**Objectives:** Implement SPIMI. Implement rudimentary information retrieval using your SPIMI indexer. Test and analyze your system, discuss how your design decisions influence the results.

**Due Date:** 15.10.2018

## Description:

- 1. implement the SPIMI algorithm with disk block merging
  SPIMI is an algorithm and has to be implemented as described in the book, no reimagining or shortcuts. To simulate saving and reading to disk, make your program create a directory called DISK. Assume your disk block size is 500 Reuter's articles. Create and save files called BLOCK1 ... BLOCK7 ... as simulated disk blocks.
- 2. compile an inverted index for Reuters21578 without using any compression techniques. Make memory size a parameter that you can artificially reduce to test your code (see below).
- 3. implement the lossy dictionary compression techniques of Table 5.1 in the textbook and compile a similar table for Reuters-21578. Are the changes similar? Discuss your findings. (Note that stemming is not required here, if you run out of time before you get the Porter stemmer to work, that is ok for this assignment, the remaining table is fine.)
- 4. implement a simple scheme to retrieve matching documents for a few queries. Techniques from Chapters 1-3 are suitable. Show the queries you used and discuss your findings.

#### **Deliverables:**

- 1. individual project, remember to submit the expectations of originality page
- 2. well documented code
- 3. well documented sample runs of the queries posted on 13.10.
- 4. any additional testing or aborted design ideas that show off particular aspects of your project
- 5. a project report that summarizes your approach, illustrates your design and discusses what you have learned from the project. Note that a summary and commentary on your sample runs has to be included in the report
- 6. a three slide overview of your system for the lab demo

### Test queries:

- 1. design three test queries:
  - (a) a single keyword query,
  - (b) a multiple keywords query returning documents containing all the keywords (AND),
  - (c) a multiple keywords query returning documents containing at leat one keyword (OR), where documents are ordered by how many keywords they contain)

2. run your three test queries to showcase your code and comment on the results in your report

- 3. exchange one test query each with three different students in the class, run their queries
- 4. compare your results during lab time
- 5. report the experiment in your project report

**Submissions:** submit to Moodle. All code has to run on the lab equipment. You have to demo your project during lab time on 17/18/19.10. or as agreed with your lab instructor.

#### Marks:

Preprocessing (text extraction, tokenization)	1pt	Attr1
Spimi implementation	2pts	Attr1
Inverted index	1pt	Attr1
Memory size limitation	1pt	Attr5
Dictionary compression	2pts	Attr1
single keyword query	1pt	Attr1
multiple keyword AND query	1pt	Attr1
multiple keyword OR query	1pt	Attr1

## Memory limitation simulation:

A way to artificially reduce memory size:

Make two parameters to your code: (1) the memory size and (2) the block size

```
Python: use
```

```
...if (sys.getsizeof(blockContent)/1024/1024) \geq blockSizeLimit ...
```

# docID hint

. . .

Use the NEWID values from the Reuters corpus to make your retrieval comparable.