

1 P(x)

Приведём константы в соответствие

$$D = E + 4\pi P = \epsilon_0 E, \quad \epsilon_0 \gg 1, \Rightarrow E \approx \frac{4\pi}{\epsilon_0} P \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{4\pi}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\xi_T = \xi_T^1 \frac{1}{\beta} = \xi \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0}{\epsilon_1}}$$

$$\begin{cases} \xi_T = \xi \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0}{\epsilon_1}} \\ \alpha = \frac{4\pi}{\epsilon_0} \ll 1 \\ \epsilon_1 \sim 1 \\ \frac{h}{\xi} \gg 1 \end{cases}$$

Переходя собственно к решению:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d(E+4\pi P)}{dx} = 0 \\ \frac{1}{\alpha} E = P - \xi_T^2 \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial x^2} \\ D = 4\pi\sigma \\ P(-h) = P(h) = 0 \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

$$E = D - 4\pi P \quad (1.2)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial x^2} - \frac{(4\pi/\alpha + 1)}{\xi_T^2} P = -\frac{1}{\alpha \xi_T^2} D \quad (1.3)$$

$$P(x) = A_1 e^{\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} x} + A_2 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} x} + \frac{1}{4\pi + \alpha} D \quad (1.4)$$

$$\begin{cases} P(-h) = 0 = A_1 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h} + A_2 e^{\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h} + \frac{1}{4\pi + \alpha} D \\ P(h) = 0 = A_1 e^{\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h} + A_2 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h} + \frac{1}{4\pi + \alpha} D \end{cases} \quad (1.5)$$

$$A_1 = A_2 = -\frac{D}{(4\pi + \alpha) \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)}$$

$$P(x) = \frac{D}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - \frac{\operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} x\right)}{\operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \right] = \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - e^{\frac{x-h}{\sqrt{\epsilon_1}\xi}} \right] \quad (1.6)$$

2 ϵ_{eff} energy

$$E(x) = D - 4\pi P = \frac{4\pi D}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} + \frac{\text{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} x\right)}{\text{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \right] \quad (2.1)$$

$$W = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int_{-h}^h E(x) D dx = \frac{4\pi(4\pi\sigma)^2}{8\pi(4\pi + \alpha)} \left[2\alpha h \frac{1}{4\pi} + \frac{1}{\text{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \int_{-h}^h \text{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} x\right) dx \right] \quad (2.2)$$

$$= \frac{(4\pi\sigma)^2}{(4\pi + \alpha)} \left[\alpha h/4\pi + \frac{\xi_T}{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right) \right] \quad (2.3)$$

С другой стороны

$$W = \frac{4\pi\sigma^2}{\epsilon_{eff}} h \quad (2.4)$$

$$\frac{4\pi\sigma^2}{\epsilon_{eff}} h = \frac{(4\pi\sigma)^2}{(4\pi + \alpha)} \left[\alpha h/4\pi + \frac{\xi_T}{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right) \right] \quad (2.5)$$

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon_{eff}} = \frac{4\pi}{(4\pi + \alpha)} \left[\alpha/4\pi + \frac{\xi_T/h}{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right) \right] \quad (2.6)$$

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon_{eff}} = \frac{1}{(1 + \alpha/4\pi)} \left[\alpha/4\pi + \frac{\xi_T/h}{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right) \right] \quad (2.7)$$

$$\epsilon_{eff} = \frac{1 + \frac{\alpha}{4\pi}}{\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} + \frac{\xi_T}{h} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \approx \frac{\epsilon_0}{1 + \epsilon_0 \frac{\xi_T}{h} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_0}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \approx \frac{\epsilon_0}{1 + \epsilon_0 \frac{\xi}{h} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_1}}{\xi} h\right)} \quad (2.8)$$

$$\epsilon_{eff} \approx \frac{\epsilon_0}{1 + \frac{\epsilon_0}{\sqrt{\epsilon_1}} \frac{\xi}{h}} \quad (2.9)$$

3 $\epsilon_{eff} \langle P \rangle$

$$\langle P \rangle = \frac{1}{2h} \int_{-h}^h \frac{D}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - \frac{\text{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} x\right)}{\text{ch}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \right] dx = \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi + \alpha} \left(1 - \frac{\xi_T}{h\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \tanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right) \right) \approx \quad (3.1)$$

$$\approx \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - \frac{\xi_T}{h\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \right] = \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - \frac{\xi\sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0}{\epsilon_1}}}{h\sqrt{\epsilon_0+1}} \right] \approx \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - \frac{\xi}{h\sqrt{\epsilon_1}} \right] \quad (3.2)$$

$$\begin{cases} \langle D \rangle = \langle E \rangle + 4\pi \langle P \rangle \\ \langle D \rangle = \epsilon_{eff} \langle E \rangle \end{cases} \quad (3.3)$$

$$\epsilon_{eff} = \frac{D}{D - 4\pi \langle P \rangle} = \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi\sigma - 4\pi \frac{4\pi\sigma}{4\pi + \alpha} \left[1 - \frac{\xi_T}{h\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \tanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right) \right]} = \frac{4\pi + \alpha}{\alpha + 4\pi \frac{\xi_T}{h\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \tanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} = \quad (3.4)$$

$$= \frac{1 + \frac{\alpha}{4\pi}}{\frac{\alpha}{4\pi} + \frac{\xi_T}{h\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}} \text{th}\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\pi/\alpha+1}}{\xi_T} h\right)} \text{ что совпадает с ответом через эннергию} \quad (3.5)$$