1 K(x)

$$\beta = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_1}{\epsilon_0}}$$

$$\epsilon(q) = \epsilon_1 \epsilon_0 \frac{1 + (q\xi)^2}{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_0 (q\xi)^2}$$

$$K(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \epsilon_0 \epsilon_1 \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1 + (q\xi)^2}{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_0 (q\xi)} e^{iqx} dq =$$

$$= \frac{\epsilon_1}{2\pi} \int e^{iqx} (1 + \frac{\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1}{\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_0 (q\xi)^2}) dq =$$

$$= \epsilon_1 \delta(x) + (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) \frac{\beta}{2\xi} e^{-\beta \frac{|x|}{\epsilon}}$$

2 D(x)

Let's pretend that
$$E(x) = E_0 + E_1 e^{\frac{x-h}{\xi}} + E_1 e^{\frac{-x-h}{\xi}} = E_0 + 2E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi})$$

$$D(x) = \int_{-h}^{h} K(x - x') E(x') dx' = \int_{-h}^{h} \left(\epsilon_1 \delta(x - x') + \frac{\beta}{2\xi} (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) e^{-\beta \frac{|x - x'|}{\xi}} \right) \left(E_0 + 2E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) \right)$$

2.1 D_1

$$D_1(x) = \int \epsilon_1 \delta(x - x') \left(E_0 + E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) \right) = \epsilon_1 E_0 + \epsilon_1 E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi})$$

2.2 D_2

$$D_{2}(x) = \frac{\beta}{2\xi} (\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1}) E_{0} \int \operatorname{sgn}(x - x') e^{-\beta \frac{|x - x'|}{\epsilon}} dx' =$$

$$= \frac{\beta}{2\xi} (\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1}) E_{0} \left[\int_{-h}^{x} \exp(-\beta \frac{x - x'}{\xi}) dx' + \int_{x}^{h} \exp(\beta \frac{x - x'}{\xi}) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{\beta}{2\xi} (\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1}) E_{0} \left[e^{-\beta \frac{x}{\xi}} \frac{\xi}{\beta} \left(e^{\beta \frac{x}{\xi}} - e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} \right) - e^{\beta \frac{x}{\xi}} \frac{\xi}{\beta} \left(e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} - e^{-\beta \frac{x}{\xi}} \right) \right] =$$

$$= (\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1}) E_{0} \left(1 - e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch} \left(\beta \frac{x}{\xi} \right) \right)$$

2.3 D_3

$$\begin{split} D_{3}(x) &= \frac{\beta}{2\xi}(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \int_{-h}^{+h} e^{-\beta\frac{|x-x'|}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{x'}{\xi}\right) dx' = \\ &= \frac{\beta}{4\xi}(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[e^{-\beta\frac{x}{\xi}} \int_{-h}^{x} \left(e^{\frac{x'}{\xi}(1+\beta)} + e^{\frac{x'}{\xi}(\beta-1)} \right) dx' + e^{\beta\frac{x}{\xi}} \int_{x}^{h} \left(e^{\frac{x'}{\xi}(1-\beta)} + e^{-\frac{h'}{\xi}(1+\beta)} \right) dx' \right] = \\ &= \frac{\beta}{4\xi}(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[e^{-\beta\frac{x}{\xi}} \left(\frac{\xi}{1+\beta} \left\{ e^{\frac{x}{\xi}(1+\beta)} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta)} \right\} + \frac{\xi}{\beta-1} \left\{ e^{\frac{x}{\xi}(\beta-1)} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(\beta-1)} \right\} \right) + \\ &+ e^{\beta\frac{x}{\xi}} \left(\frac{\xi}{1-\beta} \left\{ e^{\frac{h}{\xi}(1-\beta)} - e^{\frac{x}{\xi}(1-\beta)} \right\} - \frac{\xi}{\beta+1} \left\{ e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta)} - e^{-\frac{x}{\xi}(1+\beta)} \right\} \right) \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{4}\beta(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[\frac{1}{1+\beta} \left(e^{\frac{x}{\xi}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta) - \beta\frac{x}{\xi}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta) + \beta\frac{x}{\xi}} + e^{-\frac{x}{\xi}} \right) + \frac{1}{\beta-1} \left(e^{-\frac{x}{\xi}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(\beta-1) - \beta\frac{x}{\xi}} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(\beta-1) + \beta\frac{x}{\xi}} + e^{\frac{x}{\xi}} \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{4}\beta(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[\frac{2}{1+\beta} \left(\operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) - \operatorname{ch}(\beta\frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta)} \right) - \frac{2}{1-\beta} \left(\operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) - \operatorname{ch}(\beta\frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(\beta-1)} \right) \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{4}\beta(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[-\frac{4\beta}{1-\beta^{2}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) - 2\operatorname{ch}(\beta\frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta\frac{h}{\xi}} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta)} - e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(\beta-1)}}{1-\beta^{2}} \right) \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{4}\beta(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[-\frac{4\beta}{1-\beta^{2}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) - 2\operatorname{ch}(\beta\frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta\frac{h}{\xi}} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}(1+\beta)} - 2\beta\operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi})}{1-\beta^{2}} \right) \right] = \\ &= \frac{1}{4}\beta(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[-\beta\operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) + \operatorname{ch}(\beta\frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta\frac{h}{\xi}} \left(\operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) + \beta\operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) \right) \right] = \\ &= \frac{\beta}{1-\beta^{2}}(\epsilon_{0} - \epsilon_{1})E_{1}e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[-\beta\operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) + \operatorname{ch}(\beta\frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta\frac{h}{\xi}} \left(\operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) + \beta\operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

2.4D(x)

$$\begin{split} D(x) &= D_1(x) + D_2(x) + D_3(x) = \\ &= \epsilon_1 E_0 + \epsilon_1 E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) + (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) E_0 \left(1 - e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{ch}\left(\beta \frac{x}{\xi}\right) \right) + \\ &+ \frac{\beta}{1 - \beta^2} (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[-\beta \operatorname{ch}(\frac{x}{\xi}) + \operatorname{ch}(\beta \frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} \left(\operatorname{sh}(\frac{h}{\xi}) + \beta \operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) \right) \right] \end{split}$$

 $3 \quad \frac{d}{dx}D(x) = 0$

$$0 = \epsilon_1 E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{sh}(\frac{x}{\xi}) + (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) E_0 \beta e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} \operatorname{sh}\left(\beta \frac{x}{\xi}\right) + \frac{\beta}{1 - \beta^2} (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) E_1 e^{-\frac{h}{\xi}} \left[-\beta \operatorname{sh}(\frac{x}{\xi}) + \beta \operatorname{sh}(\beta \frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}} \left(\operatorname{sh}(\frac{h}{\xi}) + \beta \operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{\beta^2}{1 - \beta^2} (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) = \frac{\epsilon_1}{1 - \frac{\epsilon_1}{\epsilon_0}} (\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) = \epsilon_1$$

$$0 = \left[(\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) E_0 \beta + \epsilon_1 E_1 \left(\operatorname{sh}(\frac{h}{\xi}) + \beta \operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) \right) \right] \operatorname{sh}(\beta \frac{x}{\xi}) e^{-\beta \frac{h}{\xi}}$$

$$E_1 = -\frac{(\epsilon_0 - \epsilon_1) \beta}{\epsilon_1 \left(\operatorname{sh}(\frac{h}{\xi}) + \beta \operatorname{ch}(\frac{h}{\xi}) \right)} E_0$$