

Registration number: 10856540

Signavio UK Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

Rödl & Partner Limited 170 Edmund Street Birmingham B3 2HB



Contents

Company Information	1
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	2
Balance Sheet	.3-to 4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5.to 8

Company Information

Directors

G A Decker

M Holenstein

D Rosenthal

Registered office

12 Melcombe Place Marylebone Station London NW1 6JJ

Accountants

Rödl & Partner Limited 170 Edmund Street Birmingham B3 2HB

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

(Registration number: 10856540) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	4	783	-
Current assets		•	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	1,606,918 584,872	120,198 32,129
		2,191,790	152,327
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(2,174,547)	(129,417)
Net current assets		17,243	22,910
Total assets less current liabilities		18,026	22,910
Provisions for liabilities		(133)	<u> </u>
Net assets		17,893	22,910
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		25,000	25,000
Profit and loss account		(7,107)	(2,090)
Total equity		17,893	22,910

For the financial year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

(Registration number: 10856540) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 23/09/19 and signed on its behalf by:

G A Decker

Director

D Rosenthal

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 12 Melcombe Place Marylebone Station London NW1 6JJ United Kingdom

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to sell and market the Signavio products (SaaS products) in Great Britain.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The presentation currency of these financial statements is Sterling. The presentational currency used to prepare the financial statements is Sterling (£), all amounts have been rounded to the nearest £1.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

As the Company is a 100% wholly owned subsidiary of Signavio GmbH, the Company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Related Party Disclosures with members of that group.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the closing rates at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate

20% straight line on cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period was 9 (2017: 7).

4 Tangible assets

•	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions	959	959
At 31 December 2018	959	959
Depreciation Charge for the year	176	176
At 31 December 2018	176	176
Carrying amount	•	•
At 31 December 2018.	783	783

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

5 Debtors		•		
	. 1		2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors			494,008	94,536
Amounts owed by group undertakings		•	1,036,162	-
Prepayments			25,040	18,200
Other debtors		_	51,708	7,462
			1,606,918	120,198
6 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within	ana voor			•
Creditors: amounts taining one within	otie Acai		2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors			32,972	3,124
Amounts owed to group undertakings			572,804	1,150
Taxation and social security			224,890	15,495
Accruals and deferred income			244,941	20,026
Other creditors		_	1,098,940	89,622
		· F	2,174,547	129,417
	•		• . :	
7 Sharè capital.				•
Allotted, called up and fully paid share	es [·]		. ,	•
·	2018		2015	
:	No.	£	2017 No.	£
Ordinary share capital of £1 each	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000

8 Controlling party

The company is controlled by Signavio GmbH, a company incorporated in Germany, which owns 100% of the issued share capital.