# Assignment Solution 1- HPC

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#### Problem 1

Do you have a smartphone?

a. How many processors does it have? How many cores?

Answer: The iPhone 11 has the A13 Bionic chip with 6 cores.

b. How much main memory?

Answer: The iPhone 11 has 4 GB of RAM.

c. What kind of GPU does it have?

Answer: The iPhone 11 has a 4-core GPU designed by Apple.

d. What are the FLOPS for the smartphone?

Answer: The A13 Bionic delivers approximately **1.8 TFLOPS**. Compared to the fastest machines of 2019, such as the Summit supercomputer (148.6 PFLOPS), the iPhone 11 is far behind.

### Problem 2

Comparison of Computers A and B

a. Which computer is faster for this program?

Steps:

Clock cycle of Computer A: 1 ns =  $10^{-9}$  seconds.

Clock cycle of Computer B:  $600 \text{ ps} = 600 \times 10^{-12} \text{ seconds.}$ 

Instructions per cycle for A: 2, so execution time per instruction:  $\frac{1 \text{ ns}}{2} = 0.5 \text{ ns}.$ 

Instructions per cycle for B: 1.25, so execution time per instruction:  $\frac{600 \text{ ps}}{1.25} = 480 \text{ ps} = 0.48 \text{ ns}.$ 

**Answer:** Computer B is faster as its execution time per instruction (0.48 ns) is less than Computer A (0.5 ns).

1

b. What if Computer B required 10% more instructions than Computer A? Steps:

Adjusted instructions for Computer B:  $1.1 \times N$ , where N is the number of instructions for A. Adjusted execution time for Computer B:  $0.48 \text{ ns} \times 1.1 = 0.528 \text{ ns}$ .

**Answer:** In this case, Computer A is faster as its execution time (0.5 ns) is less than Computer B (0.528 ns).

## Problem 3

Peak Performance and Efficiency

a. How many GFlops/s did the application attain?Steps:

Total FLOPS computed: 15 TFLOPS = 15,000 GFLOPS. Time taken: 1 hour = 3600 seconds. Attained GFlops/s:  $\frac{15,000}{3600} = 4.17$  GFLOPS/s.

b. Which efficiency did it achieve?
Steps:

Efficiency: 
$$\frac{\text{Attained GFlops/s}}{\text{Peak GFlops/s}} = \frac{4.17}{8} = 0.52125 = 52.13\%.$$

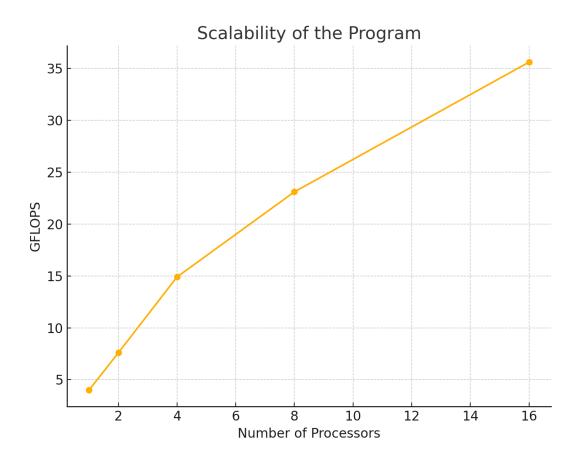
Answer: The application attained 4.17 GFLOPS/s with an efficiency of 52.13%.

# Problem 4

Scalability and Parallel Efficiency

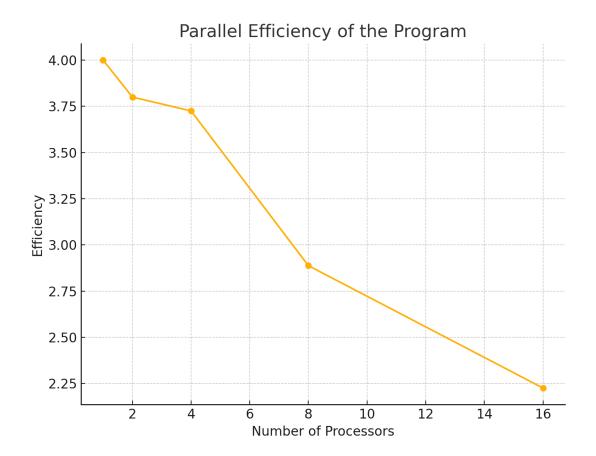
a. Scalability of the program (speedup vs. number of processors)Steps:

Processors: {1, 2, 4, 8, 16}, GFLOPS: {4.0, 7.6, 14.9, 23.1, 35.6}.



b. Parallel efficiency attained (parallel efficiency vs. number of processors)
Steps:

Efficiency: 
$$\frac{\text{GFLOPS}}{\text{Processors}} = \{4.0, 3.8, 3.725, 2.8875, 2.225\}.$$



Please refer to the definition of parallel efficiency at this link.