

Online Java Compiler IDE

For Multiple Files, Custom Library and File Read/Write, use our new - Advanced Java IDE

```
1
    import java.util.Arrays;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    import java.util.stream.Collectors;
    import java.util.stream.IntStream;
    // we are going to create a simple 2-players Connect Four implementation in Java 8
    public class AOStar ConnectFour
 8
 9
10
      // we define characters for players (R for Red, Y for Yellow)
      private static final char[] PLAYERS = {'R', 'Y'};
      // dimensions for our board
13
      private final int width, height;
      // grid for the board
15
      private final char[][] grid;
16
      // we store last move made by a player
17
      private int lastCol = -1, lastTop = -1;
18
19
      public AOStar ConnectFour(int w, int h) {
20
        width = w;
21
        height = h;
22
        grid = new char[h][];
23
        // init the grid will blank cell
24
25
        for (int i = 0; i < h; i++) {
26
           Arrays.fill(grid[i] = new char[w], '.');
27
28
      }
29
      // we use Streams to make a more concise method
30
31
      // for representing the board
32
      @Override
33
      public String toString() {
34
        return IntStream.range(0, width).
35
                mapToObj(Integer::toString).
36
                collect(Collectors.joining()) +
37
                "\n" +
38
                Arrays.stream(grid).
39
                map(String::new).
40
                collect(Collectors.joining("\n"));
41
42
43
      // get string representation of the row containing
      // the last play of the user
45
      public String horizontal() {
46
        return new String(grid[lastTop]);
47
      // get string representation fo the col containing
      // the last play of the user
51
      public String vertical() {
        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(height);
52
        for (int h = 0; h < height; h++) {</pre>
55
           sb.append(grid[h][lastCol]);
56
57
58
        return sb.toString();
59
```

```
// get string representation of the "/" diagonal
61
62
       // containing the last play of the user
 63
       public String slashDiagonal() {
 64
         StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(height);
 65
 66
         for (int h = 0; h < height; h++) {</pre>
 67
           int w = lastCol + lastTop - h;
 68
 69
           if (0 <= w && w < width) {
             sb.append(grid[h][w]);
 70
 71
 72
         }
 73
 74
         return sb.toString();
 75
 76
 77
       // get string representation of the "\"
 78
        // diagonal containing the last play of the user
       public String backslashDiagonal() {
 79
 80
         StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(height);
 81
 82
         for (int h = 0; h < height; h++) {</pre>
83
           int w = lastCol - lastTop + h;
84
85
           if (0 <= w && w < width) {
86
              sb.append(grid[h][w]);
87
88
89
 90
         return sb.toString();
91
 92
93
       // static method checking if a substring is in str
 94
       public static boolean contains(String str, String substring) {
 95
         return str.indexOf(substring) >= 0;
96
 97
98
       // now, we create a method checking if last play is a winning play
99
       public boolean isWinningPlay() {
100
         if (lastCol == -1) {
           System.err.println("No move has been made yet");
101
102
           return false;
         }
103
104
105
         char sym = grid[lastTop][lastCol];
106
         // winning streak with the last play symbol
107
         String streak = String.format("%c%c%c%c", sym, sym, sym, sym);
108
109
         // check if streak is in row, col,
         // diagonal or backslash diagonal
110
         return contains(horizontal(), streak) ||
111
                 contains(vertical(), streak) ||
112
113
                 contains(slashDiagonal(), streak) ||
114
                 contains(backslashDiagonal(), streak);
115
       }
116
117
       // prompts the user for a column, repeating until a valid choice is made
118
       public void chooseAndDrop(char symbol, Scanner input) {
119
            System.out.println("\nPlayer " + symbol + " turn: ");
120
           int col = input.nextInt();
121
122
123
           // check if column is ok
124
           if (!(0 <= col && col < width)) {
125
              System.out.println("Column must be between 0 and " + (width - 1));
126
              continue;
127
128
129
            // now we can place the symbol to the first
130
            // available row in the asked column
```

```
Online Java Compiler - Online Java Editor - Java Code Online
5/12/22, 1:15 PM
         131
                     for (int h = height - 1; h >= 0; h--) {
         132
                       if (grid[h][col] == '.') {
         133
                         grid[lastTop = h][lastCol = col] = symbol;
         134
                         return;
         135
                       }
         136
                     }
         137
         138
                     // if column is full ==> we need to ask for a new input
                     System.out.println("Column " + col + " is full.");
         139
         140
                   } while (true);
         141
         142
         143
                 public static void main(String[] args) {
         144
                   // we assemble all the pieces of the puzzle for
                   // building our Connect Four Game
         145
         146
                   try (Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in)) {
         147
                      // we define some variables for our game like
         148
                     // dimensions and nb max of moves
         149
                     int height = 6; int width = 8; int moves = height * width;
         150
         151
                      // we create the AOStar ConnectFour instance
         152
                     AOStar ConnectFour board = new AOStar ConnectFour(width, height);
         153
         154
                     // we explain users how to enter their choices
         155
                      System.out.println("Use 0-" + (width - 1) + " to choose a column");
         156
                      // we display initial board
         157
                     System.out.println(board);
         158
         159
                     // we iterate until max nb moves be reached
         160
                      // simple trick to change player turn at each iteration
                     for (int player = 0; moves-- > 0; player = 1 - player) {
         161
                       // symbol for current player
         162
         163
                        char symbol = PLAYERS[player];
         164
                        // we ask user to choose a column
         165
                       board.chooseAndDrop(symbol, input);
         166
         167
         168
                        // we display the board
                        System.out.println(board);
         169
         170
                       // we need to check if a player won. If not,
         171
                       // we continue, otherwise, we display a message
         172
         173
                       if (board.isWinningPlay()) {
                          System.out.println("\nPlayer " + symbol + " wins!");
         174
         175
                          return;
         176
                        }
         177
                     }
         178
         179
                     System.out.println("Game over. No winner. Try again!");
         180
                   }
         181
                 }
```

Execute Mode, Version, Inputs & Arguments

CommandLine Arguments

Result

182

3

compiled and executed in 84.404 sec(s)

```
Use 0-7 to choose a column 01234567 ......
```

```
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
Player R turn:
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
....R...
Player Y turn:
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
...YR...
Player R turn:
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
....R...
...YR...
Player Y turn:
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
....R...
..YYR...
Player R turn:
4
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
....R...
....R...
..YYR...
Player Y turn:
2
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
....R...
..Y.R...
..YYR...
Player R turn:
01234567
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .
....R...
```

....R... ..Y.R... ..YYR...

Player R wins!

Note:

- 1. For file operations upload files using upload button . Files will be upload to /uploads folder. You can read those files in program from /uploads folder. To write a file from your program, write files to '/myfiles' folder. Please note the uploaded files stored in the server only for the current session.
- 2. For detailed documentation check Our Documentation, or check our Youtube channel.

Thanks for using our

Online Java Compiler IDE

to execute your program





Know Your JDoodle

- JDoodle Supports 76+ Languages with Multiple Versions and 2 DBs. Click here to see all.
- Fullscreen side-by-side code and output is available. click the "[]" icon near execute button to switch.
- Dark Theme available. Click on "•••" icon near execute button and select dark theme.
- You can embed code from JDoodle directly into your website/blog. Click here to know more.
- JDoodle offers an API service. You can execute programs just by calling our API.

JDoodle For Your Organisation

- Do you have any specific compiler requirements?
- Do you want to integrate compilers with your website, webapp, mobile app, courses?
- Do you need more than our **Embed** and **API** features?
- Looking for Multiple Files, Connecting to DB, Debugging, etc.?
- Are you building any innovative solution for your students or recruitment?
- Want to run JDoodle in-house?
- Custom Domain, White labelled pages for your institute?

Click here to know more.

- If you like JDoodle, Please share us in Social Media. Click here to share.
- Check our **Documentation Page** for more info.

JDoodle is serving the programming community since 2013

Contact us - We are happy to help!