## Measuring the correlation time

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## Compute

$$\tau_{\mathbf{u}^2}(t) = \int_0^t \langle \mathbf{u}(t) \cdot \mathbf{u}(t') \rangle \, \mathrm{d}t' / \langle \mathbf{u}^2 \rangle. \tag{1}$$

$$\tau_{\boldsymbol{\omega}\cdot\boldsymbol{u}}(t) = \int_0^t \langle \boldsymbol{\omega}(t) \cdot \boldsymbol{u}(t') \rangle \,\mathrm{d}t' / \langle \boldsymbol{\omega} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} \rangle. \tag{2}$$

$$\tau_{\boldsymbol{u}\cdot\boldsymbol{\omega}}(t) = \int_0^t \langle \boldsymbol{u}(t)\cdot\boldsymbol{\omega}(t')\rangle \,\mathrm{d}t'/\langle \boldsymbol{\omega}\cdot\boldsymbol{u}\rangle.$$
 (3)

$$\tau_{\boldsymbol{u}\cdot\boldsymbol{\omega}}(t) = \left\langle \boldsymbol{u}(t) \cdot \int_0^t \boldsymbol{\omega}(t') \, \mathrm{d}t' \right\rangle / \langle \boldsymbol{\omega} \cdot \boldsymbol{u} \rangle. \tag{4}$$

see Figure 1 for a case where  $k_{\rm f}=10$  and  $u_{\rm rms}=0.1$ .  $\langle u^2 \rangle$ 

$$\tau(t,k) = \int_0^t \operatorname{Sp}_k \left[ \boldsymbol{u}(t), \boldsymbol{u}(t') \right] \, \mathrm{d}t' / \langle F(k) \rangle, \qquad (5)$$

where  $\operatorname{Sp}(a,b) = a_k b_b^* + \text{c.c.}$  and F(k) is the helicity spectrum.

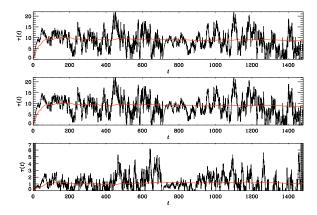


Figure 1: pcortime