15_CNN_MNIST

December 1, 2020

1 3,5,7 Layers CNN on MNIST dataset

```
In [1]: from __future__ import print_function
        import keras
        from keras.datasets import mnist
        from keras.models import Sequential
        from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, Activation
        from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
        from keras import backend as K
        # the data, split between train and test sets
        (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
       print("Number of X_train points :", X_train.shape)
       print("Number of y_train points :", y_train.shape)
        print("Number of X_test points :", X_test.shape)
       print("Number of y_test points :", y_test.shape)
Number of X_train points: (60000, 28, 28)
Number of y_train points : (60000,)
Number of X_test points: (10000, 28, 28)
Number of y_test points : (10000,)
In [3]: #Initialization
        batch_size = 128
        num_classes = 10
        epochs = 15
        # input image dimensions
        img_rows, img_cols = 28, 28
        if K.image_data_format() == 'channels_first':
            X_train = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
            x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
            input_shape = (1, img_rows, img_cols)
        else:
            X_train = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1) # 1 here is eve
```

```
X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
            input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 1)
        X_train = X_train.astype('float32')
        X_test = X_test.astype('float32')
        X_train /= 255
       X test /= 255
        print('X_train shape:', X_train.shape)
       print(X_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
       print(X_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
X_train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
60000 train samples
10000 test samples
In [4]: # here we are having a class number for each image
        print("Class label of first image :", y_train[0])
        # lets convert this into a 10 dimensional vector
        # ex: consider an image is 5 convert it into 5 => [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0]
        # this conversion needed for MLPs
        Y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, 10)
       Y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, 10)
        print("After converting the output into a vector: ",Y train[0])
Class label of first image: 5
After converting the output into a vector : [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
1.1 3 layer CNN
In [5]: from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
        \#Activation = ReLU
        #Optimizer=Adam
        #Architecture= conv2d, maxpool, conv2d, maxpool, conv2d, bn, maxpool, fc, dropout, sm
       model_31 = Sequential()
        # first layer
       model_31.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3),activation='relu',input_shape=input_shape))
        model_31.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        # second layer
       model_31.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
       model_31.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
        # third layer
       model_31.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
        model_31.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
```

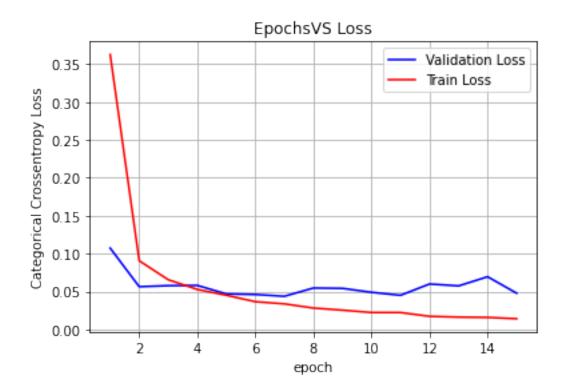
```
model_31.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
    # flattening, dropout
    model_31.add(Flatten())
    model_31.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
    model_31.add(Dropout(0.5))
    # softmax
    model_31.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
    model_31.summary()
Model: "sequential"
  -----
               Output Shape
______
           (None, 26, 26, 32) 320
conv2d (Conv2D)
_____
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D) (None, 13, 13, 32) 0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D) (None, 11, 11, 64) 18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2 (None, 5, 5, 64) 0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D) (None, 3, 3, 64) 36928
batch_normalization (BatchNo (None, 3, 3, 64)
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2 (None, 1, 1, 64)
_____
flatten (Flatten)
                (None, 64)
-----
dense (Dense) (None, 128)
                         8320
           (None, 128)
dropout (Dropout)
______
dense 1 (Dense) (None, 10) 1290
_____
Total params: 65,366
Trainable params: 65,360
Non-trainable params: 6
-----
```

```
Epoch 3/15
Epoch 4/15
Epoch 5/15
Epoch 6/15
Epoch 7/15
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
Epoch 15/15
In [7]: #plotting function
  %matplotlib notebook
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  %matplotlib inline
  import numpy as np
  def plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
    ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
    ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
   plt.legend()
   plt.grid()
   fig.canvas.draw()
In [8]: score = model_31.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
  print('Test score:', score[0])
  print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
  fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
  ax.set_title('EpochsVS Loss')
```

```
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,epochs+1))

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.047884970903396606 Test accuracy: 0.9900000095367432



1.2 5 layer CNN

```
In [9]: #Architecture = Conv2d,pool,conv2d,d,pool,conv2d,bn,pool,conv2d,bn,pool,conv2d,pool
    model_51 = Sequential()
    # first layer
    model_51.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(2, 2),activation='relu',input_shape=input_shape))
    model_51.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
    # second layer
    model_51.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(2, 2), activation='relu'))
    model_51.add(Dropout(0.25))
```

```
# third layer
      model_51.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
      model_51.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
      model_51.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
      # fourth layer
      model 51.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(2, 2), activation='relu'))
      model 51.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
      model_51.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
      # fifth layer
      model_51.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size=(2, 2), activation='relu'))
      model_51.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
      # flattening, dropout
      model_51.add(Flatten())
      model_51.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
      model_51.add(Dropout(0.5))
      # softmax
      model_51.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
      model_51.summary()
Model: "sequential_1"
  ______
                       Output Shape
Layer (type)
                                            Param #
_____
                      (None, 27, 27, 64)
conv2d 3 (Conv2D)
                                           320
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2 (None, 27, 27, 64)
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)
                      (None, 26, 26, 64) 16448
-----
dropout_1 (Dropout) (None, 26, 26, 64) 0
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2 (None, 13, 13, 64) 0
                  (None, 11, 11, 32) 18464
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)
batch_normalization_1 (Batch (None, 11, 11, 32) 44
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2 (None, 11, 11, 32)
conv2d_6 (Conv2D) (None, 10, 10, 32) 4128
batch_normalization_2 (Batch (None, 10, 10, 32)
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2 (None, 5, 5, 32)
conv2d_7 (Conv2D) (None, 4, 4, 16) 2064
```

model_51.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))

```
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2 (None, 2, 2, 16)
._____
flatten_1 (Flatten)
             (None, 64)
dense 2 (Dense)
            (None, 128)
                         8320
_____
dropout_2 (Dropout)
             (None, 128)
-----
             (None, 10)
dense 3 (Dense)
                         1290
Total params: 51,118
Trainable params: 51,076
```

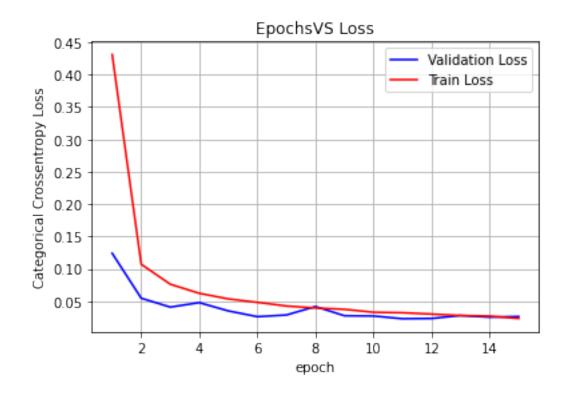
Non-trainable params: 42

Epoch 15/15

In [10]: model_51.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,optimizer=keras.optimizer history=model_51.fit(X_train, Y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epochs,verbose=1,verbose=1)

```
Epoch 1/15
Epoch 2/15
Epoch 3/15
Epoch 4/15
Epoch 5/15
Epoch 6/15
Epoch 7/15
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
```

Test score: 0.026484984904527664 Test accuracy: 0.9919999837875366



1.3 7 layer CNN

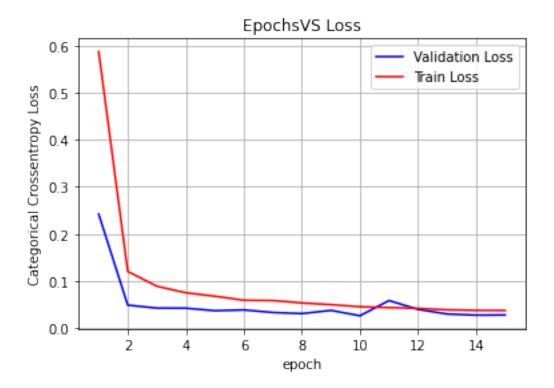
```
In [12]: \#Architecture = conv2d, pool, conv2d, bn, pool, conv2d, d, pool, conv2d, d, pool, conv2d, bn, pool, conv2d, d, pool, conv2d, bn, pool, conv2d, bn, pool, conv2d, d, pool, conv2d, bn, pool,
                 model_71 = Sequential()
                 # first layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(5, 5),activation='relu',input_shape=input_shape)
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
                 # second layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
                 # third layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(Dropout(0.5))
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
                 # fourth layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(Dropout(0.25))
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
                 # fifth layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size=(2, 2), activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
                 # sixth layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size=(2, 2), activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
                 # seventh layer
                 model_71.add(Conv2D(8, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(1, 1)))
                 # flattening, dropout
                 model_71.add(Flatten())
                 model_71.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
                 model_71.add(Dropout(0.5))
                 # softmax
                 model_71.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
                 model_71.summary()
Model: "sequential_2"
      ---,---
Layer (type)
                                                       Output Shape
                                                                                                         Param #
______
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)
                                          (None, 24, 24, 64) 1664
_____
max_pooling2d_8 (MaxPooling2 (None, 24, 24, 64) 0
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)
                                            (None, 22, 22, 64) 36928
batch_normalization_3 (Batch (None, 22, 22, 64)
                                                                                                        88
```

max_pooling2d_9 (MaxPooling2	(None,	11, 11, 64)	0
conv2d_10 (Conv2D)	(None,	9, 9, 32)	18464
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	9, 9, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_10 (MaxPooling	(None,	9, 9, 32)	0
conv2d_11 (Conv2D)	(None,	7, 7, 32)	9248
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	7, 7, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_11 (MaxPooling	(None,	7, 7, 32)	0
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None,	6, 6, 16)	2064
batch_normalization_4 (Batch	(None,	6, 6, 16)	24
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling	(None,	6, 6, 16)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None,	5, 5, 16)	1040
batch_normalization_5 (Batch	(None,	5, 5, 16)	20
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling	(None,	5, 5, 16)	0
conv2d_14 (Conv2D)	(None,	3, 3, 8)	1160
max_pooling2d_14 (MaxPooling	(None,	3, 3, 8)	0
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None,	72)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None,	128)	9344
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,		1290
Total params: 81,334 Trainable params: 81,268 Non-trainable params: 66			

Epoch 1/15

```
Epoch 2/15
Epoch 3/15
Epoch 4/15
Epoch 5/15
Epoch 6/15
Epoch 7/15
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
Epoch 15/15
In [14]: score = model_71.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
  print('Test score:', score[0])
  print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
  fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
  ax.set_title('EpochsVS Loss')
  ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
  # list of epoch numbers
  x = list(range(1,epochs+1))
  vy = history.history['val_loss']
  ty = history.history['loss']
  plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.027606463059782982



2 Summary

1 created 3,5,7 layered cnn using batch normalization 2 observed that as layer increases accuracy also increased