GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF MITRE'S ATT&CK CTI DATA

FOR CMD'S ZERODAYS BY KIRTAR OZA

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DISCLAIMER

- This is an Informal Presentation with minimal Slides
- Lightening Presentation Quick 15-20 mins

WHAT IS STIXX AND TAXII

- STIXX –
 Schema/Structure/Format/Templa
 te to represent the Threat
 Intelligence data in a standard
 way globally
- Information represented in STIXX
 Objects and Relationships
- Inputs to the STIXX
- TAXII A way to transmit the threat intel data which is in STIXX format

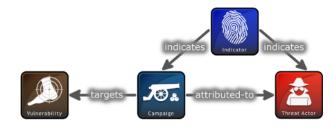


A structured language for cyber threat intelligence

Structured Threat Information Expression (STIX™) is a language and serialization format used to exchange cyber threat intelligence (CTI).

STIX enables organizations to share CTI with one another in a consistent and machine readable manner, allowing security communities to better understand what computer-based attacks they are most likely to see and to anticipate and/or respond to those attacks faster and more effectively.

STIX is designed to improve many different capabilities, such as collaborative threat analysis, automated threat exchange, automated detection and response, and more.



STIX Relationship Example



A transport mechanism for sharing cyber threat intelligence

Trusted Automated Exchange of Intelligence Information (TAXII™) is an application layer protocol for the communication of cyber threat information in a simple and scalable manner.

TAXII is a protocol used to exchange cyber threat intelligence (CTI) over HTTPS. TAXII enables organizations to share CTI by defining an API that aligns with common sharing models.

TAXII is specifically designed to support the exchange of CTI represented in STIX.



TAXII Collections

MITRE'S ATT&CK CTI DATA

- Groups
- Techniques Used
- Software

 https://mitreattack.github.io/attacknavigator/enterprise/

rivilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral
2 items	69 items	21 items	23 items	18 item
ccess Token fanipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppleS
	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Window Discovery	Applica
ccessibility Features	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Softwar
ppCert DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	Domain Trust Discovery	Model .
pplnit DLLs	Clear Command History	Credentials from Web	File and Directory Discovery	СОМ
pplication Shimming	CMSTP	Browsers	Network Service Scanning	Exploita Service
ypass User Account ontrol	Code Signing	Credentials in Files	Network Share Discovery	Interna
)LL Search Order lijacking	Compile After Delivery	Credentials in Registry	Network Sniffing	Logon:
	Compiled HTML File	Exploitation for Credential Access	Password Policy Discovery	Pass the
lylib Hijacking	Component Firmware	Forced Authentication	Peripheral Device Discovery	Pass the
levated Execution with rompt	Component Object Model	Hooking	Permission Groups Discovery	Remote
mond	Hijacking	Input Capture	Process Discovery	Protoco
xploitation for Privilege		Input Prompt	Query Registry	Remote
scalation	Control Panel Items	Kerberoasting	Remote System Discovery	Remote
xtra Window Memory njection	DCShadow	Keychain	Security Software Discovery	Replica Remova
ile System Permissions Veakness	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning and Relay	Software Discovery	Shared
	Disabling Security Tools		System Information Discovery	SSH Hij
looking	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Network Sniffing	System Network Configuration	Taint Sł
nage File Execution Options Injection	DLL Side-Loading	Password Filter DLL	Discovery	Third-p
aunch Daemon	Execution Guardrails	Private Keys	System Network Connections Discovery	Windo
lew Service	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Securityd Memory	System Owner/User Discovery	Windo
arent PID Spoofing	Extra Window Memory Injection	Steal Web Session Cookie	System Service Discovery	Manag

MAPPING BETWEEN STIX2 AND ATT&CK

• A Group (Intrusion-set/Threat Actor)

"uses" xyz

Techniques (attack-pattern)

and "uses" abc

Software (tools)

Mapping Concepts

First, we must describe how ATT&CK objects and properties map to STIX 2.0 objects and properties.

Objects

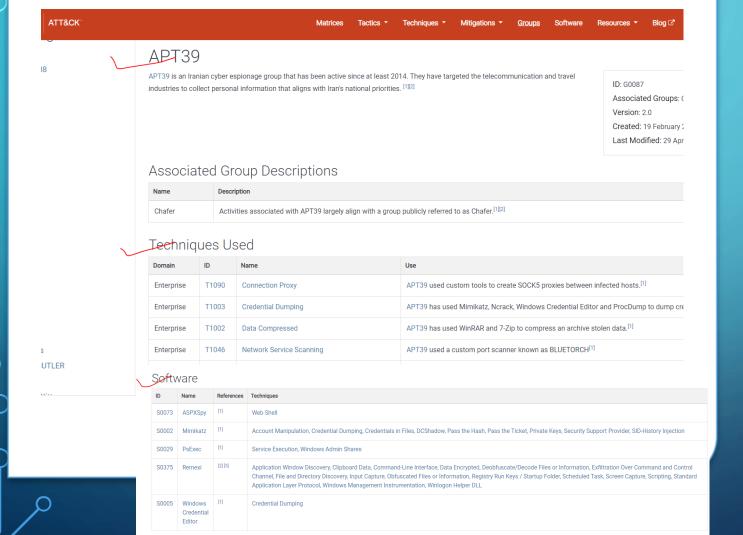
In ATT&CK, there are three main concepts (excluding Tactics for now): Techniques, Groups, and Software. Most techniques also have Mitigations. STIX 2.0 describes these as objects and uses different terminology to describe them. The following table is a mapping of ATT&CK concepts to STIX 2.0 objects:

	ATT&CK concept	STIX Object type
	Jec hnique	attack-pattern
\	Group	intrusion-set
Š	Software	malware Or tool
	Mitigation	course-of-action
	Tactic	x-mitre-tactic
	Matrix	x-mitre-matrix

The above STIX types are found as literal strings assigned to the type property of the STIX JSON object. As shown in the table, in STIX 2.0, there are objects called "Course(s) of Action" used to describe mitigations to ATT&CK techniques. Similarly, the STIX 2.0 object called "Attack Pattern" describes techniques, etc. It should also be noted that Tactics are not an explicit object type in STIX 2.0, and they are referenced implicitly as kill chain phases within the other object types, as described in the tables below.

MOVING TO SCRIPTS

- Pull the "Groups", "Software", and "Techniques"
- Build the Relationships between them
- Visual Representation Required
- Neo4j Graph Database for Visual Representation
- Python Py2Neo Library for Creating Nodes and Relationships in the Graph Representation
- TAXII2 Client to pull the STIXX2 ATT&CK CTI data



PYTHON SCRIPTS

- Script 1 Pulls the CTI data (Groups, Techniques, Software) from ATT&CK TAXII2 Server and Creates Nodes
- Script 2 Scrap the ATT&CK's Group Webpage and Push the data - and Build Relationships between them



