

# Homework 6

12.1 #6

a) df for All Groups  
 $n_T = 3 \times 12 = 36$

$$df_{ss} = 36 - 1 = 35$$

b) df with sum of squares

$$k = 3$$

$$df_{SST} = 2$$

c) Mean square of treatments

$$MST = \frac{SST}{k-1}$$

$$MST = \frac{\sum n_g (\bar{X}_g - \bar{\bar{x}})^2}{k-1}$$

$$\frac{18.06}{2} = 9.03 = MST$$

d) Find MSE

$$\frac{SSE}{N_T - k} = \frac{\sum (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_g)^2}{N_T - k}$$

Sales by Strategy  
(Millions of Dollars)

Strategy 1	Strategy 2	Strategy 3
3	2	4
6	5	2
7	5	5
4	3	6
6	7	6
7	8	7
10	6	9
6	4	8
15	10	14
8	6	8
9	9	7
16	12	16

$$\bar{\bar{x}} = 7.34$$

$$\bar{x}_1 = 8.08$$

$$\bar{x}_2 = 6.42$$

$$\bar{x}_3 = 7.67$$

d) Find MSE

$$\frac{SSE}{N_T - k} = \frac{\sum (X_{ij} - \bar{X}_j)^2}{N_T - k}$$

find MSE definition

```
def findMSE(df: pd.DataFrame):
    numeratorSum = 0
    denominator = (df.size - df.shape[1])
    for columnName in df.columns:
        columnMean = df[columnName].mean()
        for element in df[columnName]:
            numeratorSum = ((element - columnMean) ** 2) + numeratorSum
    return numeratorSum / denominator

df1216 = pd.DataFrame({
    "strategy1": [3,6,7,4,6,7,10,6,15,8,9,16],
    "strategy2": [2,5,5,3,7,8,6,4,10,6,9,12],
    "strategy3": [4,2,5,6,6,7,9,8,14,8,7,16]
})
print(findMSE(df1216))
```

13.2878787878784

MSE = 13.29

12.1 #20 ↓

a) grand mean table →

```
df = pd.DataFrame({
    'day': ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday'],
    'firstShift': [140, 181, 127, 172, 165, 152, 173],
    'secondShift': [108, 224, 162, 182, 219, 171, 217],
    'thirdShift': [77, 123, 77, 181, 147, 145, 111]
}).set_index('day')
```

$\bar{X} =$

```
sum = 0
for columnName in df.columns:
    sum = df[columnName].mean() + sum
print(str(sum/df.shape[1]))
```

153.80952380952382

b) Value of  $n_j$

```
print(df.shape[0])
```

7

c) Value of  $k$

$$k = 3$$

```
print(df.shape[1])
```

✓ 0.0s

d) Value of  $n_T$

$$n_T = 21$$

```
df.size
```

✓ 0.0s

e) Find  $df_T$ ,  $df_{SST}$ ,  $df_{SSE}$

$$df_{TS} = 21 - 1 = 20 \quad df_{SST} = 3 - 1 = 2 \quad df_{SSE} = 21 - 3 = 18$$

$$18 + 2 = 20 = df_{TS}$$

12.3 # 10

Table  $\rightarrow$

A)  $\alpha = 0.10$

```
df = pd.DataFrame({  
    'minivanA': [150, 152, 151, 149, 153],  
    'minivanB': [153, 150, 156, 151, 155],  
    'minivanC': [155, 150, 157, 158, 155],  
    'minivanD': [167, 164, 169, 162, 173]  
})
```

✓ 0.0s

12.3 # 10 cont.

```
12.3 Problem 10
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame({
    'minivanA': [150, 152, 151, 149, 153],
    'minivanB': [153, 158, 156, 151, 155],
    'minivanC': [155, 158, 157, 158, 155],
    'minivanD': [167, 164, 169, 162, 173]
})

print(generateANOVAFrame(df))
print(makeDetermination(df, 0.10))
```

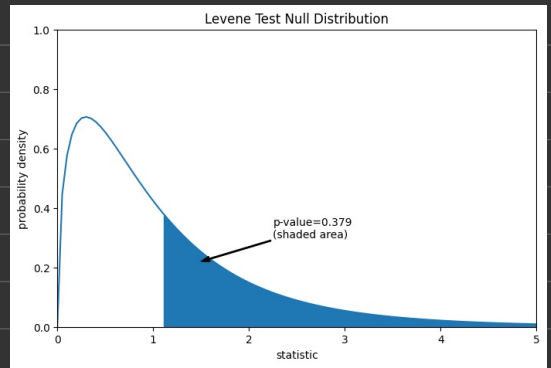
[425] ✓ 0.0s

source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Squares	F	P-value
Treatments	3	775.0	258.333	27.928	0.0
Error	16	148.0	9.250	NaN	NaN
Total	19	923.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

0.1 > 0.0: Reject Null Hypothesis at  $\alpha=0.1$

ANOVA  
Results

Levene  
Test →



12.3 # 13

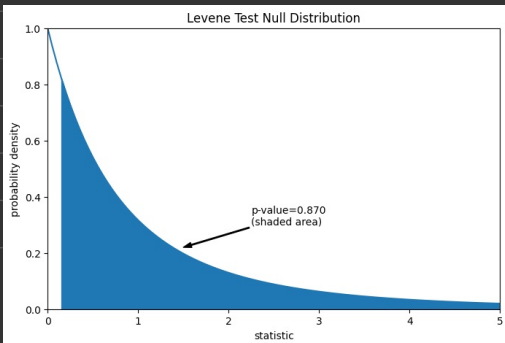
ANOVA Frame →

```
df1213 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Workout#1': [180, 185, 170],
    'Workout#2': [160, 170, 175],
    'Workout#3': [185, 190, 180]
})

print(generateANOVAFrame(df1213))
plotLevene(df1213)
```

[495] ✓ 0.1s

source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Squares	F	P-value
Treatments	2	422.222	211.111	4.471	0.06476
Error	6	283.333	47.222	NaN	NaN
Total	8	705.556	NaN	NaN	NaN



Levene Test  
U

12.3 # 15

$\alpha = 0.10$

ANOVA  $\rightarrow$

```
df12315 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Banking': [1.52, 3.12, 1.32, 0.6, 1.2, 1, 1.19],
    'Transportation': [1, 1.2, 0.2, 0.4, 1.09, 0.61, 0.35],
    'Energy': [2.08, 2.68, 0.7, 2, 1.91, 1.6, 1.28]
})

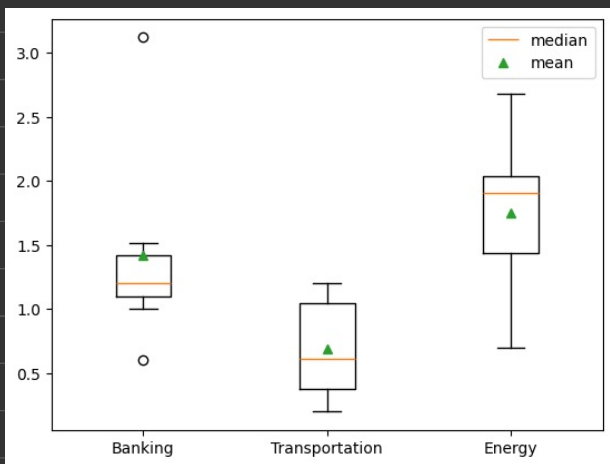
print(generateANOVAFrame(df12315))
print(makeDetermination(df12315, alpha=0.10))
bp = plt.boxplot(df12315, showmeans=True, labels=df12315.columns)
plt.legend([bp['medians'][0], bp['means'][0]], ['median', 'mean'])
pltLevene(df12315, alpha=0.10)
```

[27] ✓ 0.2s

...	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Squares	F	P-value
source					
Treatments	2	4.098	2.049	5.101	0.01757
Error	18	7.230	0.402	NaN	NaN
Total	20	11.328	NaN	NaN	NaN

0.1 > 0.01757: Reject Null Hypothesis at  $\alpha=0.1$

Determination  $\uparrow$



## 12.1 # 6

```
In [7]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [ ]: from scipy.stats import f_oneway
import scipy.stats as stats
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# -- origin calculation
def findSST(df: pd.DataFrame):
    sum = 0
    grandMean = findGrandMean(df)
    for columnName in df.columns:
        column = df[columnName]
        sum = column.size*(column.mean() - grandMean)**2 + sum
    return sum

# -- origin calculation
def findTSS (df: pd.DataFrame):
    sum = 0
    grandMean = findGrandMean(df)
    for columnName in df.columns:
        for element in df[columnName]:
            sum = (element - grandMean)**2 + sum
    return sum

# -- origin calculation
def findMSE (df: pd.DataFrame):
    numeratorSum = 0
    denominator = (df.size - df.shape[1])
    for columnName in df.columns:
        columnMean = df[columnName].mean()
        for element in df[columnName]:
            numeratorSum = ((element - columnMean) ** 2) + numeratorSum
    return numeratorSum / denominator

def findSSE( df: pd.DataFrame):
    mse=findMSE(df)
    return mse*(df.size - df.shape[1])

def findMST (df: pd.DataFrame):
    return findSST(df) / (df.shape[1] - 1)

def findF (df: pd.DataFrame):
    return findMST(df) / findMSE(df)

def findGrandMean(df: pd.DataFrame):
    sum = 0
    for columnName in df.columns:
        for element in df[columnName]:
            sum = element + sum
    return sum / df.size

def generateANOVAFrame (df: pd.DataFrame):
```

```

treatments = df.columns.size - 1
total = df.size - 1
error = total - treatments
sst = round(findSST(df),3)
sse = round(findSSE(df),3)
tss = round(findTSS(df),3)
mst = round(findMST(df),3)
mse = round(findMSE(df),3)
f_value = round(findF(df),3)
p_value = round(f_oneway(*[df[column] for column in df.columns]).pvalue,

return pd.DataFrame({
    'source' : ['Treatments' , 'Error' , 'Total'],
    'df' : [treatments, error, total],
    'Sum of Squares' : [sst, sse, tss ],
    'Mean Squares' : [mst, mse , None],
    'F' : [f_value, None, None],
    'P-value' : [p_value, None, None]
}).set_index('source')

def makeDetermination(df: pd.DataFrame, alpha = 0.05 ):
    p_value = round(f_oneway(*[df[column] for column in df.columns]).pvalue,
    if p_value < alpha:
        return (str(alpha) + " > " + str(p_value) + ": Reject Null Hypothes
    return (str(alpha) + " < " + str(p_value) + ": Fail to Reject Null Hypo

def plotLevene (df: pd.DataFrame , alpha = 0.05):
    # Calculate levene test
    res = stats.levene(*[df[columnName] for columnName in df.columns], propo

def plot(ax): # we'll reuse this
    ax.plot(val, pdf, color='C0')
    ax.set_title("Levene Test Null Distribution")
    ax.set_xlabel("statistic")
    ax.set_ylabel("probability density")
    ax.set_xlim(0, 5)
    ax.set_ylim(0, 1)

k, n = df.shape[1], df.size # number of samples, total number of obser
dist = stats.f(dfn=k-1, dfd=n-k)
val = np.linspace(0, 5, 100)
pdf = dist.pdf(val)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 5))

plot(ax)
pvalue = dist.sf(res.statistic)
annotation = (f'p-value={pvalue:.3f}\n(shaded area)')
props = dict(facecolor='black', width=1, headwidth=5, headlength=8)
_ = ax.annotate(annotation, (1.5, 0.22), (2.25, 0.3), arrowprops=props)
i = val >= res.statistic
ax.fill_between(val[i], y1=0, y2=pdf[i], color='C0')
plt.show()

```

```

In [ ]: df1216 = pd.DataFrame({
    "strategy1" : [3,6,7,4,6,7,10,6,15,8,9,16],
    "strategy2" : [2,5,5,3,7,8,6,4,10,6,9,12],

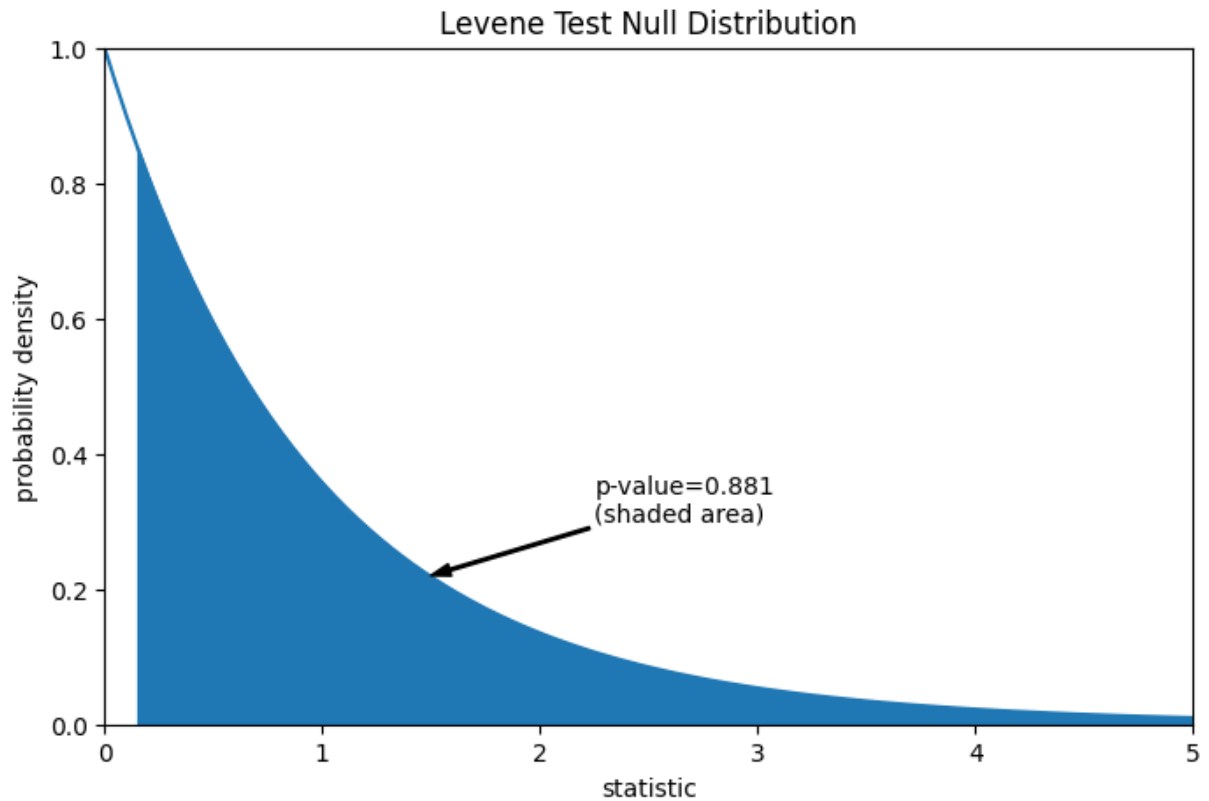
```

```

    "strategy3" : [4,2,5,6,6,7,9,8,14,8,7,16]
})
print(findMSE(df1216))
plotLevene(df1216)

```

13.287878787878784



### 12.1 Problem 20

```

In [10]: df12120 = pd.DataFrame({
    'day' : ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday'],
    'firstShift' : [140, 181, 127, 172, 161, 152, 173],
    'secondShift' : [168, 224, 162, 182, 219, 171, 217],
    'thirdShift' : [77, 123, 77, 101, 147, 145, 111]
}).set_index('day')

```

```

In [11]: sum = 0
    for columnName in df12120.columns:
        sum = df12120[columnName].mean() + sum
    print(str(sum/df12120.shape[1]))

```

153.80952380952382

```

In [12]: print(df12120.shape[0])

```

7

```

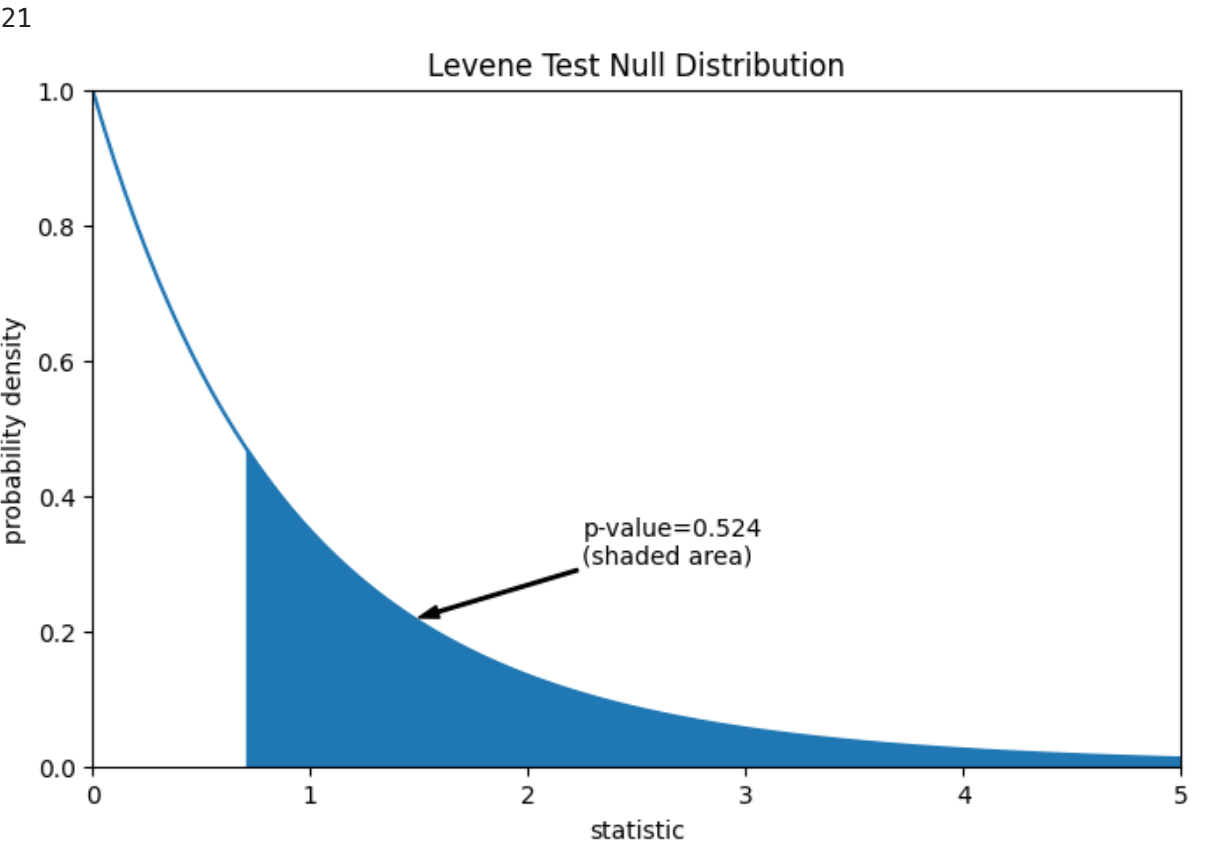
In [13]: print(df12120.shape[1])

```

3



```
In [14]: print(df12120.size)
plotLevene(df12120)
```



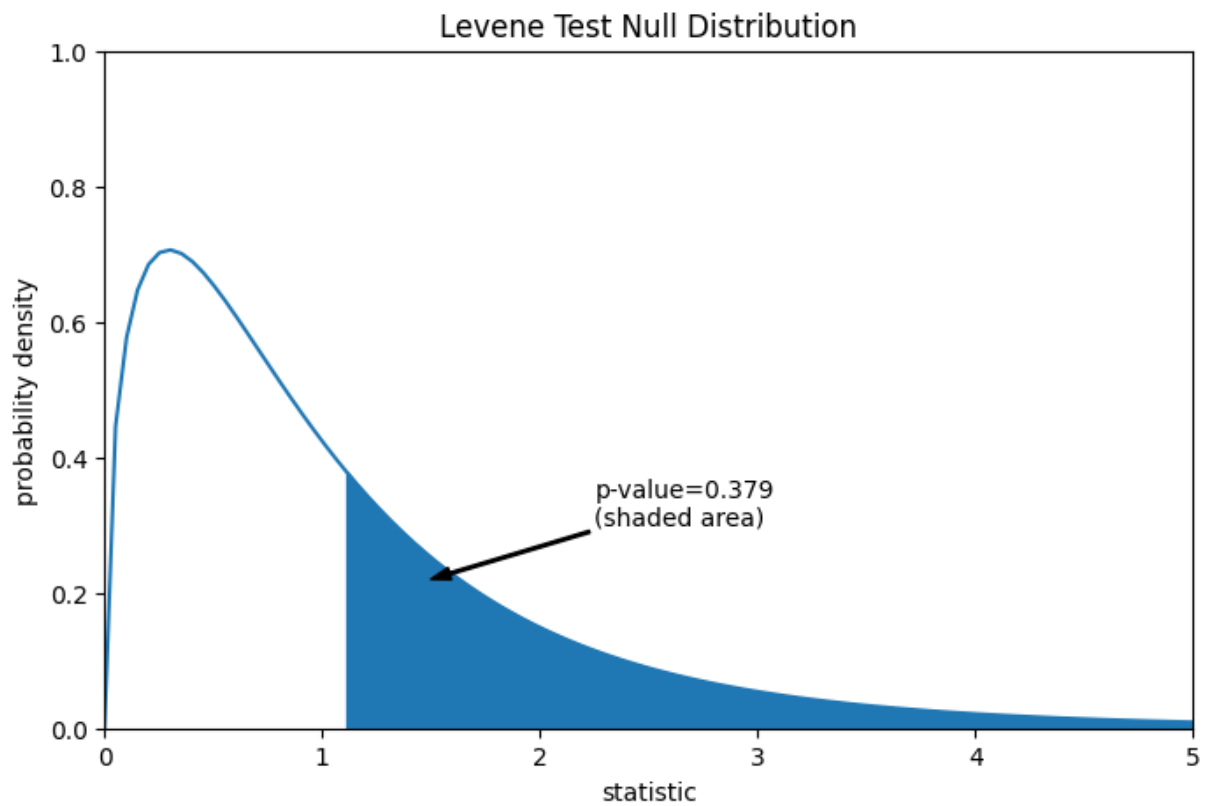
12.3 Problem 10

```
In [15]: df12310 = pd.DataFrame({
    'minivanA': [150,152,151,149,153],
    'minivanB': [153,150,156,151,155],
    'minivanC' : [155,150,157,158,155],
    'minivanD': [167,164,169,162,173]
})

print(generateANOVAFrame(df12310))
print(makeDetermination(df12310,0.10))
plotLevene(df12310)
```

	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Squares	F	P-value
source					
Treatments	3	775.0	258.333	27.928	0.0
Error	16	148.0	9.250	NaN	NaN
Total	19	923.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

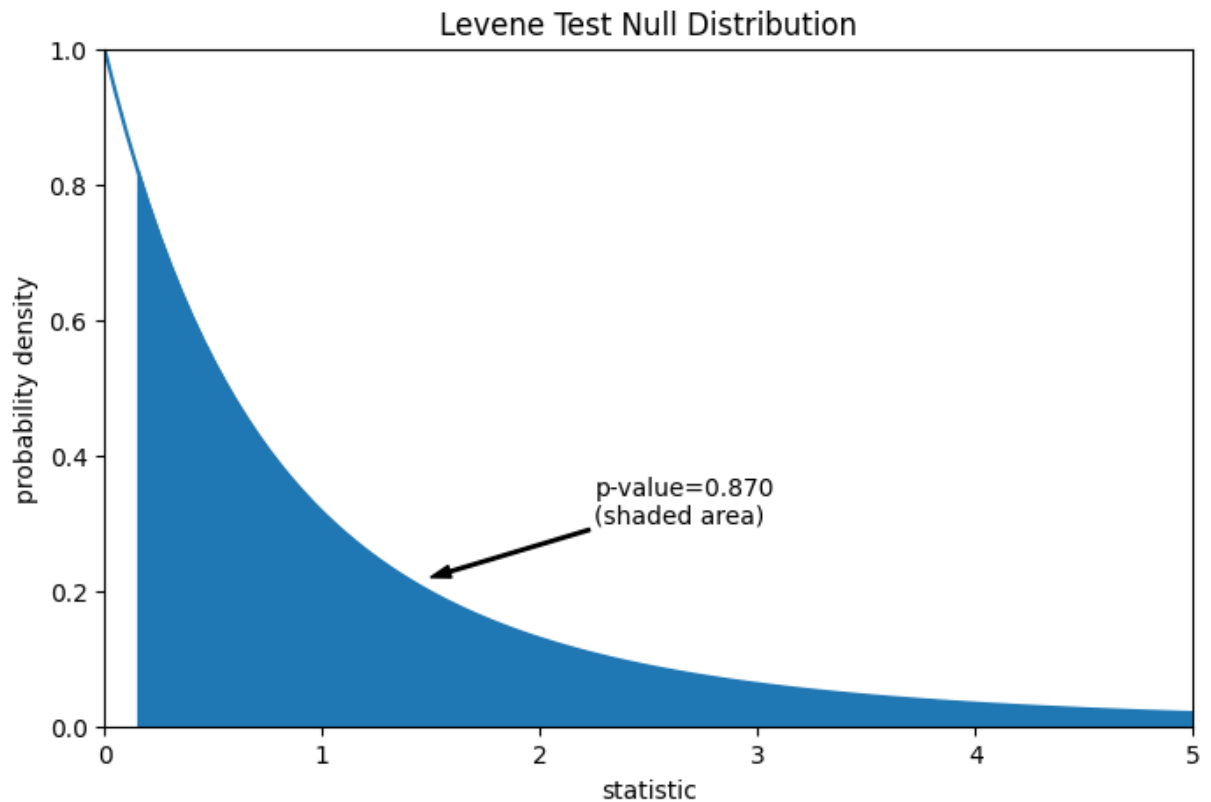
0.1 > 0.0: Reject Null Hypothesis at  $\alpha=0.1$



### Problem 12.3 # 13

```
In [16]: df12313 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Workout#1' : [180,185,170],
    'Workout#2' : [160,170,175],
    'Workout#3' : [185,190,180]
})
print(generateANOVAFrame(df12313))
plotLevene(df12313)
```

	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Squares	F	P-value
source					
Treatments	2	422.222	211.111	4.471	0.06476
Error	6	283.333	47.222	NaN	NaN
Total	8	705.556	NaN	NaN	NaN



### Problem 12.3 # 15

```
In [1]: df12315 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Banking' : [1.52, 3.12, 1.32, 0.6, 1.2, 1, 1.19],
    'Transportation' : [1, 1.2, 0.2, 0.4, 1.09, 0.61, 0.35],
    'Energy' : [2.08, 2.68, 0.7, 2, 1.91, 1.6, 1.28]
})

print(generateANOVAFrame(df12315))
print(makeDetermination(df12315, alpha=0.10))
bp = plt.boxplot(df12315, showmeans=True, labels=df12315.columns)
plt.legend([bp['medians'][0], bp['means'][0]], ['median', 'mean'])
plotLevene(df12315, alpha=0.10)
```

	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Squares	F	P-value
source					
Treatments	2	4.098	2.049	5.101	0.01757
Error	18	7.230	0.402	NaN	NaN
Total	20	11.328	NaN	NaN	NaN

0.1 > 0.01757: Reject Null Hypothesis at  $\alpha=0.1$

