTS**

At the balance sheet date there were outstanding pension contributions of £6,468 (2017 - £2,187).

21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

At the balance sheet date, the directors were owed £110,748 (2017 - £87,094). During the year the directors were paid interest of £30,700 (2017 - £5,000). Interest on directors loans is accrued at 10% per annum on the capital amount of the loan. During the year interest accrued on directors loans amounting to £3,989 (2017 - £12,669). The total amount of interest accrued at the balance sheet date was £940 (2017 - £27,650).

During the year, a total of key management personnel compensation of £334,580 (2017 - £99,358) was paid.

22. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is N J Shutts.