Registered number: 02005521

IG COMMUNICATIONS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

THURSDAY



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

P Taaffe

M Morrow

Registered number

02005521

Registered office

8th Floor Holborn Gate

26 Southampton Buildings

London WC2A 1AN

CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic Report	1
Directors' Report	2
Statement of Comprehensive Income	3
Balance Sheet	4
Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 19

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Introduction

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Business review

The Company is an intermediate holding company. The Company did not trade during the year and the Directors do not anticipate that the Company will trade in the forseeable future.

The Company is a subsidiary of Huntsworth plc, for which the key performance indicators have been identified as revenue and profit before tax growth.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The ultimate parent of the Company reviews the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and individual companies. The Company's key risks and uncertainties are identified as: economic downturn; political instability; currency risk; service offering fails to evolve to meet changing market needs; client dissatisfaction and loss of key clients; loss of key talent; poor profitability; information systems access and security; unethical business practices and legal and regulatory compliance.

This report was approved by the board on 26 June 2019 and signed on its behalf.

M Morrow

Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £3,210 thousand (2017 - £7,305 thousand).

The Directors of the Company recommended the payment of an interim dividend £3.12 million (2017: £7.96 million).

Directors

The Directors who served during the year were:

P Taaffe M Morrow

Future developments

The Directors expect that the company will continue with its existing operations for the foreseeable future.

Post balance sheet events

The Company is a party to the Group's multi-currency loan facility. After the year end, in February 2019, the Group completed a further amend and extend of its facility, as a result of which the Group has available a £130 million multi-currency revolving credit facility with a £50 million accordion option, committed until March 2023, together with a £5 million uncommitted overdraft and a \$10 million uncommitted overdraft.

This report was approved by the board on 26 June 2019 and signed on its behalf.

M Morrow Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 £000	2017 £000
Administrative expenses		(1,217)	2,096
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(1,217)	2,096
Interest receivable and similar income	6	5,816	5,579
Interest payable and expenses	7	(170)	(170)
Profit before tax	_	4,429	7,505
Tax on profit	8	(1,219)	(200)
Profit for the financial year	_	3,210	7,305
	=		

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2018 or 2017 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2018 (2017:£NIL).

The notes on pages 6 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

IG COMMUNICATIONS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02005521

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 £000		2017 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	10		209,992		209,993
		-	209,992	_	209,993
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	11	130,327		127,884	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(42,685)		(40,330)	
Net current assets	-		87,642		87,554
Total assets less current liabilities		-	297,634	-	297,547
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(245,440)		(245,440)
Net assets		- -	52,194	- -	52,107
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		10,092		10,092
Profit and loss account	16		42,102		42,015
		-	52,194	-	52, 107

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The Company was entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 June 2019.

M Morrow Director

The notes on pages 6 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2017	10,092	42,671	52,763
Profit for the year	-	7,305	7,305
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(7,961)	(7,961)
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-	-	-
At 1 January 2018	10,092	42,015	52,107
Profit for the year	-	3,210	3,210
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(3,123)	(3,123)
At 31 December 2018	10,092	42,102	52,194

The notes on pages 6 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. General information

IG Communications Limited ('the Company') is a private limited company and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AN.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D,
 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions
 entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is
 a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Company has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2018:

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- Amendments to IFRS 4: Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts;
- Interpretation IFRIC 22: Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration;
- Amendments to IAS 40: Transfer of Investment Property;
- · Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions;
- Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle (certain items effective from 1 January 2017).

Except for the adoption of IFRS 9, the adoption of these standards and interpretations has not led to any changes to the Company's accounting policies or had any other material impact on the financial position or performance of the Company. Other amendments to IFRSs effective for the period ending 31 December 2018 have no impact on the Company.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

The adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments from 1 January 2018 resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the financial statements. Refer to the Debtors accounting policy below. In accordance with the transitional provisions in IFRS 9, comparative figures have not been restated.

2.4 New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2018 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Company. The standards, that are not yet effective, are expected to not have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2.5 Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out in the strategic report. The Company participates in the Group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with Huntsworth plc and fellow subsidiaries.

On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position the Company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.7 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

2.8 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.10 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment. The carrying values of fixed asset investments are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

2.11 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Provision for impairment is made when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to recover balances in full.

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade debtors and contract assets.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 month before 31 December 2018 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information.

Balances are written off when the possibility of recovery is assessed as being remote.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2,14 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collected, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial liabilities as liabilities at amortised cost.

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including bank borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the instrument. Such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried into the Balance Sheet.

2.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements and assumptions about the future, based on historical experience and other factors which are considered to be relevant. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Carrying value of investments

The Company tests annually whether investments have suffered any impairment. The recoverable amounts of investments have been determined based on value in use calculations. The value in use calculation requires estimates the future cash flows expected to arise from investment and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value.

4. Operating (loss)/profit

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	2018 £000	2017 £000
Impairment of investment in subsidiaries	-	301
Exchange differences	1,217	(2,398)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

5. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the Directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2017 - £NIL).

The Directors are not remunerated for services provided to this company and are paid for by another group company. It is not possible to accurately allocate remuneration between entities for qualifying services.

6. Interest receivable

		2018 £000	2017 £000
	Interest receivable from group companies	5,816	5,579
		5,816	5,579
7.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2018 £000	2017 £000
	Interest payable to group companies	170	170
		170	170
8.	Taxation		
		2018 £000	2017 £000
	Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods	835 58	200
	Total current tax	893	200
	Deferred tax	 -	
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	326	-
	Total deferred tax	326	-
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	1,219	200

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

8. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2017 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.25%). The differences are explained below:

	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	4,429	7,505
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.25%) Effects of:	842	1,445
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	689	(1,245)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	58	-
Group relief	(370)	-
Total tax charge for the year	1,219	200

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK Government has enacted a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. The impact of this change is incorporated in the deferred tax numbers reported.

9. Dividends

	2018 £000	2017 £000
Dividends paid on equity capital	3,123	7,961
	3,123	7,961

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000	Other fixed asset investments £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2018	281,741	15	281,756
At 31 December 2018	281,741	15	281,756
Impairment			
At 1 January 2018	71,764	-	71,764
At 31 December 2018	71,764	-	71,764
Net book value			
At 31 December 2018	209,977	15	209,992
At 31 December 2017	209,978	15	209,993

Direct subsidiary and associated undertakings

The following were subsidiary and associated undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding	Registered office
Citigate & Trimedia			Arenavagen 29, 8 tr. 121 77
Norden AB	Ordinary	100 %	Johanneshov. Stockholm, Sweden Paseo de la Castellana, 8, 5-izq.,
Huntsworth Spain, S.L.	Ordinary	100 %	28046 Madrid, Spain
Citigate First Financial B.V.	Ordinary	30 %	James Wattstraat 100-10, 1097 DM Amsterdam, Netherlands
Citigate Dewe Rogerson Singapore Pte Limited	Ordinary	100 %	55 Market Street, #02-01, Singapore 048941
Dewe Rogerson Group Limited	Ordinary	100 %	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26 Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN
Huntsworth Holdings GmbH	Ordinary	100 %	Hanauer Landstraße 147, 60314
	Ordinary	100 70	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Citigate Communications Group Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10. Fixed asset investments (continued)

			3rd Floor, 3 London Wall Buildings,
Citigate Broad Street UK			London Wall, London, EC2M 5SY,
Limited	Ordinary	100 %	
0 6 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.	000/	James Wattstraat 100-10, 1097 DM
Grayling Nederland B.V.	Ordinary	30 %	Amsterdam, Netherlands
Horston at Danie 4 (11)			8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Huntsworth Dormant (IH) Limited	Ordinana	100.0/	Southampton Buildings, London,
Limited	Ordinary	100 %	England, WC2A 1AN 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
			Southampton Buildings, London,
Beaumark Limited	Ordinary	100 %	
	Ordinary	100 70	•
Citigate Dewe Rogerson	Ondinant	400.0/	Avenue de Cortenbergh, 66 1000
Belgium SA	Ordinary	100 %	
Citigate Sponsorship			3rd Floor, 3 London Wall Buildings, London Wall, London, EC2M 5SY,
Limited	Ordinary	100 %	England
Limited	Ordinary	100 70	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
			Southampton Buildings, London,
Huntsworth (I2) Limited	Ordinary	100 %	
, ,	•		8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
			Southampton Buildings, London,
Huntsworth Dormant (IUK)	Ordinary	100 %	_ · ·
			8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Huntsworth Dormant 1	.		Southampton Buildings, London,
Limited	Ordinary	100 %	•
Ulumbarrum with Dammar and O			8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Huntsworth Dormant 2 Limited	Ordinan	100.0/	Southampton Buildings, London,
Limited	Ordinary	100 %	England, WC2A 1AN 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Park Avenue Productions			Southampton Buildings, London,
Limited	Ordinary	100%	England, WC2A 1AN
	O' WILLIAM J	100 70	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Huntsworth			Southampton Buildings, London,
Communications Limited	Ordinary	100 %	England, WC2A 1AN
	•		~ '

Indirect Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding	Registered office
Citigate Dewe Rogerson (Beijing) Consulting Services Co., Ltd	Ordinary	100 %	1506A, Floor 15, Avic Building, No. B10 East Third Ring Road, Beijing 100022, China
Grayling Deutschland GmbH Grayling München GmbH	Ordinary Ordinary		Hanauer Landstraße 147, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Hanauer Landstraße 147, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany
Citigate Dewe Rogerson Asia Limited	Ordinary	100 %	15/F Chinachem Hollywood Centre, 1 Hollywood Road, Central, Hong Kong
Huntsworth Dormant (IL) Limited	Ordinary	100 %	15/F Chinachem Hollywood Centre, 1 Hollywood Road, Central, Hong Kong

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Tonic Life			
Tonic Life Communications Asia Pacific Limited	Ordinary	100%	15/F Chinachem Hollywood Centre, 1 Hollywood Road, Central, Hong Kong
Grayling Comunicacion, S.L.	Ordinary	100 %	Paseo de la Castellana, 8, 5-izq., 28046 Madrid, Spain
Sanchis y Asociados Imagen y Comunicacion, S.A.	Ordinary	100 %	Paseo de la Castellana, 8, 5-izq., 28046 Madrid, Spain
Grayling & Citigate Norden AB	Ordinary	100 %	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Citigate Europe Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN Arthur Cox Belfast, Victoria House, 15-
Citigate Northern Ireland Public Affairs Limited	Ordinary	100 %	17 Gloucester Street, Belfast, BT1 4LS
Citigate Public Affairs Limited	Ordinary	100 %	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26 Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Citigate Westminster Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Dewe Rogerson Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN 3rd Floor, 3 London Wall Buildings,
Dewe Rogerson UK Limited	Ordinary	100 %	London Wall, London, EC2M 5SY,
Huntsworth (CB) Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London,
Huntsworth Dormant 3 Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London,
Huntsworth Dormant 4 Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London,
Huntsworth Dormant 5 Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London,
IOL Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26
Tactical Holdings Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London,
Tactical Marketing Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London,
Team LGM Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10. Fixed asset investments (continued)

TMG Group Holdings Limited	Ordinary	100 %	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26 Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN
Conscientia Communications Limited	Ordinary	100 %	8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26 Southampton Buildings, London, England, WC2A 1AN
Huntsworth Ireland Designated Activity Company	Ordinary	100 %	Harcourt Centre, HarcourtRoad, Dublin 2, Ireland

11. Debtors

	2018 £000	2017 £000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	130,253	127,484
Other debtors	74	74
Deferred taxation	-	326
	130,327	127,884

Interest is receivable on intercompany loan notes of US\$30 million at 6.75% per annum, on intercompany loan notes of US\$26.3 million at 7.5% per annum and on intercompany loan notes of £40.4 million at LIBOR plus 2.5%.

12. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		2018 £000	2017 £000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	42,685	40,330
		42,685	40,330
13.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2018 £000	2017 £000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	245,440	245,440
		245,440	245,440

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

14.	Deferred taxation		
		2018 £000	2017 £000
	At beginning of year	326	326
	Charged to profit or loss	(326)	-
	At end of year	-	326
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
		2018 £000	2017 £000
	Other timing differences	-	326
			326
15.	Share capital		
		2018	2017
	262,000,000 (2017 - 262,000,000) Ordinary shares of £0.05 each	£000 13,100	£000 13,100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	201,842,734 (2017 - 201,842,734) Ordinary shares of £0.05 each	10,092	10,092

16. Reserves

Profit & loss account

Includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

17. Contingent liabilities

The Company is a party to the Group's multi-currency facility with Lloyds Bank plc, HSBC UK Bank plc, The Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland and Santander UK plc, which the Company entered into through cross guarantee and indemnity arrangements. As at 31 December 2018 the Group had available a £105 million multi-currency revolving credit facility with a £10 million accordion option, committed until September 2021, together with a a £5 million uncommitted overdraft.

The Company is registered with HM Revenue & Customs as a member of a group for VAT purposes and as a result is jointly and severally liable on a continuing basis for amounts owing by any other members of that group in respect of unpaid VAT. At the balance sheet date the outstanding VAT group liability was £1.1 million (2017: £0.9 million).

18. Post balance sheet events

The Company is a party to the Group's multi-currency loan facility. After the year end, in February 2019, the Group completed a further amend and extend of its facility, as a result of which the Group has available a £130 million multi-currency revolving credit facility with a £50 million accordion option, committed until March 2023, together with a £5 million uncommitted overdraft and a \$10 million uncommitted overdraft.

19. Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Huntsworth Holdings Limited. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Huntsworth plc. Huntsworth plc is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Huntsworth plc's consolidated financial statements, which include the Company, are available from its registered office at 8th Floor, Holborn Gate, 26 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AN.