

Regression Analysis

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```
# Machine Learning Project#1
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# Due date : Nov. 20, 2017
```

```
#####
#####          BIKE DATA          #####
#####
# Regression Analysis implementation from Scratch
# Bike Daset where output is numerical
# For the Bike Data set the following attributes were selected :
##### (1) Season
##### (2) Holiday
##### (3) Weekday
##### (4) Weather situation
##### (5) total rentals

# Dataset sourced from : https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Bike+Sharing+Dataset
setwd("C:/Users/Kisha/Downloads")
Bikedata <- read.csv("day.csv",header=TRUE)
head(Bikedata)
```

```
##   instant      dteday season yr mnth holiday weekday workingday weathersit
## 1         1 2011-01-01      1  0   1         0         6         0         2
## 2         2 2011-01-02      1  0   1         0         0         0         2
## 3         3 2011-01-03      1  0   1         0         1         1         1
## 4         4 2011-01-04      1  0   1         0         2         1         1
## 5         5 2011-01-05      1  0   1         0         3         1         1
## 6         6 2011-01-06      1  0   1         0         4         1         1
##      temp      atemp      hum windspeed casual registered cnt
## 1 0.344167 0.363625 0.805833 0.1604460    331         654 985
## 2 0.363478 0.353739 0.696087 0.2485390    131         670 801
## 3 0.196364 0.189405 0.437273 0.2483090    120        1229 1349
## 4 0.200000 0.212122 0.590435 0.1602960    108        1454 1562
## 5 0.226957 0.229270 0.436957 0.1869000     82        1518 1600
## 6 0.204348 0.233209 0.518261 0.0895652     88        1518 1606
```

```
summary(Bikedata)
```

```
##      instant      dteday      season      yr
## Min.   : 1.0    2011-01-01: 1   Min.   :1.000   Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:183.5   2011-01-02: 1   1st Qu.:2.000   1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :366.0   2011-01-03: 1   Median :3.000   Median :1.0000
## Mean   :366.0   2011-01-04: 1   Mean   :2.497   Mean   :0.5007
## 3rd Qu.:548.5   2011-01-05: 1   3rd Qu.:3.000   3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.   :731.0   2011-01-06: 1   Max.   :4.000   Max.   :1.0000
##      (Other) :725
##      mnth      holiday      weekday      workingday
## Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :0.00000   Min.   :0.000   Min.   :0.000
## 1st Qu.: 4.00   1st Qu.:0.00000   1st Qu.:1.000   1st Qu.:0.000
## Median : 7.00   Median :0.00000   Median :3.000   Median :1.000
## Mean   : 6.52   Mean   :0.02873   Mean   :2.997   Mean   :0.684
## 3rd Qu.:10.00   3rd Qu.:0.00000   3rd Qu.:5.000   3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max.   :12.00   Max.   :1.00000   Max.   :6.000   Max.   :1.000
##
##      weathersit      temp      atemp      hum
## Min.   :1.000   Min.   :0.05913   Min.   :0.07907   Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:1.000   1st Qu.:0.33708   1st Qu.:0.33784   1st Qu.:0.5200
## Median :1.000   Median :0.49833   Median :0.48673   Median :0.6267
## Mean   :1.395   Mean   :0.49538   Mean   :0.47435   Mean   :0.6279
## 3rd Qu.:2.000   3rd Qu.:0.65542   3rd Qu.:0.60860   3rd Qu.:0.7302
## Max.   :3.000   Max.   :0.86167   Max.   :0.84090   Max.   :0.9725
##
##      windspeed      casual      registered      cnt
## Min.   :0.02239   Min.   : 2.0    Min.   : 20    Min.   : 22
## 1st Qu.:0.13495   1st Qu.:315.5   1st Qu.:2497   1st Qu.:3152
## Median :0.18097   Median :713.0   Median :3662   Median :4548
## Mean   :0.19049   Mean   :848.2   Mean   :3656   Mean   :4504
## 3rd Qu.:0.23321   3rd Qu.:1096.0   3rd Qu.:4776   3rd Qu.:5956
## Max.   :0.50746   Max.   :3410.0   Max.   :6946   Max.   :8714
##
```

```
#####      EXPLORATION      #####
## Used to select attributes with the highest correlation
```

```
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
myBike_factors <- dummyVars(" ~ .", data = Bikedata)
ExploreBike <- data.frame(predict(myBike_factors, Bikedata))
class(ExploreBike)
```

```
## [1] "data.frame"
```

```
explorecor <- cor(ExploreBike)
```

```
explorecor["cnt","season"]
```

```
## [1] 0.4061004
```

```
explorecor["cnt","yr"]
```

```
## [1] 0.5667097
```

```
explorecor["cnt","mnth"]
```

```
## [1] 0.2799771
```

```
explorecor["cnt","holiday"]
```

```
## [1] -0.06834772
```

```
explorecor["cnt","weekday"]
```

```
## [1] 0.06744341
```

```
explorecor["cnt","workingday"]
```

```
## [1] 0.06115606
```

```
explorecor["cnt","weathersit"]
```

```
## [1] -0.2973912
```

```
explorecor["cnt","hum"]
```

```
## [1] -0.1006586
```

```
explorecor["cnt","windspeed"]
```

```
## [1] -0.234545
```

```
explorecor["cnt","casual"]
```

```
## [1] 0.6728044
```

```
explorecor["cnt","registered"]
```

```
## [1] 0.9455169
```

```
explorecor["cnt","temp"]
```

```
## [1] 0.627494
```

```
explorecor["cnt","atemp"]
```

```
## [1] 0.6310657
```

```
## Based on exploration the following attributes were selected
```

```
#Attribute : Temperature "aTemp" Normalized temperature in Celsius. The values are derived via  
(t-t_min)/(t_max-t_min), t_min=-8, t_max=+39 (only in hourly scale)
```

```
#Attribute : season
```

```
#Attribute : Weather situation
```

```
#Attribute : Windspeed
```

```
#Attribute : total rentals "cnt"
```

```
myBikedata <- data.frame(Bikedata$atemp,Bikedata$season,Bikedata$weathersit,Bikedata$windspeed,Bikedata$cnt)
```

```
colnames(Bikedata)
```

```
## [1] "instant"    "dteday"     "season"     "yr"         "mnth"  
## [6] "holiday"    "weekday"    "workingday" "weathersit"  "temp"  
## [11] "atemp"      "hum"        "windspeed" "casual"     "registered"  
## [16] "cnt"
```

```
mycormat_Bikedata <- cor(myBikedata)
```

```
#install.packages("ggcorrplot")
```

```
library(ggcorrplot)
```

```
# method = "circle"
```

```
ggcorrplot(mycormat_Bikedata, method = "circle")
```



```

#### Observed Dependencies
#### After exploration
##### The following correlation observations were made
##### The attributes with the highest correlation were
#####
##### Temp & Cnt : positive cor of 0.631
#####
##### Season & Cnt : positive cor of 0.406

##### Weather situation & Cnt : negative cor of 0.297
#### Windspeed & Cnt : neg. cor of -0.235

##### Windspeed & Cnt : negative cor of 0.2345
##### Othe observations included :
#### Low to moderate cor b/w atemp & the following:
##### (i) season : pos cor of 0.34
#### (ii) weather situation : neg cor of -0.12
#### (iii) windspeed : neg cor of -0.184

#### Low to moderate cor b/w season & the foll. :
#### (i) windspeed : -0.229

#### Applying multivariate regresson analysis
# soving for parameters w in  $w = (X^T X)^{-1} \cdot X^T r$ 
#where  $X^T$  rep.  $X$  transpose and  $^{-1}$  represents inverse and  $r$  rep. the output value
# we will apply this to the entire training dataset

# Spliting data set into training and test set
dim(myBikedata)

```

```
## [1] 731 5
```

```

bike_rn <- nrow(myBikedata)
bike_cn <- ncol(myBikedata)
Tr_nrows <- round(0.75*bike_rn,digit=0)
BikeInput_Tr <- myBikedata[1:Tr_nrows,-bike_cn]
dim(BikeInput_Tr)

```

```
## [1] 548 4
```

```

myBikedata_Tr <- myBikedata[1:Tr_nrows,]
dim(myBikedata_Tr)

```

```
## [1] 548 5
```

```
myBikedata_Test <- myBikedata[((Tr_nrows + 1):bike_rn),]
dim(myBikedata_Test)
```

```
## [1] 183 5
```

```
colnames(myBikedata_Test)
```

```
## [1] "Bikedata.atemp"      "Bikedata.season"    "Bikedata.weathersit"
## [4] "Bikedata.windspeed" "Bikedata.cnt"
```

```
##add column to input data set to solve for w using training input set
```

```
#BikeInput_Tr_mod <- BikeInput_Tr_mod$col1
BikeInput_Tr_mod <- data.frame(wo_constant=rep(1,nrow(BikeInput_Tr)),BikeInput_Tr)
```

```
head(BikeInput_Tr_mod)
```

```
##   wo_constant Bikedata.atemp Bikedata.season Bikedata.weathersit
## 1           1      0.363625              1              2
## 2           1      0.353739              1              2
## 3           1      0.189405              1              1
## 4           1      0.212122              1              1
## 5           1      0.229270              1              1
## 6           1      0.233209              1              1
##   Bikedata.windspeed
## 1      0.1604460
## 2      0.2485390
## 3      0.2483090
## 4      0.1602960
## 5      0.1869000
## 6      0.0895652
```

```
dim(BikeInput_Tr_mod)
```

```
## [1] 548 5
```

```
colnames(BikeInput_Tr_mod)
```

```
## [1] "wo_constant"      "Bikedata.atemp"    "Bikedata.season"
## [4] "Bikedata.weathersit" "Bikedata.windspeed"
```

```
#applying formula to derive w
r <- myBikedata_Tr[,ncol(myBikedata_Tr)]
head(r)
```

```
## [1] 985 801 1349 1562 1600 1606
```

```
BikeSales <- solve(t(as.matrix(BikeInput_Tr_mod))%*%as.matrix(BikeInput_Tr_mod))%*%t(as.matrix(BikeInput_Tr_mod))%*%(as.matrix(r))
head(BikeInput_Tr_mod)
```

```
##   wo_constant Bikedata.atemp Bikedata.season Bikedata.weathersit
## 1           1         0.363625              1                  2
## 2           1         0.353739              1                  2
## 3           1         0.189405              1                  1
## 4           1         0.212122              1                  1
## 5           1         0.229270              1                  1
## 6           1         0.233209              1                  1
##   Bikedata.windspeed
## 1         0.1604460
## 2         0.2485390
## 3         0.2483090
## 4         0.1602960
## 5         0.1869000
## 6         0.0895652
```

```
dim(BikeSales)
```

```
## [1] 5 1
```

```
head(BikeSales)
```

```
##               [,1]
## wo_constant    2429.81225
## Bikedata.atemp  6661.03345
## Bikedata.season -55.69886
## Bikedata.weathersit -769.00010
## Bikedata.windspeed -1641.08953
```



```

# So, our model is as follows:

# cnt_bikeSales <- 2429.81225+ 6661.03345*atemp-55.69886*season-769.00010*weathersituation
#                               -1641.08953*windspeed

# For testing, dset rep. by myBikedata_Test
# model rep. by BikeSales

sales_predict <- c()
sales_predict<- (as.matrix(myBikedata_Test[, -5]))%*%as.matrix(BikeSales[-1]) + BikeSales[1]

r_test <- myBikedata_Test[,ncol(myBikedata_Test)]

error_cal <- function(msales,actualsales){
  m_rnum <- length(msales)
  error <- rep(0,m_rnum)
  sq_error <- rep(0,m_rnum)

  for (i in 1:m_rnum){
    error[i] <- msales[i] - actualsales[i]
    error[i]
    sq_error[i] <- (error[i])^2
    sq_error[i]
  }#end for loop
  sqrtmeansq_error <- sqrt(((sum(sq_error))/m_rnum))
  return(sqrtmeansq_error);
}#end function

error_model <- error_cal(sales_predict,r_test)
error_ck <- data.frame(sales_predict,r_test)

error_model # root of the mean squared error of all test data based on model predictions

```

```
## [1] 2168.17
```

result is an error of 2168.17 -not good. This means that on average the predictions will be off by about this amount.
 # This could be explained by the fact that the variables used, though the highest from what was available,
 # the correlations were not very strong. Highest was temperature at a pos cor of 0.631 to the response variable.