INTERNSHIP TRAINING REPORT

A report submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Award of Degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING In ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING By

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Under the guidance of
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DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ADHIYAMAAN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (An Autonomous Institution)

(Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai, Approved by AICTE, Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade-UGC Accredited)

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Thank you all for making this internship a rewarding and memorable experience and for contributing to my professional growth and learning.

Sincerely,

KISHOR KUMAR B

ABSTRACT

Skills and Tools Acquired:

During my internship at **ProcessDrive**, I learned several important skills and tools. I became proficient in Python programming, used the Postman tool for testing and managing APIs, and developed the ability to make and handle HTTP requests with Python. I also gained a good understanding of APIs and how to work with them effectively.

Database Experience:

I learned about MongoDB and performed CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations using Python. However, this knowledge was not applied in my main project during the internship.

Project Work:

A significant project I worked on involved the Gemini API. In this project, I focused on converting images to text and videos to text. I also developed a chat application using Python. I created features to interact with the API and handled data processing directly, without using a database.

Overall Impact:

Through this internship, I successfully created and tested API endpoints and developed Python scripts. This experience greatly enhanced my technical skills and provided valuable knowledge in API integration and project implementation, allowing me to contribute effectively to the team's goals.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report provides an overview of my internship at **ProcessDrive**, where I worked as an intern. During my tenure, I was involved in various Python-related projects. This experience enhanced my understanding of Python programming and improved my skills in working with APIs, MongoDB, and handling data.

INTRODUCTION

PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE OF THIS INTERNSHIP:

The main goal of this internship was to get practical experience in Python programming. It focused on using what I learned in a real-world setting to improve my Python skills and understand how to work with APIs and databases. The internship also aimed to help me communicate and work well with a team.

IMPORTANCE OF THE INTERNSHIP:

This internship was crucial in bridging the gap between academic learning and real-world application, providing valuable insights into the workings of a leading corporation.

DESCRIPTION OF INTERNSHIP ACTIVITIES

TASKS AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

During my internship, I was assigned the following roles and responsibilities:

- **Python Programming**: Wrote and debugged Python code, developing scripts to meet requirements.
- API Handling with Postman: Tested APIs with Postman, ensuring proper functionality and response analysis.
- API Handling in Python: Made HTTP requests with Python, integrating and processing API data.
- **MongoDB CRUD Operations**: Managed MongoDB data with Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations.
- Pattern Programs with Loops: Created and debugged pattern programs using loops.
- Update Project Documentation & Reports.

TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES USED:

- Python: Easy-to-learn programming language for many types of projects.
- Postman: Tool to test and manage APIs easily.
- MongoDB: Database for storing and managing data in a flexible way.
- Visual Studio Code: As the primary code editor.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

- Learned to write code and automate tasks using Python.
- Improved skills in handling lists and dictionaries in Python.
- Tested and managed APIs using Postman.
- Stored and managed data using MongoDB.

SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE GAINED

Technical Skills:

- Proficiency in Python programming.
- Experience with APIs.
- Knowledge of databases.

Soft Skills:

- Improved problem-solving skills by debugging, fixing issues, and optimizing code.
- Learned to prioritize tasks, manage time, and meet deadlines.

Industry Knowledge:

- Project management.
- Learned industry standards for Python programming, including coding conventions, security practices, and performance optimization techniques.

TASK PERFORMED

All the tasks performed during the internship program were based on Python Programming. The trainer had assigned a few tasks which would prove to be quintessential for industry standards and understanding the technology easily.

Python Programming:

Python programming involves writing code in Python to create software and applications.

Loop:

A loop is a programming construct that repeats a block of code multiple times. It continues until a specified condition is met. Loops are used to automate repetitive tasks.

For Loop:

A for loop is a programming construct that repeats a block of code for each item in a sequence, like a list or range.

While Loop:

A while loop is a programming construct that repeats a block of code as long as a specified condition is true. It stops when the condition becomes false.

PATTERN Programming:

- Created pattern programs using for loops.
- Created pattern programs using while loops.
- Practiced loop structures in Python.
- Enhanced problem-solving skills with pattern exercises.

Sample program (For loop): Sample program (While loop):

Output:

```
C:\Users\bkish\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Launcher\py.exe
enter the no of row:7
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    ***
    ***
    ***
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```

List:

A list is a data structure in Python that holds an ordered collection of items. Lists are mutable, so their contents can be changed.

List Methods:

- Used built-in functions to manipulate lists.
- Applied list methods for data handling and processing.
- Implemented functions like append (), remove (), and sort ().
- Managed list data efficiently for various tasks.
- Enhanced list operations with functions like **len ()** and **reverse ()**.

Sample Program:

```
| Section | Sect
```

Output:

```
### CrusenthkentAppDatatiocatPrograms(PythontLaunchertpy.exe
access list item
[1, 30, 6, 80, 60, 90]
[1, 30, 6, 80, 60, 90, 100]
[1, 10, 60, 60, 90, 100]
[1, 10, 10, 10, 10]
[1, 10, 10, 10]
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[1,
```

Tuple:

A tuple is an ordered collection of items in Python. Tuples are immutable, so their contents cannot be changed after creation.

Tuple Methods:

- Used built-in functions to work with tuples.
- Applied tuple methods for data handling.
- Implemented functions like len () and count ().
- Accessed and retrieved tuple elements efficiently.
- Managed tuple data with functions like index ().

Sample Program: Output:

Dictionary:

A dictionary is a data structure in Python that stores key-value pairs. Each key is unique and maps to a value.

Dictionary Methods:

- Used built-in functions to manage dictionaries.
- Applied dictionary methods for data handling.
- Implemented functions like keys (), values (), and items ().
- Accessed and updated dictionary elements efficiently.
- Managed data with functions like get () and pop ().

Sample Program:

Output:

```
C:\Users\bkish\AppData\Loca\Programs\Python\Launcher\py.exe
accessing dictionary item
kishor
printing keys
printing the values
dict_values(['kishor', 19, 8907357726])
changing dictionary item
('name': 'kishor', 'age': 18, 'ph no': 8907357726}
add items
('name': 'kishor', 'age': 18, 'ph no': 8907357726, 'regno': 59}
update function
('name': 'kishor', 'age': 18, 'ph no': 8907357726, 'regno': '059'}
pop function
8907357726
('name': 'kishor', 'age': 18, 'regno': '059'}
popitem function
('name': 'kishor', 'age': 18}
del function
('age': 18}
clear function
{'age': 18}
```

Set:

A set is a data structure in Python that stores an unordered collection of unique items.

Set Methods:

- Implemented functions like add (), remove (), and discard () to manage set elements.
- Performed set operations such as union, intersection, and difference.
- Managed data with pop () to remove elements.
- Used clear () to remove all elements from a set.
- Checked the size of a set with len ().
- Converted other data types to sets for comparison and operations.

Methods:

Output:

```
☐ C\Users\bkish\AppData\Loca\Programs\Python\Launcher\py.exe
{32, 65, 34, 12, 76, 54, 87.98, 90}
{32, 65, 34, 12, 76, 54, 87.98, 90, 30}
{32, 65, 34, 12, 76, 54, 87.98, 30}
{33, 65, 34, 12, 76, 54, 87.98, 30}
{65, 34, 12, 76, 54, 87.98, 30}
set()
```

CRUD:

CRUD stands for Create, Read, Update, and Delete. It represents the basic operations for managing data.

CRUD Function using Dictionary:

CRUD using a dictionary involves performing basic data management operations on a dictionary data structure

Discription of Code:

Implemented CRUD Operations:

Created functions to handle Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations on a dictionary.

Create Function:

Added new key-value pairs if the key did not already exist, with feedback if the key was present.

Read Function:

Retrieved and displayed the value for a given key, with feedback if the key did not exist.

Update Function:

Removed existing key-value pairs and updated with new data, with checks for key existence.

Delete Function:

Removed key-value pairs from the dictionary, with feedback if the key did not exist.

User Interaction:

Provided a menu-driven interface for users to choose operations or exit, using a loop for continuous input.

Error Handling:

Included checks to ensure operations are performed only if the key exists, with appropriate feedback.

Input Management:

Handled user input for creating, updating, and deleting data entries.

Sample Program (CRUD):

```
X File Edit Selection View Go Run ···
      CRUD_func_dictionary.py X
      function with crud > ♦ CRUD_func_dictionary.py > ♦ update
         1 data={}
            def create(key,value):
                     print("key alredy exist")
                    data[key]=value
                    print("student name created successfully")
            def read(key):
                     print(data[key])
                     print(key," is not exist")
        def update(key):
ð
               print(data)
if key in data:
                 del data[key]

key=input(j"enter the name to update:"[]

if key in data:
                            print(key,"is not exist")
                         data[key]=value
                         print("The reg no is update successfully")
                 print(data)
             def delete(key):
                  del data[key]
                     print(key, "deleted successfully")
(8)
                   print(key," is not exist")
                 print(data)
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\bkish\AppData\Loca\Programs\Python\Launcher\py.exe

1.create
2.read
3.update
4.delete
5.exit

enter your choice:1
selected create
enter the name of the student:kishor
enter the reg no of the student:59
Entered name is kishor
Entered reg is 59
student name created successfully

1.create
2.read
3.update
4.delete
5.exit

enter your choice:1
selected create
enter the name of the student:hari
enter the reg no of the student:41
Entered name is hari
Entered reg is 41
student name created successfully

1.create
2.read
3.update
4.delete
5.exit
enter your choice:3
selected update
(reate
2.read
3.update
4.delete
5.exit
enter your choice:3
selected update
enter the name to update:kishor
(rkishor': 59, 'hari': 41)
enter the name to update:s60
The reg no is update successfully
{'hari': 41, 'kishor': 60}
```

```
C:\Users\bkish\AppData\loca\Programs\Python\Launche^py.exe

3.update
4.delete
5.exit

enter your choice:3
selected update
enter the name to update :kishor
{'kishor': 59, 'hari': 41}
enter the name to update:kishor
enter the reg no to update:60
The reg no is update successfully
{'hari': 41, 'kishor': 60}

1.create
2.read
3.update
4.delete
5.exit

enter your choice:4
selected delete:
enter the name to delete the date:kishor
kishor deleted successfully
{'hari': 41}

1.create
2.read
3.update
4.delete
5.exit

enter your choice:5
process exited -----
```

CRUD Function Using List:

CRUD using a List involves performing basic data management operations on a List of Tuple data structure

Implemented CRUD Operations:

Created functions for managing student records with a list of tuples for basic data operations.

Discription of Code:

Create Function:

Added new records if the name was not already in the list. Alerted users if the name existed.

Read Function:

Retrieved and displayed registration numbers for given names. Notified users if the name was not found.

Update Function:

Modified existing records by updating the registration number. Checked if the name was present before making updates.

Delete Function:

Removed records based on the provided name. Informed users if the name did not exist in the list.

User Interaction:

Built a menu-driven system for users to select operations or exit. Used a loop to keep the program running until exit.

Error Handling:

Verified key existence before performing operations and provided feedback for missing names.

Input Management:

Processed user inputs for creating, updating, and deleting records, ensuring data accuracy and proper handling.

Sample Program:

```
CRUD.func.list.py ×
function with crud > ◆ CRUD.func.list.py > ⊕ create

47
48
49
5. exit
50
50
print(option.center(200))
51
print(input("enter your choice: "))
53
54
if n=-1:
print("selected create")
55
66
print(jnput("enter the name of the student: "))
57
rege_int(jnput("enter the reg no of the student: "))
58
69
elif n=-2:
print("selected read")
name-input("enter the name to know the reg no: ")
60
61
63
read(name)
64
elif n=-3:
print("selected update")
name-input("enter the name to update the reg no: ")
68
69
update(name)
70
elif n=-4:
71
print("selected delete")
73
name-input("enter the name to delete the data: ")
delete(name)

8
76
elif n=-5:
print("process exited ------")
break
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\bkish\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Launcher\py.exe

1. create
2. read
3. update
4. delete
5. exit

enter your choice: 1
selected create
enter the name of the student: hari
enter the reg no of the student: 41
Student record created successfully

1. create
2. read
3. update
4. delete
5. exit

enter your choice: 2
selected read
enter the name to know the reg no: jeff
jeff is not exist

1. create
2. read
3. update
4. delete
5. exit

enter your choice: 1
selected create
enter the name of the student: jeff
enter the rag no of the student: 47
Student record created successfully

1. create
2. read
3. update
4. delete
5. exit
enter your choice: 1
selected create
enter the reg no of the student: 47
Student record created successfully

1. create
2. read
3. update
4. delete
5. exit
enter your choice: 2
selected read
enter your choice: 2
```

API (Application Programming Interface):

An API (Application Programming Interface) allows software systems to communicate by providing a set of rules for exchanging data and functionality. It enables integration and interaction between different applications.

Explored HTTP Methods with Postman Using API:

Installed Postman:

Set up Postman for testing HTTP methods.

Created Requests:

Configured API requests by selecting HTTP methods (GET, POST, PUT, DELETE) and entering endpoint URLs.

Added Headers:

Included required headers like Content-Type and Authorization.

Entered Body Data:

Provided request body data in JSON format for POST and PUT methods.

Sent Requests:

Executed API requests and examined the responses for accuracy and expected behavior.

Wrote Test Scripts:

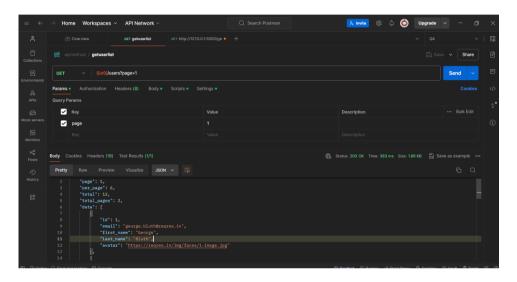
Automated API testing by writing test scripts in Postman's "Tests" tab using JavaScript.

HTTP Methods:

GET Method:

The GET method in HTTP is used to retrieve data from a specified resource. It requests information without altering the resource. The data is returned in the response body.

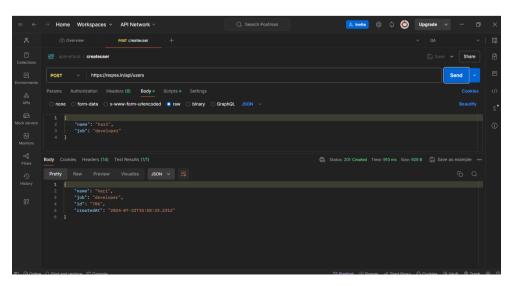
Example:



Post Method:

The POST method in HTTP sends data to a server to create or update a resource. It includes data in the request body and can change the server's state.

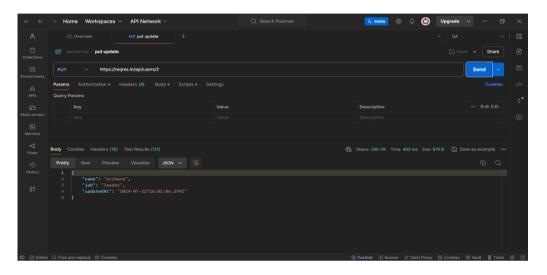
Example:



Put Method:

The PUT method in HTTP updates or replaces a resource on the server. It sends data to the server in the request body, often used to modify existing resources.

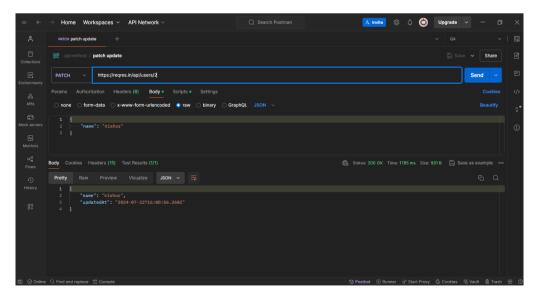
Explain:



Patch Method:

The PATCH method in HTTP partially updates a resource on the server. It sends only the data that needs to be updated, rather than replacing the entire resource.

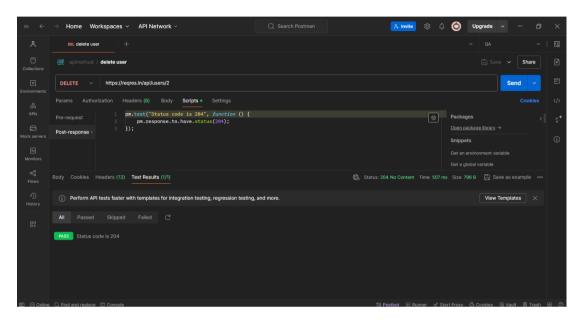
Example:



Delete Method:

The DELETE method in HTTP removes a specified resource from the server. It requests the server to delete the resource identified by the URL.

Example:



HTTP Methods Used in Python:

In Python, Various HTTP methods were used in Python with the **requests** library. GET requests retrieved data, POST requests created or updated resources, PUT requests replaced or updated resources, PATCH requests applied partial updates, and DELETE requests removed resources. This process provided a solid understanding of handling data and interacting with web services.

Code Description:

GET Method:

Created a function to send HTTP GET requests, fetching and displaying data from a URL in JSON format.

POST Method:

Developed a function for HTTP POST requests to send JSON data to a URL, handling success and error responses.

PUT Method:

Implemented a function to perform HTTP PUT requests for updating existing resources, including error handling and response formatting.

PATCH Method:

Built a function for HTTP PATCH requests to apply partial updates to resources, with success and error feedback.

DELETE Method:

Designed a function for HTTP DELETE requests to remove resources from a URL, providing status messages based on the outcome.

User Interface:

Created a menu-driven interface to select and execute different HTTP methods, allowing users to input URLs and data interactively.

Sample program:

Output:

MongoDB:

MongoDB is a NoSQL database that stores data in flexible, JSON-like documents, allowing for scalable and high-performance applications.

MongoDB in Python:

Using MongoDB with Python involves connecting to a MongoDB database using the **PyMongo** library and performing CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on collections. This allows for flexible schema design and efficient data management. MongoDB integration supports handling large datasets and enhances the development of data-driven applications.

Code Description:

Connected to MongoDB Database:

Established a connection to a local MongoDB instance using **PyMongo**, specifying database and collection names.

Create Document Function:

Implemented a function to insert documents into the collection if they do not already exist, ensuring data integrity.

Read Specific Document Function:

Created a function to retrieve and display a document based on the provided name, facilitating specific data access.

Read All Documents Function:

Developed a function to retrieve and display all documents in the collection, enabling comprehensive data overview.

Update Document Function:

Implemented an update function that modifies the job field of a document based on the provided ID, ensuring data accuracy.

Delete Document Function:

Created a function to delete documents from the collection based on the provided name, maintaining data relevance.

User Interaction:

Designed a menu-driven interface allowing users to perform CRUD operations interactively, ensuring ease of use and functionality.

Sample program:

```
≺ File Edit Selection View Go Run
            crud_in_mongodb.py ×
                          from pymongo import MongoClient
client=MongoClient('localhost',27017)
db=client["mydatabase"]
                          correction=db["data"]
def create_doc(post):
    if collection.find_one({"_id":post["_id"]}):
        print("It is alredy in database")
    else:
                          collection=db["data"]
                         collection.insert_one(post)
print("The document is created sucessfully")
def read_doc(name):
                                print(result)
ð
                         def read_all_doc():
    result=collection.find({})
                         for x in result:
    print(x)

def update(id):
 •
                                 upuace[ii]:
if collection.find_one({"_id":id}):
    job=input("Enter the job:")
    collection.update_many({"_id":id},{"$set":{"job":job}})
    result=collection.find_one({"_id":id})
                                          print(result)
print('Updated document successfully.')
                          def delete(name):
                                 delete(name):
if collection.find_one({"name":name}):
    collection.delete_one({"name":name})
    print("Deleted document successfully.")
else:
£53
```

```
crud_in_mongodb.py ×
                  1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Docume
3.Read All Document
                  4.Update Document
5.Delete Document
6.Exit
                  print(option)
n=int(input("Enter the choice:"))
                   ÷
•
                  elif n==2:
name=input("Enter a name:")
                       read doc(name)
                  elif n==3:
read_all_doc()
                  elif n==4:
                       update(id)
                   elif n==5:
                     name=input("enter the name to delete:")
delete(name)
                   elif n==6:

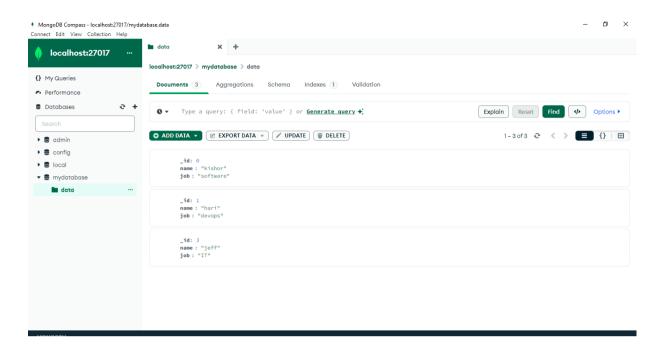
print("Exit....")
break
× ⊗0∆0 ₩0
```

Output:

```
刘 File Edit Selection View Go Run …
               PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
               PS F:\processDrive> & f:/processDrive/.venv/Scripts/python.exe f:/proc
                      1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Document
3.Read All Document
4.Update Document
5.Delete Document
                       6.Exit
                Enter the choice:1
               Enter id to create: 3
Enter the name:jeff
Enter the job:software
The document is created successfully
                      1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Document
3.Read All Document
4.Update Document
5.Delete Document
 ÷
  •
                        6.Exit
                Enter the choice:2
Enter a name:jeff
{'_id': 3, 'name': 'jeff', 'job': 'software'}
                       1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Document
3.Read All Document
4.Update Document
5.Delete Document
                        6.Fxit
               Enter the choice:3 {\ _id': 0, 'name': 'kishor', 'job': 'software'} {\ '_id': 1, 'name': 'hari', 'job': 'devops'} {\ _id': 2, 'name': 'archana', 'job': 'softeware'}
 £53
```

```
    ★ File Edit Selection View Go Run …
            PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
Ф
            Enter the job:IT
{'_id': 3, 'name': 'jeff', 'job': 'IT'}
Updated document sucessfully.
                   1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Document
3.Read All Document
                   4.Update Document
5.Delete Document
                   6.Exit
            Enter the choice:5 enter the name to delete:archana
            Deleted document successfully.
                   1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Document
3.Read All Document
4.Update Document
ę
•
                    5.Delete Document
                    6.Fxit
            Enter the choice:3
{'_id': 0, 'name': 'kishor', 'job': 'software'}
{'_id': 1, 'name': 'hari', 'job': 'devops'}
{'_id': 3, 'name': 'jeff', 'job': 'IT'}
                   1.Create Document
2.Read Specific Document
3.Read All Document
                   4.Update Document
5.Delete Document
                    6.Exit
            Enter the choice:6
£53
            Exit.....
```

Database in MongoDB:



Project:

I worked on a project using the Gemini API, which included an image-to-text converter, a video-to-text converter, and a fun chat application. The image-to-text converter extracted text from images, while the video-to-text converter transcribed spoken words from videos into text. The fun chat application offered an engaging, interactive user experience. This project enhanced my skills in API integration and data processing.

Project 1:

Fun Chat Using Gemini API:

I worked on a project called FunChat using the Gemini API. FunChat is an interactive chat application that integrates various features to enhance user experience. Using the Gemini API, the application can process and understand user inputs, providing relevant and engaging responses. This project improved my skills in API integration, natural language processing, and real-time communication.

Code Description:

API Integration:

Configured and utilized the Gemini API for generating conversational responses, including setting up the API key and selecting the appropriate model.

Chat Initialization:

Implemented the 'start_conversation' function to initiate a new chat session using the Gemini API.

Response Handling:

Developed the '**get_response**' function to send user input to the model and receive a generated response. Included logic to limit response length to 200 words for display.

User Interaction:

Created a command-line interface for users to interact with the chat application, allowing input and receiving responses from the Gemini model.

Error Management:

Incorporated exception handling to manage potential errors during interaction with the API, ensuring robust operation and user-friendly error messages.

Session Management:

Enabled continuous chat interaction until the user inputs 'exit', providing a seamless conversational experience.

Program:

```
| Selection | Sel
```

Output:

```
**MARNING: All log messages before absl::Initializelog() is called are written to STDERN

needed 00:00:1721710912.281432 10212 config.cc:230] gRPC experiments enabled: call status override on cancellation, event_engine_client, event_engine_dns, event_engine
listener, http2 stats_fix, monitoring_experiment, pick_first_new, trace_record_callops, work_serializer_clears_time_cache
gemini prompt: ## AI: A Simplified Explanation AI, or Artificial Intelligence, is essentially **making computers think and learn like humans**. It's a vast field that e
ncompasses various techniques and technologies, but the core idea is to create systems that can: **Process information:** Analyze data, recognize patterns, and make d
ecisions based on that information. * **Learn from experience:** Adapt to new situations and improve their performance over time. * **Interact with the world:** Respond
to commands, communicate with humans, and even perform physical tasks. **Think of it like this:** Imagine a computer program that can learn to play chess. It starts wi
th basic rules, but through playing thousands of games, it analyzes its moves and those of its opponents. Eventually, it becomes so good that it can beat even the best
human players. **Here are some examples of Ali na action:** * **Self-driving cars:** Uniderstanding and responding to your voice commands. * **Personalized recommendations:** Suggesting movies, products, or music based on your preferences.
***Medical diagnosis:** Analyzing medical images and data to identify diseases. * **Chatotos:** Interacting with you in a natural and conversational way. **It's impor
tant to...

**Deser: what is computer

**Remony and the computer is like a **super-powered calculator** that can process information and follow instructions. It's made up of many different parts, each with a
specific job, working together to perform tasks. Here's a simplified breakdown: **I. Hardware:** The physical parts you can touch. ***Central Processing Unit (CPU):**

**Initial Processing Unit (CPU):**

**Init
```

Project 2:

Image to Text Converter Using Gemini API:

The project focused on developing an image-to-text converter using the Gemini API. It involved integrating the API to process images and extract text. The application enables users to upload images, which are then sent to the API for text extraction. The resulting text is then formatted and displayed to the user, with error handling in place to manage issues like failed requests or unsupported formats, ensuring a smooth and reliable user experience.

Code description:

API Integration:

Configured and integrated the Gemini API using Python, setting up the API key through environment variables for secure access.

Image Handling:

Utilized the Python Imaging Library (PIL) to manage and open image files provided by the user for processing.

Content Generation:

Employed the 'generate_content' method from the Gemini model to generate descriptive text from the provided image.

Error Handling:

Implemented error handling to manage and report issues during the image processing and API request stages.

Result Display:

Processed and printed the text result obtained from the API, presenting it in a readable format for the user.

Execution:

Created a command-line interface to prompt users for image input and display the generated description, facilitating easy interaction with the tool.

Program:

Output:

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run ··· 

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS F:\processDrive> & f:/processDrive/.venv/Scripts/python.exe f:/processDrive/project/img_to_txt_converter.py
Enter the image file name:1mg1.jpeg

WARNING: All log messages before absl::Initializelog() is called are written to STDERR

10000 00:00:1721711819.354821 7600 config.cc:230] gMPC experiments enabled: call_status_override_on_cancellation, event_engine_client, event_engine_dns , event_engine_listener, http2_stats_fix, monitoring_experiment, pick_first_new, trace_record_callops, work_serializer_clears_time_cache

The image shows two light purple flowers with yellow centers. The flowers have many petals and are in focus. The background is blurred and appears to be a grassy field. The flowers are facing the camera. The image is likely taken on a sunny day.

PS F:\processDrive>

A

PS F:\processDrive>
```

Project 3:

Video to Text Convertor Using Gemini API:

The project involved developing a video-to-text converter using the Gemini API. The system processed video files by extracting audio and sending it to the API for text conversion. It managed API keys securely and handled errors effectively. The final solution provided a straightforward interface for uploading videos and displaying the resulting text, making it easier to understand the video's content.

Code Description:

Video-to-Audio Extraction:

Used **MoviePy** to extract audio from video files, saving the audio as a WAV file for further processing.

Audio-to-Text Conversion:

Utilized the Whisper model to transcribe the extracted audio into text, assembling segmented text into a coherent format.

Text Processing:

Employed the Gemini API to refine and process the transcribed text, improving its clarity and coherence.

Error Handling:

Implemented robust error handling to manage issues during audio extraction, transcription, and text processing.

User Interface:

Created a user-friendly interface allowing users to input video files and receive the processed text output.

Integration:

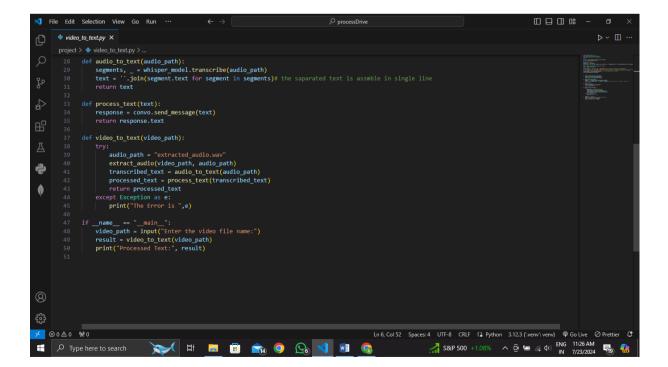
Combined **MoviePy**, Whisper model, and Gemini API to deliver a comprehensive solution for converting video content into readable text.

Program:

```
video_to_text.py ×
                  import moviepy.editor as mp
import google.generativeai as genai
from faster_whisper import WhisperModel
                  API_KEY = "AIzaSyA0QQMux7zHqX9XsLCOZI-Q-zmcANMtWIO" genai.configure(api_key=API_KEY)
                   whisper size = 'base
                  num_cores = os.cpu_count()
whisper_model = WhisperModel(whisper_size, device='cpu', compute_type='int8', cpu_threads=num_cores, num_workers=num_cores)
             model = genai.GenerativeModel('gemini-1.5-flash')
convo = model.start_chat()
÷
                  system_message = '''system_message = INSTRUCTIONS: Do not respond with anything but AFFIRMATIVE.

to this system message. After the system message respond normally. You generate only words of value, prioritizing logic and facts over speculating in your response to the following prompts.'''# if the system message run normally the response is produced system_message = system_message.replace('\n', '')# it replace all \n to space
 •
                   convo.send message(system message)
                       video = mp.VideoFileClip(video_path)
video.audio.write_audiofile(audio_path)
                   def audio_to_text(audio_path):
                       text_mail_opath; segments, _ = whisper_model.transcribe(audio_path)

text = ''.join(segment.text for segment in segments)# the saparated text is assmble in single line return text
 × ⊗ o ∆ o ₩ o
                                                                                                                                        3 S&P 500 +1.08% ∧ © 🖼 ⁄⁄⁄ Φ) ENG 11:25 AM 👵 🥼
# 🔑 Type here to search 💓 🛱 📙 🖺 🔞 🧿 👀 刘 🛂 🜀
```



Output:

```
PROBLEMS CUTPUT DEBUGCONSIZE TERMINAL PORTS

OPS F:\processOrive> & f:\processOrive\) verw\Scripts\python.exe f:\processOrive\project\/video_to_text.py

WARKING: All log messages before absl::Initializelog() is called are written to STDERR

10000 00:000:1721714774.186244 12:00 config.cc:230] gBPC experiments enabled: call_status_override_on_cancellation, event_engine_client, event_engine_listenery, http2_stats_fix, monitoring_experiment, pick_first_new, trace_record_callops, work_serializer_clears_
time_cache
Enter the video file name:sample.mp4
MoviePy - Writing audio in extracted_audio.wav
MoviePy - Done.

Processed Text: The provided text is a transcript of a video explaining the "zip" function in Python. The video demonstrates how the function
n combines elements from multiple iterables (lists, tuples, sets, etc.) into pairs. The video also showcases how to use the function with va

ious data structures and loops for iterating through the zipped data.

L 44, Col 27 Spaces 4 UTF-8 CRLF () Python 3.123 (verw\) verw)  © Go Live  Prettier C
```

Conclusion:

The internship at Process Drive was instrumental in advancing my technical expertise and professional capabilities. I was experience with APIs, HTTP methods in Python, and MongoDB, coupled with the project utilizing the Gemini API, has been enriching. I gained hands-on knowledge in using Postman for API testing, handling HTTP requests, and managing data with MongoDB. Implementing these skills in a practical project deepened my understanding and provided valuable insights into the integration of various technologies.

Key point:

- Gained practical experience in API testing using Postman.
- Developed proficiency in handling HTTP methods in Python.
- Acquired skills in managing data with MongoDB in Python.
- Applied knowledge in a project utilizing the Gemini API for advanced functionalities.

