

Transport for London (API & Documentation)



Our Client

Tourist Company

→ Transport of London



Workflow

1. Information Collection

- Big event tomorrow: Air Quality
- Large influx of tourists: Different modes of transport
- Popular: Bike-points (docks), Bus lines and Tube lines (Victoria)
- Heathrow Airport → Tower Bridge?



2. Transport of London API Documentation

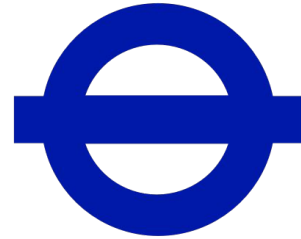


3. Gathered Data and Displayed Information



Components Used

- IDE: Jupyter Lab/ Jupyter Notebooks
- Language: Python & Libraries: requests, JSON, pprint
- TfL API & Documentation



https://api.tfl.gov.uk/

API REFERENCE

AccidentStats

AirQuality

BikePoint

Cabwise

Journey

Line

Mode

Occupancy

Place

Road

Search

StopPoint

TravelTime

Vehicle

GET REQUESTS

- /AirQuality
- /Line/Meta/Modes
- /BikePoint
- /Line/Mode/bus
- /Line/Mode/tube
- /Line/victoria/StopPoints
- /Journey/JourneyResults
/{from}/to/{to}

```
def tfl_api(endpoint_method):  
    base_url = "https://api.tfl.gov.uk"  
    endpoint_url = base_url + endpoint_method  
    res = requests.get(endpoint_url)  
  
    if res.status_code != 200:  
        print(f'Error with status code: {status_code}')  
    data = res.json()  
    return data  
  
tfl_api("/AirQuality")
```

What Was Achieved and How

Business Requirement 1: What are the different modes of transport which are operated by Transport for London? How many of modes do they have?

```
# Using GET /Line/Meta/Modes in Lines section of TfL API  
modes = tfl_api('/Line/Meta/Modes')  
JSON(modes)
```

```
# return a list of modes of transport AND number of different modes  
# iterate through a list of dictionaries  
# append mode-name to mode list
```

```
mode_list = []
```

```
for i in modes:  
    mode_list.append(i['modeName'])
```

```
print(mode_list)  
print(f"Number of different modes of transport is: {len(mode_list)}")
```

['bus', 'cable-car', 'coach', 'cycle',
'cycle-hire', 'dlr',
'interchange-keep-sitting',
'interchange-secure', 'national-rail',
'overground', 'replacement-bus',
'river-bus', 'river-tour', 'taxi', 'tflrail',
'tram', 'tube', 'walking']

Number of different modes of
transport is: 18

Business Requirement 2: Print the Air Quality predictions for tomorrow (i.e. Today's date)

```
{ '$id': '3',  
  '$type': 'Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities.CurrentForecast',  
    'Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities',  
  'forecastBand': 'Moderate',  
  'forecastID': '34838',  
  'forecastSummary': 'Moderate air pollution forecast valid from Friday 14 '  
    'January to end of Friday 14 January GMT',  
  'forecastText': 'Fine and settled, with some sunshine by day but with '  
    'overnight frosts and stubborn fog patches readily '  
    'developing, and perhaps staying for lengthy periods in '  
    'some areas and suppressing temperatures. Very little wind '  
    'expected.<br/> <br/>These settled, still and '  
    'foggy conditions could lead to a build up of local '  
    'pollutants with Moderate levels of Particulates and '  
    'possibly Nitrogen Dioxide being reached at some busy '  
    'roadside and industrial locations. '  
    '<br/><br/>Overall, air pollution is expected '  
    'to remain &#39;Low&#39; throughout the forecast period '  
    'for the following '  
    'pollutants:<br/><br/>Ozone<br/>Sulphur '  
    'Dioxide<br/><br/><br/><br/>',  
  'forecastType': 'Future',  
  'nO2Band': 'Moderate',  
  'o3Band': 'Low',  
  'pM10Band': 'Moderate',  
  'pM25Band': 'Moderate',  
  'sO2Band': 'Low'}
```

Endpoint Method Used:
/AirQuality



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Business Requirement 3: How many BikePoints in London are operated by Transport for London? How many docks are in all BikePoints?

Number of Bikepoints operated by Transport of London: 788

Number of Docks in all BikePoints: 31587

Endpoint Method Used:
/BikePoints

**** Challenging!!



Business Requirement 4: How many tube and bus lines are in London? List names of all tube lines.

Names of all tube lines:

Bakerloo

Central

Circle

District

Hammersmith & City

Jubilee

Metropolitan

Northern

Piccadilly

Victoria

Waterloo & City

Number of tube lines in London: 11

Number of bus lines in London: 678

Total number of tubes plus bus lines: 689

Endpoint Method Used:

- /Line/Mode/bus
- /Line/Mode/tube



Business Requirement 5: How many station has victoria line?

Number of stations that
have the Victoria line:
16

Endpoint Method Used:
`/Line/victoria/StopPoints`



Business Requirement 6: Plan the journey from Heathrow Airport to Tower Bridge using Bus and Tube. Which way is faster? (con't)



Business Requirement 6: Plan the journey from Heathrow Airport to Tower Bridge using Bus and Tube. Which way is faster?

```
# Using GET /Journey/JourneyResults/{from}/to/{to} in Journey Planner section of TfL API
# *** Did not use the tfl_api user-defined function as I used params here
url7 = "https://api.tfl.gov.uk/Journey/JourneyResults/1008026/to/1013744"

res7 = requests.get(url7, params = {"mode" : "bus"})
print(res7.status_code)
journey_bus = res7.json()
JSON(journey_bus)
```

Endpoint Method Used:
/Journey/JourneyResults/
{from}/to/{to}

Planned Duration
Bus: 122 minutes
Tube: 90 minutes



Tube Wins!!!

Challenges

1. API Key Access

2. Bikepoints - Data not clean?



```
# return the number of bikepoints; use counter variable
# return the number of docks in all Bikepoints; use counter variable
# iterate through a list of dictionaries and dictionaries of that dictionary

total_bike_points = 0
total_docks = 0

for i in bike_points:
    try:
        for j in i["additionalProperties"]:
            if (j["key"] == "NbEmptyDocks" or j["key"] == "NbDocks") and j["value"].isdigit():
                total_docks += int(j["value"])
            except TypeError as e:
                print(e)
                print('Data may not be clean')

        total_bike_points += 1

print(f"Number of Bikepoints operated by Transport of London: {total_bike_points}")
print(f"Number of Docks in all BikePoints: {total_docks}")

string indices must be integers
Data may not be clean
Number of Bikepoints operated by Transport of London: 788
Number of Docks in all BikePoints: 1587
```

Challenges (con't)

3. Journey Planner - Disambiguation, Parameters

<https://api.tfl.gov.uk/Journey/JourneyResults/HeathrowAirport/to/TowerBridge>

```
{
  "$type": "Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities.JourneyPlanner.DisambiguationResult, Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities",
  "toLocationDisambiguation": {
    "$type": "Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities.JourneyPlanner.Disambiguation, Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities",
    "disambiguationOptions": [
      {
        "$type": "Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities.JourneyPlanner.DisambiguationOption, Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities",
        "parameterValue": "51.50599630145,-0.07502752221",
        "uri": "/journey/journeyresults/heathrowairport/to/51.50599630145,-0.07502752221",
        "place": {
          "$type": "Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities.Place, Tfl.Api.Presentation.Entities",
          "url": "/Place/",
          "commonName": "City of London, Tower Bridge",
          "placeType": "StopPoint",
          "additionalProperties": [],
          "lat": 51.50599630145,
          "lon": -0.07502752220999999
        },
        "matchQuality": 913
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

```
# Using GET /Journey/JourneyResults/{from}/to/{to} in Journey Planner section of TfL API
# *** Did not use the tfl_api user-defined function as I used params here
url7 = "https://api.tfl.gov.uk/Journey/JourneyResults/1008026/to/1013744"
```

```
res7 = requests.get(url7, params = {"mode": "bus"})
print(res7.status_code)
journey_bus = res7.json()
JSON(journey_bus)
```

The End!

Thank you!

