Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

```
InsertFront(10);
InsertFront(20);
InsertRear(30);
DeleteFront();
InsertRear(40);
InsertRear(10);
DeleteRear();
InsertRear(15);
display();
Answer
10 30 40 15
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
```

```
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int arr[MAX_SIZE];
int front
      int rear:
      int size;
    } Queue;
    void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
      if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
        return;
      }
      queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
queue->size++;
      queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
    int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
      if (queue->size == 0) {
        return -1;
      int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
      queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      queue->size--;
      return data;
    int main() {
   Queue queue;
      queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
      queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      enqueue(&queue, 4);
      enqueue(&queue, 5);
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
return 0;
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```

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Answer 3 2 1 4

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
   int* arr;
```

```
int front;
oint rear;
  int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = 0;
  queue->rear = -1;
  queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
int main() {
Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("%d", queue->size);
  return 0;
}
Answer
0
Status: Correct
                                                                  Marks: 1/1
```

11. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException{if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp.getNext();Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 13. What are the applications of dequeue? **Answer** All the mentioned options Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 14. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a Answer Oueue Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 15. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue? Answer Dequeue Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 16. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue? **Answer** First In First Out Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 17. What will be the output of the following code?

#include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h>

```
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    #define MAX_SIZE 5
   typedef struct {
      int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear;
      int size;
    } Queue;
    Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
      queue->front = -1;
      queue->rear = -1;
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return queue;
      queue->size = 0;
    int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
      return (queue->size == 0);
    int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
      return 0;
    }
    Answer
    Is the queue empty? 1
Status : Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1
    18. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?
    public void function(Object item)
      Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
      if(isEmpty())
        head.setNext(temp);
        temp.setNext(trail);
```

```
else
{
    Node cur=head.getNext();
    while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
    {
        cur=cur.getNext();
    }
    cur.setNext(temp);
}
size++;
}

Answer
Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1
```

19. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

ABCD

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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