

create database BANK;

use BANK;

CREATE TABLE ATM (ATMNAME VARCHAR(50),USERNAME VARCHAR(50),PIN VARCHAR(50),MOBILE INT(10));

DROP TABLE ATM;

describe BANK;

-- drop table ATM;

insert into ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,PIN,MOBILE)value('IOB','Maniraj','0405',123456);

insert into ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,PIN,MOBILE)value('SBI','Ramana','5839',287397);

insert into ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,PIN,MOBILE)value('IOB','vallal','9626',827342);

select \* FROM ATM;

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The top pane displays a series of SQL queries: creating a database, using it, creating a table, dropping it, describing it, dropping it again, inserting three rows, and finally selecting all rows. The bottom pane shows the results of the last query in a table grid. The table has four columns: ATMNAME, USERNAME, PIN, and MOBILE. It contains three rows of data. Below the table grid, the 'Output' tab is active, showing a log of actions and messages, including an error message about SQL syntax.

```
1. create database BANK;
2. use BANK;
3. CREATE TABLE ATM (ATMNAME VARCHAR(50),USERNAME VARCHAR(50),PIN VARCHAR(50),MOBILE INT(10));
4. DROP TABLE ATM;
5. describe BANK;
6. -- drop table ATM;
7. insert into ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,PIN,MOBILE)value('IOB','Maniraj','0405',123456);
8. insert into ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,PIN,MOBILE)value('SBI','Ramana','5839',287397);
9. insert into ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,PIN,MOBILE)value('IOB','vallal','9626',827342);
10. select * FROM ATM;
```

ATMNAME	USERNAME	PIN	MOBILE
IOB	Maniraj	0405	123456
SBI	Ramana	5839	287397
IOB	vallal	9626	827342

Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
21	20:04:07	SELECT * FROM ATM	Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '' at line 1	0.000 sec
22	20:05:15	select * FROM ATM LIMIT 0.1000	3 row(s) returned	0.015 sec / 0.000 sec

```

package JDBC;
import java.sql.Connection;

import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws
ClassNotFoundException,SQLException {
        insert();
        select();
    }
    static void insert() throws ClassNotFoundException ,SQLException{
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
        System.out.println("connect");

        Connection con=
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/BANK","root","mani
raj2k02");
        Statement s=con.createStatement();

        System.out.println("statement connect created");
        int r=s.executeUpdate("insert into
ATM(ATMNAME,USERNAME,pin,MOBILE)value('sbi','mani','989898',565466);");
        System.out.println("VALUE WAS INSERTED");
        //Statement statement = con.createStatement();
    }
    public static void select() throws ClassNotFoundException
,SQLException{
        Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
        System.out.println("connect");

        Connection con=
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/BANK","root","mani
raj2k02");
        Statement s=con.createStatement();
        ResultSet rs =s.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM atm;");
        while (rs.next()) {
            // Iterate over each row in the result set
            for (int i = 1; i <= rs.getMetaData().getColumnCount();
i++) {
                // Iterate over each column in the current row
                System.out.println(rs.getString(i));
            }
        }
    }
}

```

