# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_COD\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 50 Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

As a junior developer working on a text analysis project, your task is to create a program that displays the consonants in a sentence provided by the user, separated by spaces.

You need to implement a program that takes a sentence as input and prints the consonants while skipping vowels and non-alphabetic characters using only control statements.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a string representing the sentence.

# **Output Format**

The output displays space-separated consonants present in the sentence.

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Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: Hello World! Output: H I I W r I d

#### Answer

```
def vowel(n):
    if n in "aeiouAEIOU":
    return True
    st=input()
    for i in st:
        if i.isalpha():
            if not vowel(i):
                 print(i,end=" ")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

John, a software developer, is analyzing a sequence of numbers within a given range to calculate their digit sum. However, to simplify his task, he excludes all numbers that are palindromes (numbers that read the same backward as forward).

Help John find the total sum of the digits of non-palindromic numbers in the range [start, end] (both inclusive).

Example:

Input:

10

20

Output:

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# Explanation:

Range [10, 20]: Non-palindromic numbers are 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

Digit sums: 1+0+1+2+1+3+1+4+1+5+1+6+1+7+1+8+1+9+2+0=55.

Output: 55

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

#### **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the total sum of the digits of all non-palindromic numbers in the range.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

Input: 10 20

Output: 55

#### **Answer**

```
# You are using Python
def ispal(n):
    return str(n)==str(n)[::-1]
st=int(input())
en=int(input())
sum=0
for i in range(st,en+1):
    if not ispal(i):
```

```
temp=i
   while(temp!=0):
        a=temp%10
        sum+=a
        temp=temp//10
print(sum)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Emma, a mathematics enthusiast, is exploring a range of numbers and

Help Emma determine the count of non-Fibonacci numbers within the given range [start, end] using the continue statement.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

# **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the count of numbers in the range that are not Fibonacci numbers.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 1 10

Output: 5

#### Answer

# You are using Python

```
def fab(n):
    a,b=0,1
    while(a<=n):
        if a==n:
            return True
        a,b=b,a+b
    return False
    s=int(input())
    e=int(input())
    count=0
    for i in range(s,e+1):
        if fab(i):
            continue
        count+=1
    print(count)</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Ethan, a curious mathematician, is fascinated by perfect numbers. A perfect number is a number that equals the sum of its proper divisors (excluding itself). Ethan wants to identify all perfect numbers within a given range.

Help him write a program to list these numbers.

# Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer start, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer end, representing the ending number of the range.

# **Output Format**

The output prints all perfect numbers in the range, separated by a space.

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Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
100
Output: 6 28
Answer
# You are using Python
def is_perfect(n):
  sum=0
  for i in range(1,n):
    if n%i==0:
   Sum+=i
 return sum
st=int(input())
en=int(input())
for n in range(st,en+1):
  sum= is_perfect(n)
  if(sum==n):
    print(n)
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

# 5. Problem Statement

You work as an instructor at a math enrichment program, and your goal is to develop a program that showcases the concept of using control statements to manipulate loops. Your task is to create a program that takes an integer 'n' as input and prints the squares of even numbers from 1 to 'n', while skipping odd numbers.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, which represents the upper limit of the range.

The output displays the square of even numbers from 1 to 'n' separated by lines.

240/01263 Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications. Sample Test Case Input: 10 Output: 4 16 36 64 100 **Answer** # You are using Python def even(n): if(n%2)==0: return True a=int(input()) for i in range(1,a+1): if even(i): print(i\*\*2) Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_PAH\_Updated

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 60 Marks Obtained: 60

Section 1: Coding

### 1. Problem Statement

Rajesh wants to design a program that simulates a real-time scenario based on a mathematical concept known as the Collatz Conjecture. This concept involves the repeated application of rules to a given starting number until the number becomes 1. The rules are as follows:

If the number is even, divide it by 2.If the number is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1.

Your task is to write a program that takes a positive integer as input, applies the Collatz Conjecture rules to it, counts the number of steps taken to reach 1, and provides an output accordingly. If the process exceeds 100 steps, the program should print a message indicating so and use break to exit.

## Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, n.

# **Output Format**

The output displays the total number of steps taken to reach 1 if it's under 100.

If it's more than 100, it displays "Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...".

Refer to sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 6

Output: Steps taken to reach 1: 8

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
steps=0
while n!=1:
    n=n//2 if n%2==0 else 3*n+1
    steps+=1
    if steps>100:
        print("Exceeded 100 steps.Exiting...")
        break
else:
    print(f"steps taken to reach 1:{steps}")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

### 2. Problem Statement

As a software engineer, your goal is to develop a program that facilitates the identification of leap years in a specified range. Your task is to create a program that takes two integer inputs, representing the start and end years of the range and then prints all the leap years within that range.

Input Format

240101263 The first line of the input consists of an integer, which represents the start year.

The second line consists of an integer, which represents the end year.

# **Output Format**

The output displays the leap years within the given range, separated by lines.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 2000
   2053
Output: 2000
   2004
   2008
   2012
   2016
   2020
   2024
   2028
   2032
   2036
   2040
   2044
   2048
2052
   Answer
   # You are using Python
   s,e=int(input()),int(input())
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

for y in range(s,e+1):

print(y)

if y%4==0 and (y%100 != 0 or y%400==0):

Aarav is fascinated by the concept of summing numbers separately based on their properties. He plans to write a program that calculates the sum of even numbers and odd numbers separately from 1 to a given positive integer.

Aarav wants to input an integer value to represent the upper limit of the range. Help Aarav by developing a program that computes and displays the sum of even and odd numbers separately.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer N, where N is the upper limit of the range.

# **Output Format**

The output consists of two lines:

- The first line displays the sum of even numbers from 1 to N.
- The second line displays the sum of odd numbers from 1 to N.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

# Sample Test Case

Input: 10

Output: Sum of even numbers from 1 to 10 is 30

Sum of odd numbers from 1 to 10 is 25

#### Answer

# You are using Python
n=int(input())
evens=sum(i for i in range(2,n+1,2))
odds=sum(i for i in range(1,n+1,2))
print(f"Sum of even numbers from 1 to {n} is {evens}")

print(f"Sum of odd numbers from 1 to {n} is {odds}")

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10

Imagine being entrusted with the responsibility of creating a program that simulates a math workshop for students. Your task is to doubt interactive program that of factorial values. Your program should efficiently compute and present the sum of digits for factorial values of only odd numbers within a designated range. This approach will ingeniously keep even factorials at bay, allowing students to delve into the intriguing world of mathematics with enthusiasm and clarity.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

# **Output Format**

The output displays the factorial and sum of digits of the factorial of odd numbers within the given range.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 6
Output: 1! = 1, sum of digits = 1
3! = 6, sum of digits = 6
5! = 120, sum of digits = 3
```

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
import math
n=int(input())
for i in range(1,n+1,2):
  fact=math.factorial(i)
  digit_sum=sum(int(digit)for digit in str(fact))
  print(f"{i}!={fact},sum of digits={digit_sum}")
```

Status: Correct

# 5. Problem Statement

Kamali recently received her electricity bill and wants to calculate the amount she needs to pay based on her usage. The electricity company charges different rates based on the number of units consumed.

For the first 100 units, there is no charge. For units consumed beyond 100 and up to 200, there is a charge of Rs. 5 per unit. For units consumed beyond 200, there is a charge of Rs. 10 per unit.

Write a program to help Kamali calculate the amount she needs to pay for her electricity bill based on the units consumed.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer, representing the number of units.

#### **Output Format**

The output prints the total amount of the electricity bill, an integer indicating the amount Kamali needs to pay in the format "Rs. amount".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

# Sample Test Case

```
Input: 350
```

Output: Rs. 2000

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
    def bill(units):
      if units<=100:
        return 0
      elif units<=200:
        return (units-100)*5
      else:
       return (100*5)+(units-200)*10
   units=int(input())
print("Rs. ",bill(units))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 6. Problem Statement

Sophia, a primary school teacher, wants to calculate the sum of numbers within a given range, excluding those that are multiples of 3.

Write a program to help Sophia compute the sum of all numbers between start and end (inclusive) that are not divisible by 3 using the continue statement.

#### Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

#### **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the sum of numbers in the range that are not multiples of 3.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

Input: 1 10

Output: 37

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
start=int(input())
end=int(input())
total=sum(i for i in range(start,end+1)if i%3!=0)
print(total)
```

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_MCQ

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 15 Marks Obtained : 7

Section 1: MCQ

1. What is the output of the following program?

```
i=1
while(i<3):
j=0
while(j<3):
print(i%3,end=" ")
j=j+1
i=i+1
```

**Answer** 

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Status: Correct

.3 Marks : 1/1

```
2. What will be the output of the following Python code?
7.00 i = 1
    while False:
      if i%2 == 0:
        break
      print(i)
      i += 2
    Answer
    1
    Status: Wrong
                                                                       Marks: 0/1
3. What will be the output for the following code snippet?
    i = 0
    for i in range(10):
      break
    print(i)
    Answer
    0
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
4. What is the output of the following?
    for i in range(10):
      if i == 5:
        break
      else:
        print(i, end=' ')
    else:
      print("Here")
    Answer
    01234
Status: Correct
```

5. What is the purpose of the pass statement in Python?

Answer

To do nothing and act as a placeholder.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 1
while True:
    if i%3 == 0:
        break
    print(i)
    i + = 1
```

**Answer** 

12

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 0
while i < 5:
    print(i)
    i += 1
    if i == 3:
        break
else:
    print(0)

Answer
0120</pre>
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

8. What will be the output of the following Python code?

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```
i≓î₽
  while True:
     if i % 2 == 0:
       i += 1
       continue
     if i > 10:
        break
     print(i, end = " ")
     i += 2
   Answer
   1357911
                                                                   Marks: 0/1
   Status: Wrong
   9. Which keyword is used to immediately terminate a loop?
   Answer
   break
   Status: Correct
                                                                   Marks: 1/1
   10. What will be the output of the following Python code?
   while True:
     if i%0011 == 0:
        break
     print(i)
     i += 1
   Answer
   5678910
   Status: Wrong
                                                                   Marks: 0/1
        What is the output of the following?
```

```
i=0
while(1):
     print i
     if(i==4):
      break
    Answer
    1234
    Status: Wrong
                                                                       Marks: 0/1
    12. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
    balloon_inflated = False
    while not balloon_inflated:
      if not balloon inflated:
        balloon_inflated = True
        print("inflate-", end="")
    print("done")
    Answer
    inflate-done
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks : 1/1
    13. What will be the output of the following Python code?
    i = 1
    while True:
      if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
      if i > 10:
        break
      print(i)
     \hat{1} + 2
Answer
```

Status : Correct

Marks: 1/1

14. When does the else statement written after the loop execute?

#### Answer

Else statement is always executed

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

15. What is the output of the following code?

```
\sqrt{i} = 5
 while True:
    if i%009 == 0:
       break
    print(i)
    i += 1
```

#### Answer

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Status: Wrong

Marks: 0/1

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Max is fascinated by prime numbers and the Fibonacci sequence. He wants to combine these two interests by creating a program that outputs the first n prime numbers within the Fibonacci sequence.

Your task is to help Max by writing a program that prints the first n prime numbers in the Fibonacci sequence using a while loop along with the break statement to achieve the desired functionality.

# **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer n, representing the number of prime Fibonacci numbers to generate.

Output Format

The output displays space-separated first n prime numbers found in the Fibonacci sequence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
Input: 5
Output: 2 3 5 13 89
Answer
# You are using Python
def is_prime(n):
  if n<2:
    return False;
  for i in range(2,int(n**0.5)+1):
    if n\%i = = 0:
       return False
  return True
def fibp(n):
  a.b = 0.1
  fibp=[]
  if(n==1):
    fibp.append(s)
  return fib
else:
    while len(fibp)<n:
       if is_prime(a):
         fibp.append(a)
       a,b=b,a+b
    return fibp
n=int(input())
res=fibp(n)
for j in range(len(res)):
  print(res[i],end=" ")
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

2. Problem Statement

Students are allowed to work on our computer center machines only after entering the correct secret code. If the code is correct, the message "Logged In" is displayed. They are not allowed to log in to the machine until they enter the correct secret code.

Write a program to allow the student to work only if he/she enters the correct secret code.

Note: Here, secret code means the last three digits should be divisible by the first digit of the number.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer n, which represents the secret code.

# Output Format

The output displays either "Logged In" or "Incorrect code" based on the given condition.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 2345

Output: Incorrect code

#### Answer

```
n=int(input())
first_digit=int(str(n)[0])
last_three_digits=n%1000
if last_three_digits%first_digit==0:
    print("Logged in")
else:
    print("Incorrect code")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

# 3. Problem Statement

Nisha is a mathematics enthusiast, eager to explore the realm of twin prime numbers. The objective is to develop a program that enables the discovery and presentation of twin prime pairs.

The program should take an integer 'n' as input and generate 'n' pairs of twin primes, displaying the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

#### **Output Format**

The output displays the 'n' pairs of twin primes, the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

while len(twin) < n:

```
Input: 5
   Output: 3 5
   57
   11 13
   17 19
   29 31
Answer
   # You are using Python
   def is_prime(num):
     if num<2:
        return False
     for i in range(2,int(num ** 0.5)+1):
        if num%i==0:
          return False
     return True
   def fp(n):
     twin=∏
   num=3
```

```
if is_prime(num) and is_prime(num+2):
    twin.append((num,num+2))
    num+=2
    return twin
n=int(input())
for pair in fp(n):
    print(pair[0],pair[1])
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Alex is practicing programming and is curious about prime and non-prime digits. He wants to write a program that calculates the sum of the non-prime digits in a given integer using loops.

Help Alex to complete his task.

Example:

Input:

845

output:

12

Explanation:

Digits: 8 (non-prime), 4 (non-prime), 5 (prime)

The sum of Non-Prime Digits: 8 + 4 = 12

Output: 12

## **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer X.

# **Output Format**

The output prints an integer representing the sum of non-prime digits in X.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case
Input: 845
Output: 12

#### **Answer**

```
# You are using Python
def is_prime(digit):
    return digit in{2,3,5,7}
def sum_of_non_prime_digits(X):
    total=0
    for digit in str(X):
        num=int(digit)
        if not is_prime(num):
            total+=num
    return total

X=int(input().strip())
if 10<=X<=10**6:
    print(sum_of_non_prime_digits(X))</pre>
```

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10 163

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