# XQuery and XPath Solutions

# Kisalay Ghosh

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# 1 Solutions

# Question 1

### XPath:

```
doc("../world.xml")//country[name="Croatia"]/
    government
```

# Question 2

#### XPath:

# Question 3

### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country
where contains($c/government, "monarchy")
return <result>{$c/name, $c/government}</result>
```

### Question 4

#### XPath:

```
let $max := max(doc("../world.xml")//country/provinces
)
return doc("../world.xml")//country[provinces=$max]/
    name
```

### Question 5

#### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country[continent="
    Europe"]
where $c/area > 75000
return <result>{$c/name, $c/area}</result>
```

### Question 6

### XQuery:

# Question 7

### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country
where count($c/border) >= 5
return $c/name
```

### Question 8

### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country[continent="Asia
    "]
order by $c/area descending
return <result>{$c/name, $c/area}</result>
```

# Question 9

#### XQuery:

```
let $max := max(doc("../world.xml")//country/
   ethnic_groups)
return doc("../world.xml")//country[ethnic_groups=$max
]/name
```

### Question 10

#### XQuery:

```
let $maxGDP := max(for $c in doc("../world.xml")//
    country where $c/gdp_total and $c/population return
    $c/gdp_total div $c/population)
return doc("../world.xml")//country[($gdp_total div
    population) = $maxGDP]/name
```

### Question 11

### XQuery:

```
let $minLake := min(for $1 in doc("../world.xml")//
    lake where count($1/borders/country) >= 3 return $1
    /area)
return doc("../world.xml")//lake[area=$minLake]/name
```

### Question 12

### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country[EU_member="true
    "]
where $c/area > 500000
return $c/name
```

### Question 13

#### XQuery:

```
for $0 in doc("../world.xml")//organization
where starts-with($0/name, "A")
return $0/name
```

# Question 14

### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country
where $c/population > 20000000 and $c/
   population_growth < 0
return <result>{$c/name, $c/population, $c/
   population_growth}</result>
```

### Question 15

#### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country
let $religion := $c/religions/religion[contains(., "
    Anglican")][1]
where $religion and max($c/religions/religion/
    percentage) = $religion/percentage
return <result>{$c/name, $religion, $religion/
    percentage}
```

### Question 16

### XQuery:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country
where $c/inflation < 2
return <result>{$c/name, $c/inflation}</result>
```

### Question 17

### XQuery:

```
for $1 in doc("../world.xml")//lake[country="Zambia"]
where $1/area
return <result>{$1/name, $1/area}</result>
```

### Question 18

#### XQuery:

```
let $avgHeight := avg(doc("../world.xml")//mountain/
    height)
for $m in doc("../world.xml")//mountain
where $m/height > $avgHeight
return <result>{$m/name, $m/height}</result>
```

### **Bonus Questions**

#### Bonus 1:

```
for $r in doc("../world.xml")//river
where $r/length > 3000 and count($r/country) >= 3
return <result>{$r/name, $r/length, count($r/country)
}</result>
```

#### Bonus 2:

```
for $c in doc("../world.xml")//country
let $most_spoken := max($c/languages/language/
    percentage)
where count($c/languages/language) > 3 and
    $most_spoken > 60
return <result>{$c/name, count($c/languages/language),
    $most_spoken}
```