## **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 2757218**

CROSSLING MITCHELLS LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2006

**UNW LLP** 

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors Citygate St James' Boulevard Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 4JE



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### OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors R Errington

R R Errington C P H Errington L A Walton

Company secretary

L A Waiton

Registered office

PO Box 5 Coast Road

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE6 5TP

Auditor unw LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Citygate

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NE1 4JE

Bankers Lloyds TSB Bank Plc

PO Box 1SL 102 Grey Street Newcastle upon Tyne

NE99 1SL

**Solicitors** Sintons

The Cube Barrack Road

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE4 6DB

#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2006

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company up to 1 November 2006 was that of a plumbers and pipeline merchants. From 1 November 2006 the assets, liabilities and trade of the company were transferred to the immediate parent company.

The company continued to trade until 31 October 2006, and the directors are pleased with the results for the 10 month period. From the 1 November 2006 the company has remained dormant following the sale of its operations, assets and liabilities.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £388,000. The directors have not recommended a dividend

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company has no financial assets or liabilities. Therefore the directors believe that the company has no financial risk, as this is offset elsewhere within the group using group financial risk policies.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

R Ernngton R R Ernngton C P H Ernngton L A Walton

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the interests of the group directors are disclosed in the financial statements of the parent company

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,

state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution to re-appoint unw LLP as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

Signed by order of the directors

L A WALTON Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 5 October 2007

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CROSSLING MITCHELLS LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

We have audited the financial statements of Crossling Mitchells Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 on pages 6 to 13, which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 8

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

## **BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CROSSLING MITCHELLS LIMITED (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion

the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,

the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

**Chartered Accountants** 

& Registered Auditors

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Citygate St James' Boulevard Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 4JE

5 October 2007

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

## YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000
TURNOVER Discontinued operations		3,039	3,730
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT	2	(2,310) 729	(2,956) 774
Net operating expenses  OPERATING PROFIT:	2	(618)	(623)
Discontinued operations	3	111	151
Profit on disposal of discontinued operations	5	327 438	
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	=	3 (1)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		438	153
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(50)	50
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		388	203

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

The notes on pages 8 to 13 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

### **BALANCE SHEET**

## **31 DECEMBER 2006**

	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8	_	665
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	9	-	470
Debtors	10	-	686
Cash at bank		-	1
			1,157
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	12		2,210
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,053)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(388)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		<del></del>	<del></del>
Called-up equity share capital	14	5	5
Other reserves	15	70	70
Profit and loss account	15	(75)	(463)
DEFICIT	15		(388)

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 5 October 2007, and are signed on their behalf by

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R R Ernngton Director

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

#### Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property

50 years

Plant, Fixtures & Fittings

- 3 to 10 years

Motor Vehicles

4 years

A full years depreciation is charged in the year of acquisition, and no depreciation is charged in the year of disposal

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is provided for all timing differences which have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Except where otherwise required by accounting standards, no timing differences are recognised in respect of

- property revaluation surpluses where there is no commitment to sell the asset,
- gains on sale of assets where those gains have been rolled over into replacement assets, and
- deferred tax assets except to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered

Deferred tax is calculated at the enacted rates at which it is estimated the tax will be payable. The deferred tax provision is not discounted to net present value.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

3.

## 2. ANALYSIS OF COST OF SALES AND NET OPERATING EXPENSES

V= =	Discontinued operations £000	Total £000
YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 Cost of sales	2,310	2,310
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	435 183	435 183
Net operating expenses	618	618
YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005 Cost of sales	2,956	2,956
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	420 203	420 203
Net operating expenses	623	623
OPERATING PROFIT		
Operating profit is stated after charging		
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	2006 £000	2005 £000 22
Auditor's remuneration - as auditor	_	2
- as auditol		

The audit fee will be paid by the immediate parent company as part of the group audit fee. The audit fee for the group is disclosed in the group accounts

No salaries or wages have been paid to the directors during the year

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

4.	4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES	

	The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to		
		2006 No	2005 No
	Number of distribution staff	20	21
	Number of administrative staff	4	4
		24	25
	The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Wages and salaries	313	340
	Social security costs	27	29
	Other pension costs	4	6
		344	375
<b>5</b> .	PROFIT ON DISPOSAL OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Disposal of discontinued operations		
	Profit on sale of operation	(327)	
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Interest payable on bank borrowing	-	1
7.	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
		2006	2005
	Deferred tax	£000	£000
	Deletieu (ax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	50	(50)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

## TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

## Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2005 - 30%)

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2006 £000 438	2005 £000 153
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax	131	46
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes and other permanent	<u> </u>	
differences	1	16
Non taxable profit on disposal	(98)	-
Accelerated capital allowances	(2)	-
Benefit of tax at marginal rates	-	(1)
Utilisation of brought forward losses	(32)	(61)
Total current tax	-	-

## TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Property £000	Plant & Machinery £000	Motor Vehicles £000	Total £000
COST				
At 1 January 2006	673	106	47	826
Disposals Transfer to parent company	(673)	(106)	(30) (17)	(30) (796)
At 31 December 2006	-	-		
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2006	45	69	47	161
On disposals  Transfer to parent company	(45)	(69)	(30) (17)	(30) (131)
At 31 December 2006		-		
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2006	_	-	_	_
At 31 December 2005	628	37	-	665
STOCKS				

### 9

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Finished goods	-	470

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

10.	DEBTORS		
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred taxation (note 11)	2006 £000	2005 £000 588 22 18 8 50 686
11.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
	The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as follows	2006 £000	2005 £000
	Included in debtors (note 10)		50
	The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year was		
	Balance brought forward Profit and loss account movement ansing during the year	2006 £000 50 (50)	2005 £000 50
	Balance carned forward	<u> </u>	
	The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effectives respect of	t of timing dif	ferences in
	Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets Tax losses available	2006 £000 - - -	2005 £000 (3) 53 
12.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	2006 £000    	2005 £000 203 1,999 6 2 2,210

## 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 8, not to disclose details of inta-group transactions

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

## 14. SHARE CAPITAL

## Authorised share capital:

	2006 £000	2005 £000
5,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 100,000 Preference shares of £1 each	5 100	5 100
	105	105

## Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2006		2005	
	No	£000	No	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	6	5,000	5

Preference shares are non-voting, non-participating, and rank preferentially over ordinary shares in the event of a winding up

# 15. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital	Capital redemption reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total share- holders' funds £000
Balance brought forward Profit for the year	5 -	70	(666) 203	(591) 203
Balance brought forward Profit for the year		70	( <del>463)</del> 388	(388) 388
Balance carned forward	5	70	(75)	

## 16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company of Crossling Mitchells Limited is Crossling Limited

In the directors opinion the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is T Crossling & Co Limited which is also the parent company of the group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up T Crossling & Co Limited is registered in England & Wales and copies of its financial statements can be obtained from Companies House, Cardiff