# A7 LOCHHEAD LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

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#### A7 LOCHHEAD LIMITED

#### COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

**DIRECTORS:** 

A Hensher

M Ridley

**SECRETARY:** 

K Hensher

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

31A The Avenue

Poole Dorset BH13 6LJ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

05974351 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

JRW

Chartered Accountants &

Statutory Auditor 19 Buccleuch Street

Hawick

Roxburghshire TD9 0HL

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2019.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st April 2018 to the date of this report.

A Hensher M Ridley

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

JRW are deemed to be re-appointed under Section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

A Hensher - Director

Date: 23/9///

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF A7 LOCHHEAD LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of A7 Lochhead Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31st March 2019 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st March 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF A7 LOCHHEAD LIMITED

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF A7 LOCHHEAD LIMITED

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Alister Biggar (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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for and on behalf of JRW Chartered Accountants &

Statutory Auditor

19 Buccleuch Street Hawick

Roxburghshire TD9 0HL

26th September 2019

# INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

	<b>37</b> .	2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		1,570,859	1,657,613
Administrative expenses		898,008	852,242
OPERATING PROFIT	4	672,851	805,371
Interest receivable and similar income		109,195	262,333
		782,046	1,067,704
Interest payable and similar expenses		241,882	281,985
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		540,164	785,719
Tax on profit		108,188	178,357
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL			
YEAR		431,976	607,362

#### BALANCE SHEET 31ST MARCH 2019

		201	19	201	.8
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			4 420 541		4 966 222
Tangible assets	6		4,430,541		4,866,332
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	464,939		482,531	
Cash at bank		816,254		763,073	
		1,281,193		1,245,604	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	970,852		876,947	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			310,341		368,657
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,740,882		5,234,989
CREDITORS  Amounts falling due after more than one	<b>.</b>				
year	9		(3,042,388)		(3,848,745)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12		(570,801)		(532,613)
NET ASSETS			1,127,693		853,631
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2,000		2,000
Retained earnings	13		1,125,693		851,631
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,127,693		853,631 ———

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on were signed on its behalf by:

A Hensher - Director

A. V. Kenst

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

A7 Lochhead Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of renewable electricity and associated green credits, excluding value added tax. Turnover is accrued when the company obtains the right to consideration prior to raising sale invoices.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the transaction excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Wind farm development - Straight line over 20 years

#### Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at cost are assessed for evidence of impairment. Any impairment loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. These are classed as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Non basic financial liabilities

The company purchases interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk volatility. The fair value of these has been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows at prevailing interest rates. Movements in fair value are taken to the Income Statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2018 - 2).

#### 4. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	Depreciation - owned assets	2019 £ 435,791	2018 £ 435,791
5.	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	2019	2018
	Fair value movement of	£	£
	interest rate swaps	109,195	262,333

Page 9 continued...

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

6. TANGIBLE FIXE	D ASSETS
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0.	TANGIBLE PERED ASSETS		Wind farm development £
	COST		2
	At 1st April 2018		
	and 31st March 2019		8,715,819
	DEPRECIATION		2 242 425
	At 1st April 2018 Charge for year		3,849,487 435,791
			<del></del>
	At 31st March 2019		4,285,278
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31st March 2019		4,430,541
	At 31st March 2018		4,866,332
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
	Trade debtors	£ 418,959	£ 442,428
	Other debtors	45,980	40,103
		464,939	482,531
		======	=====
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	697,163	695,228
	Trade creditors	6,150	1,176
	Corporation tax	70,000	-
	VAT	81,382	73,265
	Accruals and deferred income	116,157	107,278
		970,852	876,947 
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN		
··	ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans 1 to 2 years	561,163	697,163
	Bank loans 2 to 5 years	1,726,630	1,673,781
	Bank loans more than 5 years	361,389	975,400
	Interest rate swaps	393,206	502,401
		3,042,388	3,848,745

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

#### 9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR - continued

	-	
2019		2018
r		r

Amounts falling due in more than five years:

Repayable by instalments Bank loans more than 5 years

361,389

2010

975,400

#### 10. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

Bank loans 2019 2018 £ £ 3,346,345 4,041,572

Borrowings are secured by legal charge over the company's property and assets.

A Hensher and M Ridley, directors, have formally acknowledged their interest in an intercreditor deed entered into by A7 Lochhead Limited, its directors, bankers, Ventus VCT plc and Ventus 2 VCT plc ("the Ventus Funds"). Both the Ventus Funds and A Hensher have given certain undertakings to the company's bankers.

#### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company purchases interest rate swaps to manage interest rate risk volatility. The fair value of these has been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows at prevailing interest rates.

#### 12. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Deferred tax	£ 570,801	£ 532,613
		Deferred tax
Balance at 1st April 2018		532,613
Accelerated capital allowances		17,441
Interest rate swaps		20,747
Balance at 31st March 2019		570,801

2010

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

#### 13. RESERVES

NESERVES .	Retained earnings £
At 1st April 2018 Profit for the year Dividends	851,631 431,976 (157,914)
At 31st March 2019	1,125,693

#### 14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

No shareholder has control of the company. Ventus VCT Plc and Ventus 2 VCT Plc are related parties by virtue of their shareholdings in the company (Ventus VCT Plc holds 30% and Ventus 2 VCT Plc holds 20%).

Energy L Limited holds 50%. A Hensher is Director and sole shareholder of Energy L Limited.

A7 Energy Ltd, a company which A Hensher is also a director of, charged A7 Lochhead Limited monitoring fees. During the year, these amounted to £19,820 (2018, £19,100).

# DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2019

	201	2019		2018	
	£	£	£	£	
Sales		1,570,859		1,657,613	
Other income					
Fair value movement of interest rate swaps		109,195		262,333	
interest fate swaps				<del></del>	
		1,680,054		1,919,946	
Expenditure Rates and water Insurance Directors' salaries Landowner royalty Operating expenses Brokers commission Administration fees Management Fees Auditors' remuneration Exchange losses	69,828 13,533 7,407 83,498 187,990 15,922 45,909 26,106 4,100 1,086	455,379 ————————————————————————————————————	67,896 12,797 6,134 59,979 170,244 14,167 41,884 29,431 4,717 2,980	410,229	
Finance costs Bank charges Loan interest	6,838 241,882	248,720	6,222 281,985	288,207	
		975,955		1,221,510	
Depreciation					
Wind farm development		435,791		435,791	
NET PROFIT		540,164		785,719	