

IE418 : UX Design for Mobile Applications

Analysis of Mobile Application using essential “Laws Of UX”



Group 11

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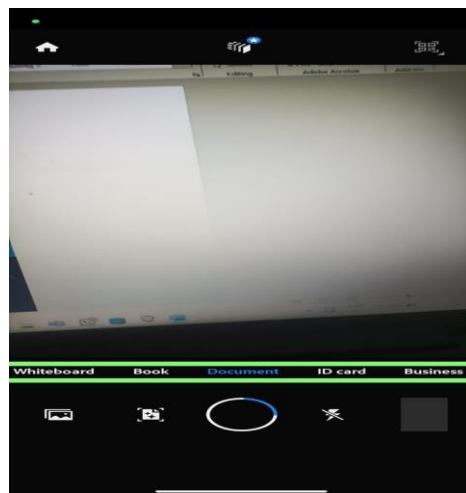
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Mobile Application : “Adobe Scan”

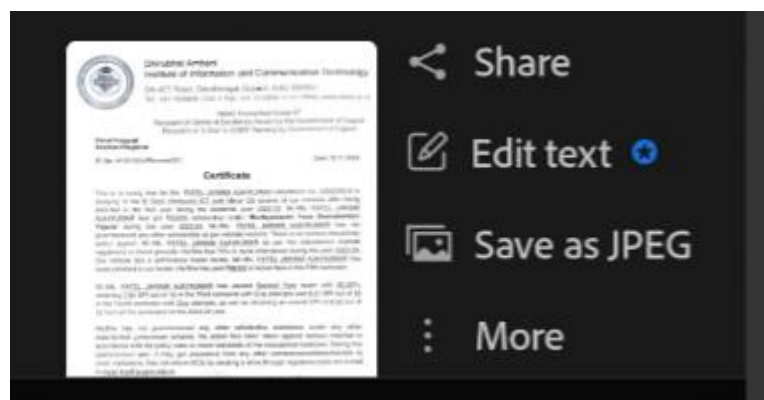
Adobe Scan is an mobile application for scanning and viewing the documents and upload them on the cloud.

1. Hick’s Law : More options = More time to decide .

➔ While scanning any document it shows five different types of options like ID, Books and other 3 , which are generally used options . So there are not so much unnecessary options.

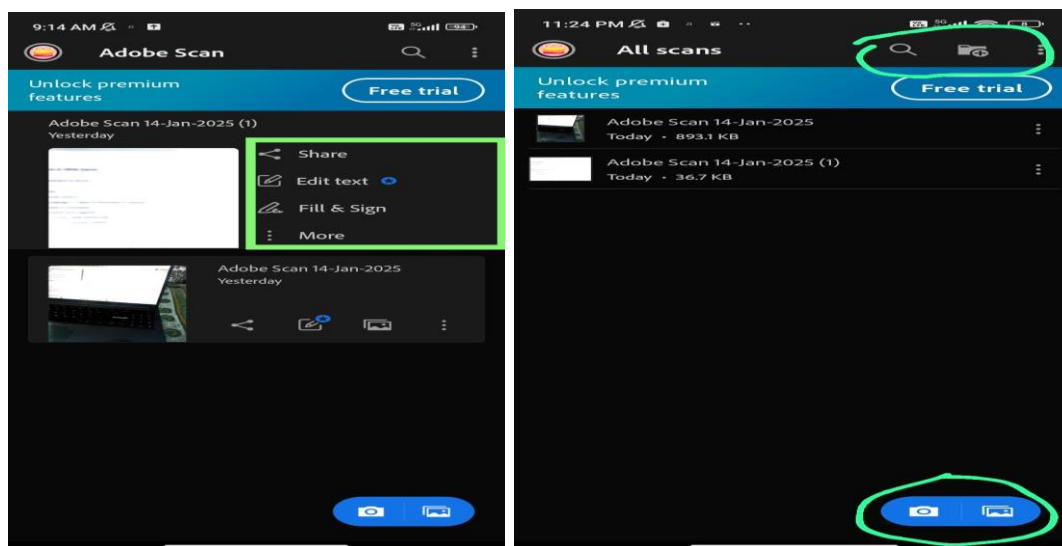


➔ Also very frequently used options like Share, Edit text, Save as JPEG options are directly shown which is good.



2. Fitt's Law : Make it easy to click

➔ Buttons for scanning or choosing images are centrally placed and are large enough which makes them easy to click . Also useful buttons like Share, Edit, Save as JPEG are large and easy to click .

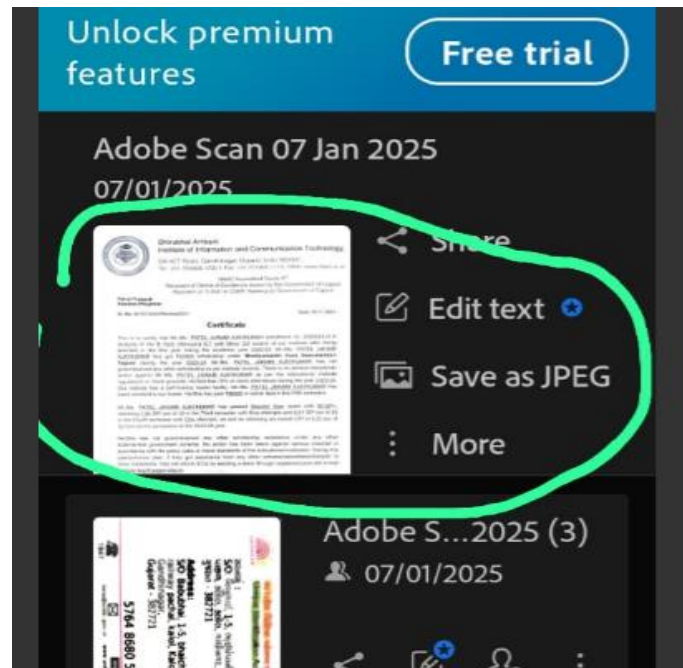


➔ Other buttons like flash light, button to capture image, button to choose images from mobile are large and close which makes them easy to click.

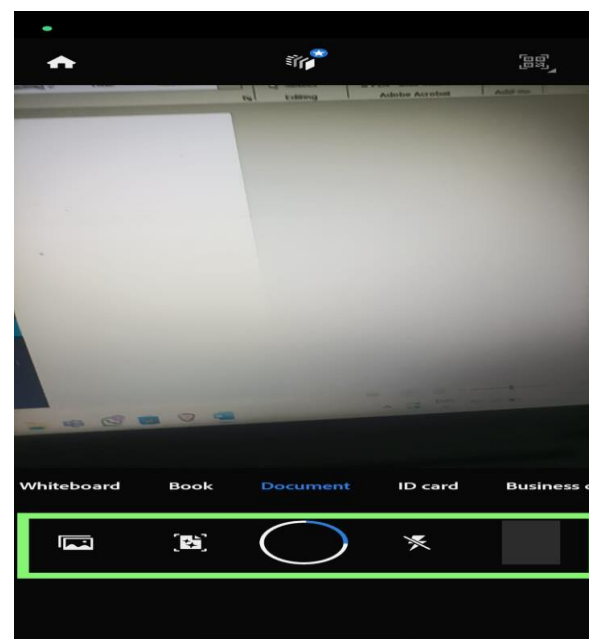
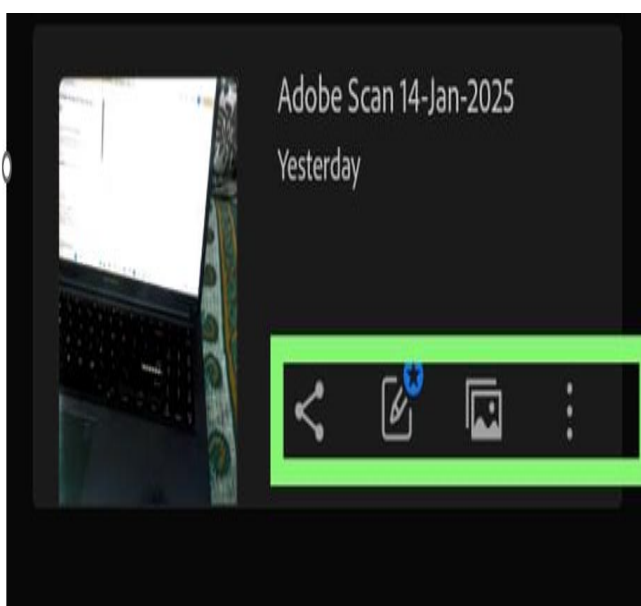


3. Jakob's Law: User prefers familiar patterns

➔ Here the document image is shown in left side and the buttons are shown in right side which is generally preferred by users in any document scanning and viewing applications.

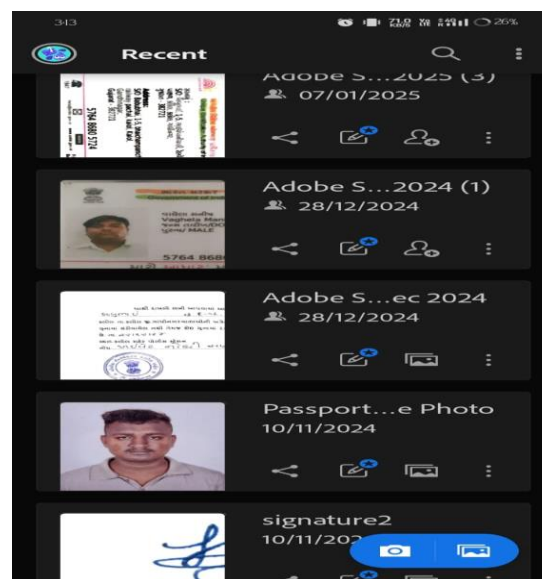


➔ there are also some other familiar patterns and buttons to ensure clarity and prevent any confusion for the users.

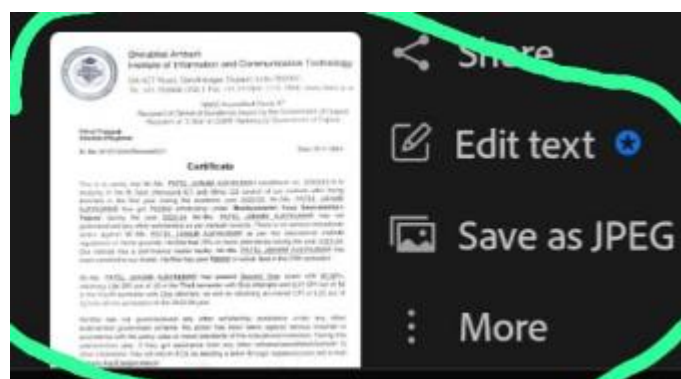


4. Miller's Law: Users can keep 5-7 items of information in memory

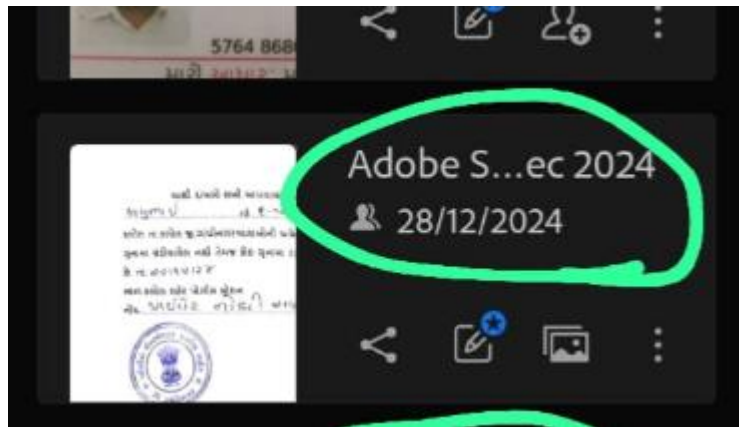
- ➔ Here documents are large enough such that only 4-5 documents can be seen on the mobile screen and also the options related to each document is grouped with it



- ➔ Grouping different actions with simple “More” button reduces clutter of buttons and make it simple

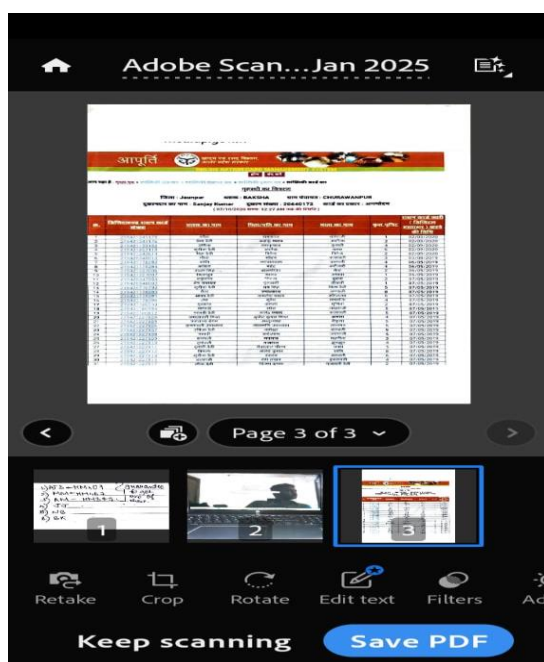


- ➔ Important details like title of the document and dates are shown which makes user to easily find documents.

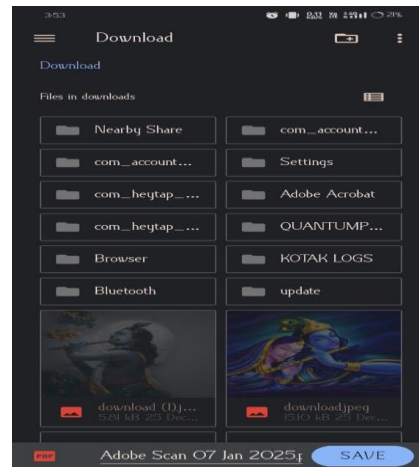
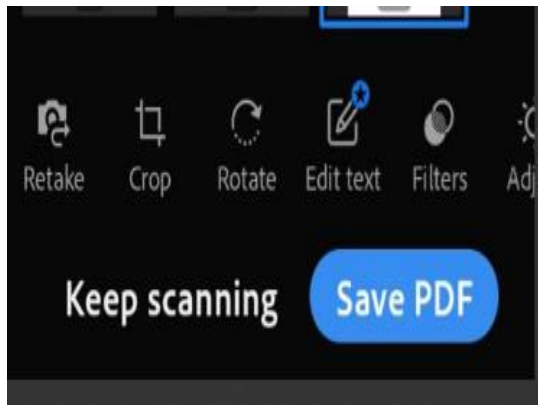


5. Tesler's Law: Some complexity is unavoidable

- ➔ For storing the document on the cloud any user have to create adobe account which is necessary
- ➔ Auto scanning reduces the complexity of cropping, editing, adjusting, filtering but if user wants desired style then user have to edit .

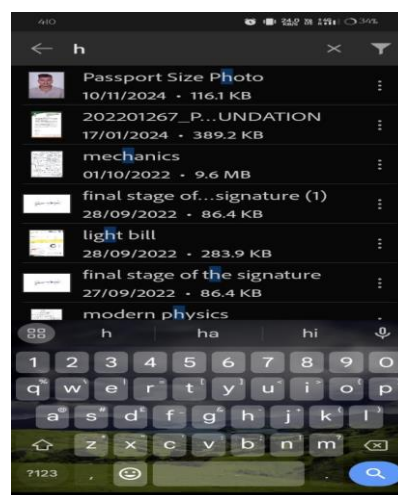


➔ Saving the document can be done only on one click which is good . but if you want to save locally then you have to choose the location you want to save manually.

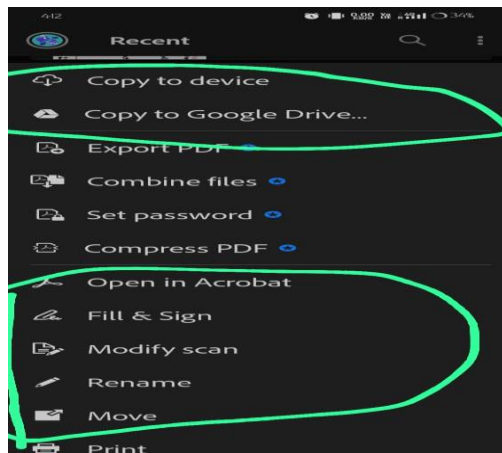


6. Law of Proximity: Group related items together

➔ While searching in the results showing the documents title, date, size of the file are grouped together.



➔ Important actions like actions for modifying and renaming the file , copying the file to another location is grouped together which makes easier to find button for desired action.



7. Peak – End Rule: User remembers the peak and the end

➔ This application does not seem to have any peak or end experience for the user. Even after saving it does not show any message.

8. Asthetic Usability Effect: Beauty improves usability

➔ Making buttons for important actions like “scan” , large and and highlighted redirects user attention towards them and make easy to use application.

➔ Showing buttons for different types actions visually makes user to easily identify which button is for which action .

