

```

int arr[n];
cout << "Enter array elements";
for (int i=0 ; i<n ; i++)
    cin >> arr[i];
cout << "Enter number of positions to rotate";
cin >> k;
left_rotate(arr, n, k);
cout << "Rotated Array : ";
for (int i=0 ; i<n ; i++)
    cout << arr[i] << " ";
return 0;
}

```

Output

Clear

Enter size of array: 7

Enter array elements: 23

25

82

73

46

89

90

Enter number of positions to rotate: 3

Rotated Array: 73 46 89 90 23 25 82

Question 02.

Write a C program to using stack data structure to convert an infix expression to postfix and evaluate the postfix expression :

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
#include <ctype>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

int precedence(char op) {
    if (op == '+' || op == '-') return 1;
    if (op == '*' || op == '/') return 2;
    return 0;
}

string infixToPostfix(string infix) {
    stack<char> s;
    string postfix = "";
    for (char ch : infix) {
        if (isspace(ch)) continue;
        if (isdigit(ch)) {
            postfix += ch;
            postfix += ' ';
        }
        else if (ch == '(') {
            s.push(ch);
        }
    }
}
```

```

while (iss >> token) {
    if (is digit (token[0])) {
        s.push (stoi (token));
    } else {
        int b = s.top(); s.pop();
        int a = s.top(); s.pop();
        if (token == "+") s.push (a+b);
        else if (token == "-") s.push (a-b);
        else if (token == "*") s.push (a*b);
        else if (token == "/") s.push (a/b);
    }
}
return s.top();
}

int main() {
    string infix;
    cout << "Enter infix expression (eg (3+4) * 5 - 6);";
    getline (cin, infix);
    string postfix = infixToPostfix (infix);
    cout << "Postfix " << postfix << endl;
    cout << "Evaluation Result : " << evaluate
    evaluatePostfix (postfix) << endl;
}

```

Output

Clear

Enter infix expression (e.g. (3 + 4) * 5 - 6): 3*7(4+8)/5

Postfix: 3 7 4 8 + * 5 /

Evaluation Result: 16

```

int main() {
    int n, val;
    Node *root = nullptr;
    cout << "Enter number of nodes to insert in BST";
    cin >> n;
    cout << "Enter values ";
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        cin >> val;
        root = insert(root, val);
    }
    cout << "In-order"; inorder(root);
    cout << endl;
    cout << "Pre-order"; preorder(root);
    cout << endl;
    cout << "Post-order"; postorder(root);
    cout << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output

Clear

Enter number of nodes to insert in BST: 5

Enter the values: 1

3

7

4

9

In-order: 1 3 4 7 9

Pre-order: 1 3 7 4 9

Post-order: 4 9 7 3 1

Question 03

Write a C program to construct a Binary Search Tree (BST) with integer inputs. Implement, and demonstrate the following operations:

- Insertion
- In-order traversal
- Pre-order traversal
- Post-order traversal

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Node {
    int data;
    Node * left;
    Node * right;
    Node(int value) {
        data = value;
        left = right = nullptr;
    }
};
```

```
Node* insert(Node* root, int value) {
    if (!root) return new Node(value);
    if (value < root->data) root->left = insert(root->left, value);
    else root->right = insert(root->right, value);
    return root;
}
```

```

else if (ch == ')') {
    while (!s.empty() && s.top() != '(') {
        postfix += s.top(); postfix += " ";
        s.pop();
    }
    s.pop();
} else {
    while (!s.empty() && precedence(ch) <=
        precedence(s.top())) {
        postfix += s.top(); postfix += " ";
        s.pop();
    }
    s.push(ch);
}
}
while (!s.empty()) {
    postfix += s.top(); postfix += " ";
    s.pop();
}
return postfix;
}

int evaluatePostfix(string postfix) {
    stack<int> s;
    istream iss(postfix);
    string token;

```

Question 05

Write a C program to implement Quick Sort.
Accept an array of integers, sort it using
Quick Sort and count the number of comparisons
and swaps made

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int comparisons = 0, swaps = 0;
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    int pivot = arr[high];
    int i = low - 1;
    for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
        comparisons++;
        if (arr[j] < pivot) {
            i++;
            swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
            swaps++;
        }
    }
    swap(arr[i+1], arr[high]);
    swaps++;
    return i+1;
}

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of elements ";
    cin >> n;
    int* arr = new int[n];
```

```

cout << "Enter elements ";
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    cin >> arr[i];
cout << "Sorted array ";
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) cout << arr[i] << " ";
cout << "Swaps " << swaps << endl;
delete [] arr;
return 0;

```

Output

Clear

Enter number of elements: 5

Enter elements: 9

6

3

8

5

Sorted Array: 3 5 6 8 9

Comparisons: 7

Swaps: 5

Question 04.

Write a C program to represent a undirected graph using an adjacency matrix. Implement both DFS and BFS traversals for the graph.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;
void DFS(int v, vector<vector<int>>& adj,
vector<bool>& visited) {
    visited[v] = true;
    cout << v << " ";
    for (int i = 0; i < adj.size(); i++) {
        if (adj[v][i] && !visited[i]) {
            DFS(i, adj, visited);
        }
    }
}

void BFS(int start, vector<vector<int>>& adj) {
    vector<bool> visited(adj.size(), false);
    queue<int> q;
    q.push(start);
    visited[start] = true;
    while (!q.empty()) {
        int v = q.front(); q.pop();
        cout << v << " ";
        for (int i = 0; i < adj.size(); i++) {
            if (adj[v][i] && !visited[i]) {
                q.push(i);
                visited[i] = true;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        visited[i] = true;
        q.push(i);
    }
}

int main() {
    int v, E, u, v;
    cout << "DFS";
    vector<bool> visited(v, false);
    DFS(0, adj, visited);
    cout << "\n BFS";
    BFS(0, adj);
    return 0;
}

```

Output

Clear

Enter number of vertices: 5

Enter number of edges: 4

Enter edges (u v) pairs:

0 1

0 2

1 3

1 4

Adjacency Matrix:

0 1 1 0 0

1 0 0 1 1

1 0 0 0 0

0 1 0 0 0

0 1 0 0 0

DFS: 0 1 3 4 2

BFS: 0 1 2 3 4

21EC212L: Data Structures and Algorithms
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Question 1: Array Manipulation

Problem statement:

Write a C program to perform left rotation of an array by 'k' positions. The program should accept n integers and a number k from the user, and display the rotated array.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void leftRotate(int arr[], int n, int k) {
    k %= n;
    int *temp = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        temp[i] = arr[(i + k) % n];
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        arr[i] = temp[i];
    }
    delete temp;
}
int main() {
    int n, k;
    cout << "Enter size of array";
    cin >> n;
```